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BRITAIN AND THE U. S. AS PEACEMAKERS OF WORLD URGED TO ACT

(Continued from Page One.)

branches of our English-speaking race should follow their example.

"The obstacle in our path hitherto has been the desire of nations to sit in judgment in their own cause, a practice which would condemn any judge to infamy. The man who sits in judgment in his own cause violates the first principles of natural justice and is dishonored. So doing nations be who insist upon doing so."

After lauding the President's policy of "urging peaceful settlement of international disputes by treaties between nations agreeing to submit all disputes to arbitration," Mr. Carnegie said:

"Why should not the committee Congress asked the President to appoint be instructed to ascertain whether the rulers and statesmen, who repeatedly express ardent desires for international peace, are in earnest by bringing the proposed treaties to their attention."

"We believe that Britain is prepared to follow. We think France would also. If any other lands are not, then the committee has so to report. We shall then know the genuine peace powers and also the others, if any—an important discovery."

"We must look above the mere money cost of war to effect its abandonment. As long as the yearly increase of the national wealth of the nations is so enormous that means will always be forthcoming for war."

In concluding he mentioned the \$10,000,000 donation to the cause of universal peace, doing so seemingly with a desire to hurry past the point. Mr. Carnegie adheres to his previous position that since he had turned the bonds over to the trustees he had done his part and that the question of the administration of the vast trust was in their hands alone.

Ambassador De la Barra of Mexico, Senator Elihu Root, Justice William R. Riddle of the King's bench division of the high court of justice of Ontario, Dr. Benjamin Ide Wheeler, president of the University of California; the Hon. John W. Foster, ex-minister to China and secretary of state in the cabinet of President Harrison, and James Brown

PLEASERS FRENCH LEADERS

PARIS—Leaders of the peace movement in France, like Leon Bourgeois and Baron D'Estournelles De Constant, express profound gratification over the Carnegie peace foundation.

Baron D'Estournelles is especially enthusiastic. He has always contended that the United States should show the way to universal peace to Europe, and he is arranging for an extensive lecture tour of the western universities in the United States in the interest of the peace propaganda.

CANADA WILL URGE PEACE PACT ON U. S. AND GREAT BRITAIN

OTTAWA, Ont.—Canada will take the initiative in an effort to have a permanent peace treaty made between Great Britain and the United States.

As soon as Parliament reassembles a resolution will be introduced urging the British government to take immediate steps to make a compact with the United States which will forever prevent a war in the settlement of a dispute between these two great English-speaking countries.

Procedure requires that the resolution be introduced by a private member and not by a minister. However, the resolution will be presented by the direction of the government and will have the unanimous support of both the Liberals and the Conservatives. Not a voice will be raised against it and it will be transmitted to Westminster as the united voice of Canada expressed in the Dominion Parliament.

Sir Frederick Borden, Canadian minister of militia, who holds the war portfolio of the Dominion, speaking of this proposal, said:

"Every member of the Canadian government, and I am sure every member of the British government, will welcome any arrangement which will forever make war impossible between Great Britain and the United States. For my own part, I see no reason why such an understanding should not be speedily reached. In fact, I do not see why it has not been reached before."

"With such an understanding between the two countries, which are the most powerful in the world, a long step would be taken toward the establishment of universal and perpetual peace. The movement has my most hearty support."

SQUARE DEAL FOR THE ARMY IS ASKED

(Continued from Page One.)

in the field equipped and organized along military lines. If this be "cowardice," count me a "coward."

Pacific Coast to Ask Help

WASHINGTON—In order to impress upon Congress the necessity of strengthening the defenses of the Pacific coast, Representative Humphreys has called a meeting of the congressional delegation from the coast to be held tonight. He said that he believed that now was the proper time to appeal for fortifications there and that the meeting would not be for war scare talk.

"The secretary of war expresses an opinion which has been known to every man on the Pacific coast for years," Mr. Humphreys said. "Our people on the Pacific slope have been crying for defense absolutely unheeded. An invading force once landed from Puget sound could capture the fortifications about Seattle, from the land side; tie up that territory from communications from the outside world and devastate that part of the Northwest. It would take a big force many months to dislodge them."

JUNIOR CLASS RECEPTION.

Boston University junior class gives its reception to the freshmen this evening in the Gamma Delta room. The committee in charge consists of Chairman S. O. Pecker, Misses Mabel Page, Edna Baldwin and Agnes Johnson.

LEXINGTON D. A. R. MEETS.

LEXINGTON, Mass.—Mme. Finlay Stewart sang at the meeting of the local chapter, D. A. R., at the residence of Mrs. Borden Hall, 73 Mountfort street, Thursday afternoon. Mrs. Edward Harold Crosby, regent, presided.

W. J. BRYAN ACCUSES MR. TAFT OF LEANING TO SPECIAL INTERESTS

LINCOLN, Neb.—"The President's annual message is notable for its length," says W. J. Bryan in the Commoner today. "If Mr. Taft's sympathies with the special interests had not already been made known to the people the message would be notable for its distinct leanings toward the very system the people are seeking to regulate—the system against whose encroachments upon popular government the people have but recently rendered an explicit verdict."

"He pleads for ship subsidy, which is in principle antagonized by the progressive thought of all political parties. He recommends national incorporation, which would ultimately remove all state control over corporations, centralizing that control in the federal government and making it more difficult than ever for the people to hold corporation agents to account or obtain relief from corporate impositions."

"He declares that there should be no more legislation with respect to corporate regulation, giving the laws already on the statute books an opportunity to demonstrate their usefulness."

"It may not be out of place to say right here that if the President would put the prestige of his high office and the great power he holds behind the criminal clause of the Sherman law, enforcing that clause against the chiefs of all the great trusts, it is reasonable to believe that the people would obtain immediate relief so far as exactions at the hands of these trust magnates are concerned."

"The message indicates that Mr. Taft has failed to make profitable study of the returns from the recent election. It shows that at any gathering of any loyal standpatters Mr. Taft is entitled to a seat at the head of the table. It proves beyond reasonable doubt that he is the logical candidate of the Republican party for the presidency in 1912 because he stands unflinchingly for present day Hamiltonism and present day Hamiltonism out-Hamiltons Hamilton for it would lead the American people upon ground so absurdly aristocratic that even Hamilton would have avoided it."

MR. FOSS' FREE FOOD POLICY IS CRITICIZED BY SENATOR YOUNG

WASHINGTON—Senator Young of Iowa, a member of Congress for 10 days, who spoke yesterday against Senator Cummins' concurrent resolution changing the rules of the Senate and House so as to permit revision of the Payne-Aldrich tariff law schedule by schedule, said that under the McKinley tariff law Iowa and Massachusetts had entered into a copartnership which had proved unsatisfactory to the New England state when Iowa had begun to reap her share of the benefit.

This opposition had culminated when Mr. Foss won his election for Governor on a platform declaring for free food products by reciprocity with Canada.

"I wish he'd come to Iowa and present that contention," said the speaker. "I'd be elected to the Senate. Otherwise the possibilities are very remote."

He contended that the adoption of the Foss platform would place Massachusetts on the same plane as Japan and China, for if the farmer were to receive no protection the farmers would go to the cheapest market for what they buy. He thought the tariff debate should be shut off.

Demanding to know who was dissatisfied with the tariff, the senator declared the time had come to end the tariff discussion. He agreed with President Taft, he said, that the country needed a rest.

He concluded by urging the Republicans to respond to the call of the President to rally to one standard.

WINTER CONCERT OF TECH SINGERS

The first winter concert of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology by the combined musical clubs and the newly formed Technology orchestra will be given tonight in Copley hall. Over 150 tickets for the concert have been sold in advance.

The patronesses will be Mrs. Richard C. MacLaurin, Mrs. Alfred K. Burton, Mrs. A. L. Merrill, Mrs. H. P. Talbot and Mrs. Harry W. Gardner.

MR. WHITE REVIEWS MR. LODGE'S RECORD IN SENATOR'S FAVOR

(Continued from Page One.)

just returned from Washington, declares the prevailing feeling at the national capital regarding the senatorial situation in Massachusetts is that a failure to reelect Senator Lodge would be a great loss to the nation. Mr. Bates said:

"Senator Lodge's long service and his eminent ability have won for him friends in both parties in the national councils and so far as I have heard there is a unanimity of sentiment there that his defeat, irrespective of the ability of his successor, would be a distinct loss to the state and the nation."

Senator Lodge's letter of acceptance to the invitation to speak at a mass meeting of legislators and citizens on the question of his candidacy for reelection was made public today. It was addressed to the Hon. Allen T. Treadway, the Hon. Joseph Walker, George L. Barnes, Charles H. Brown, Grafton D. Cushing, Charles L. Underhill, James Cavanaugh and others and read as follows:

"Gentlemen—I have received your letter of Dec. 12 asking me to address a mass meeting composed of citizens of the commonwealth and members-elect of the Great and General Court at some convenient date prior to the convening of the Legislature. You ask me to speak at that meeting upon the questions involved in the coming election of a United States senator from Massachusetts."

"I had not intended, nor did I desire, to speak at all in connection with my own candidacy for reelection as a senator of the United States. I should much prefer to let my record for service speak for me and simply to ask for it the considerate judgment of the Legislature and of my fellow citizens whom the senators and representatives in the great and general court represent."

"But I regard the invitation with which you have honored me as a duty and accept it. I will speak at such time and place as you may deem best, but will take the liberty of suggesting the evening of Jan. 3, 1911, as a date convenient to me, if it will be equally agreeable to you."

"With many thanks for the honor you have done me, I am very truly yours,"

"H. C. LODGE."

Gov.-elect Eugene N. Foss arrived in Boston early today from New York, where he spoke at the dinner of the National Democratic Club at the Waldorf-Astoria. He went immediately to his place of business in Oliver street to confer with his secretary, Dudley M. Holman, who is assisting Mr. Foss with the preparation of his inaugural.

Recounts at Woburn

WOBURN, Mass.—Harold P. Johnson, the Republican candidate for mayor at the city election Tuesday, today filed a petition for a recount of the mayoralty vote. The recount will be started Monday night. According to the returns Mr. Johnson was defeated by his Democratic opponent, Mayor Hugh D. Murray, by 28 ballots.

There will also be a recount of the vote for alderman in ward 4, where William G. Kelly, Democrat, was reported to have won over C. Bertrand Strout, Republican, by a single vote.

Withdraws Resignation

HAVERHILL—Alderman Joe W. Bean has withdrawn his resignation as a member of the aldermanic board and has consented to serve the remainder of his term which extends to January, 1912. Had Mr. Bean carried out his determination a special election, entailing considerable expense, would have been necessary.

Filing Time Near End

Nomination papers must be filed with the election commissioners before 5 o'clock tonight. All candidates are rushing to get their papers certified before the time set for closing.

The three candidates of the Citizens Municipal League each have 10,000 names. The commissioners are only certifying up to 6000, however.

TEXAS BANK IS CLOSED.

WASHINGTON—The Farmers & Merchants' National Bank of Anson, Tex., has been closed by its directors and a national bank examiner placed in charge. The bank has a paid up capital of \$30,000 and deposits of about \$171,400.

BAY STATE MAN FOR CONSUL.

WASHINGTON—The President today nominated to be consul-general, W. Stanley Hollis, Massachusetts, at Beirut, Turkey.

SWAMPSCOTT WANTS THE B. & M. TO BUILD NEW RAILROAD DEPOT

SWAMPSCOTT, Mass.—New projects of the Boston & Maine railroad have revived interest in the agitation for a station here.

The structure now in use is a low-studded, wooden affair with limited accommodations and wholly inadequate to meet the needs of a rapidly growing residential community. It was built over 40 years ago when the need of shelter and ticket office facilities on both sides of the road was not so pronounced as at the present time.

Several times the matter has been agitated, but to no purpose. With extensive grade and track changes contemplated, which will necessitate a change in the location of the depot, the proposed improvement seems likely to materialize.

Swampscott people also desire the company to establish another station in town, on the Marblehead branch, to accommodate patrons from the ocean front hotels, a mile from the present depot, and hundreds of property owners on the rapidly developing Stetson and Mudge estates. There is now no station between Swampscott station and Phillips Beach, both depots being at extreme ends of the town and a considerable distance from the residential and business centers.

It is generally understood that plans for a new Swampscott station have already been prepared by the railroad's engineering department.

ANCIENTS PLAN FRATERNAL VISIT

Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston will probably send representatives as guests to the celebration of the three hundred and seventy-fifth anniversary of the Honorable Artillery Company of London 18 months hence, according to an announcement by Col. Sidney Hedges Thursday evening at the dinner in the Quincy house at the Ten of Us Club.

Col. Curtis Guild, Jr., was the guest of honor. Other speakers were the Rev. R. Perry Bush of Chelsea, Col. M. R. Cheesman, commander of the Bristol, R. I. artillery, Col. Sidney M. Hedges, Capt. John D. Nichols, Capt. John H. Potter, Lieut. Irving B. Vose and Lieut. James Coady.

The following officers were elected: President, Lieut. Frank H. Appleton; vice-president, Lieut. Milton C. Paige; secretary, George F. Harding and treasurer, Capt. Edward P. Cramm.

COMMONWEALTH PIER LEASE CLOSED

The lease for 30 years has been formally executed of the Commonwealth pier at South Boston to the Old Colony railroad for \$70,000 a year.

The pier, which is east of and adjoining the New Haven's terminal, is 1200 feet long and covers about 11 acres. An appropriation of \$400,000 for the construction of this pier was made by the Legislature in 1897.

CHAMP CLARK FOR A COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEES

WASHINGTON—It was announced today that Champ Clark had agreed to support a "committee on committees" in the next House and at the same time a petition was circulated calling for a Democratic caucus on Jan. 19, when it is expected Mr. Clark will be named for speaker.

Mr. Clark prepared the petition and took charge of its circulation. The Missouri delegation in the House at the same time announced its endorsement of his candidacy for speaker.

Representative Shackelford of Missouri said that the Missouri endorsement of Mr. Clark's candidacy was assured by his willingness to favor the committee on committees scheme.

NEW LYNN THEATER TO OPEN.

LYNN, Mass.—The new \$100,000 Central Square theater will be opened for the first time Monday evening under the management of William J. and Thomas Burke. The new playhouse was built with Lynn, Saugus and Nahant capital.

BROCKTON TO HEAR "ELIJAH."

BROCKTON, Mass.—The Brockton Choral Society will present "Elijah" this evening at the City theater, with Emil Mollenhauer as conductor.

SEVEN ALDERMEN FOR WALTHAM

WALTHAM, Mass.—Amendment of the city charter reducing the number of aldermen from 21, to seven is likely to be one of the first questions to come up before the board which goes into office Jan. 1.

It is proposed that the members be paid \$400 for their services, the members of the present board receiving no recompense.

EFFICIENCY IS URGED AS A KEY TO TRADE OF SOUTH AMERICA

Commercial efficiency as a key to unlock the door of South American trade for the United States merchant was emphasized by Prof. William R. Shepherd of Columbia University before the Commercial Club of Boston Thursday night.

"American business men should visit South America in person, and not content themselves with merely reading the consular reports or sending their agents," said Professor Shepherd.

"Let more American capital be invested there. American banking facilities should be provided in South America; at present collection has to be done by way of Europe. American banks will be welcomed."

"As for us Americans, we do not make proper use of the consular information that comes to us."

"The American trader believes too much in the superiority of the American product. He is careless in filling orders; the goods arrive late or arrive a mere heap of scrap through lack of care in packing."

"The sizes and measurements are according to our system instead of according to the metric system. The labels are usually off before the goods arrive. The American firm usually employs salesmen who do not know the language, and who have in consequence to go to the German or English agency."

CHURCH CHIMES FOR REV. DR. BATES

Teams headed by captains have been appointed to raise \$2500 from 2500 persons for placing a set of chimes in the belfry of the Meridian Street M. E. Bethel church, East Boston, in memory of the Rev. Dr. Lewis B. Bates, father of former Governor Bates, and who was pastor of the church for a quarter of a century.

Each team includes five members, and their captains are as follows: Mrs. W. H. Noyes, Miss Myrtle Williams, Miss Sarah Campbell, George S. Webster, Mrs. R. L. Emery, Lewis Hollingsworth, Frank Mark, T. B. Fale, Miss Florence Noyes.

RADCLIFFE GIRLS PRESENT A PLAY

Members of the Idler Club of Radcliffe College at Agassiz house this afternoon gave a play entitled "Marie Del Carmen," by Francis Howard Williams. The production was under the management of the Misses Miriam Hills, Genevieve Mathews and Hella Bernays.

Among the members of the cast were the Misses Gertrude Beach, Josephine Whitney, Alma Grey, Alice Hunnewell, Miriam Sargent, Mildred Clarke, Clara Cram, Virginia Bryant, Alice Carlson and Faith Lanmann.

OFFICIALS INSPECT IMMIGRATION SITE

Charles Earle, solicitor and acting secretary of the United States department of commerce and labor, and Col. George Billings, immigration commissioner in Boston, today visited the Jeffries Point site for the new immigration station to be built at East Boston. They went over on the customs tug Winnisimmet.

PROTESTS DIGGING IN COMMON.

Mayor Fitzgerald received a letter from the secretary of the Boston Common Society today protesting against further digging up of Boston common in connection with subway work, as the trees were being damaged.

Photo Frames

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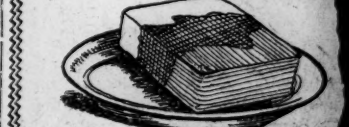
CLOTHING PRICES FOR NAVY ARE TO BE READJUSTED

Pay officers of the navy will adjust the prices of clothing and small stores on Jan. 1 to conform to a new price just issued at the navy department. This applies to stores kept for sale board ships of the navy and at navy yards.

Of the 19 articles affected, six have been raised in price and 12 reduced. The greatest increase in price is in tunics, which were formerly listed \$11.50 but which will, after the first year, cost \$12. Other articles which prices will be increased: Woolen blankets, increased from \$10 to \$3; white hats from 45 cents to \$3; mattresses from \$3.20 to \$4; blue trousers from \$3.60 to \$4; water soap from 12 to 14 cents a bar.

The greatest reduction is on heavy undershirt, which is to sell \$1.03 instead of the former price \$1.05. Other articles to be reduced are: brooms, brushes, cap ribbons, broadcloth, cravats, blue serge, shoes, combs, etc.

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Leading Events in Athletic World

WALSH OR LAUDER WILL BE BASEBALL COACH AT HARVARD

Present Exeter Academy Trainer and Former Brown Star Have Been Asked to Consider Position.

LAWRENCE FOR 1914

Definite steps toward securing a coach for the Harvard varsity baseball squad of 1911 were taken at a meeting of the baseball committee held Thursday afternoon at 5 o'clock. While it cannot yet be said just who will get the position it now lies between Walsh, coach at Phillips Exeter Academy in 1910, and William Lauder, the former Brown star and professional player. Invitations have been sent to these two men and as soon as their answers are received a definite announcement will be made as to which will get the position.

The varsity schedule is now held up, as Yale and Princeton have not yet agreed to Harvard's terms. It is expected that these difficulties will soon be overcome and the schedule announced at about the time the coach is definitely named.

The committee appointed E. B. Lawrence '11, to be freshman coach for the coming year. The 1914 schedule was considered, but not announced and it will probably come out at the time the varsity one is made public.

All of the baseball committee attended the meeting.

MANY ENTRIES FOR HARVARD GYMNASTIC MEET

Harvard University will hold her sixth annual novice gymnastic meet in the Hemmaway gymnasium this evening. Dr. Sargent has offered a cup for the winner of the greatest number of points. Cups, toward which a donation has been made by E. L. Souder '10, will also be awarded the winners of the following events: Parallel bars, horizontal bar, flying rings, sidehorse, tumbling and club swinging.

W. C. Bennett '08, former captain of the University team; C. B. Cameron, assistant director of the Brookline gymnasium, and Mr. Carroll, physical director of the Brookline high school will be the judges and the public is invited to be present at the meet.

The following is the list of entries:

Horizontal bar—W. W. Clarke '11, L. F. Kornfeld '12, R. McIntosh '14, J. R. Morton '13, T. B. Ryan '14, D. A. Steele '13, N. S. Waterman '13.
Parallel bars—W. W. Clarke '11, J. S. Hutchinson '13, W. F. Kornfeld '12, A. McIntosh '14, J. R. Morton '13, T. B. Ryan '14, D. A. Steele '13, N. S. Waterman '13.
Flying rings—W. W. Clarke '11, A. McIntosh '14, J. R. Morton '13, T. B. Ryan '14, N. S. Waterman '13.
Sidehorse—J. S. Hutchinson '13, L. F. Kornfeld '12, A. McIntosh '14, D. A. Steele '13, N. S. Waterman '13.
Tumbling—W. W. Clarke '11, C. N. Burtlett '14, L. F. Kornfeld '12, A. McIntosh '14, T. B. Ryan '14.
Club swinging—J. S. Hutchinson '13.

BOAT FOR DONALDSON LINE.

MONTREAL, Que.—With the opening of the St. Lawrence navigating season of 1912, the Donaldson line will commence a weekly passenger service between Montreal and Glasgow by adding one new steamer to the line which has hitherto been made up by the Athenia, Sacrimia and Cassandra, which have proved popular with the traveling public.

A CABLE PAGE Extraordinary

The
Christian
Science
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Daily presents
to its readers
one of the most

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as well as

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Pages printed in
the American
Press

B. A. A. MEMBERS PREPARING FOR WINTER GAMES

Cramped Odds Court Tennis Tourney Plans Greatly Interest Exeter Street Men—Two Squash Events.

Great interest attends the preparations of the Boston Athletic Association for the various club tournaments this winter. Probably, however, the most being shown in the cramped odds court tennis competition. In this the players are handicapped in whatever department of the game they excel.

Nearly every player of prominence in the club has entered for this tournament and matches will be played from time to time at the convenience of the players.

Junior and senior handicap squash racquets are also attracting much attention and members of the club are giving much time to planning them. The first round of the junior competition must be finished by Christmas, while the first round of the senior division is to close Dec. 28. The entries for the three events follow:

Cramped odds court tennis—F. E. Cutler, E. E. Spence, R. Joy, Samuel Cabot, H. Nickerson, P. W. Whittemore, S. M. Merrill, H. Austin, G. B. Morrison, G. P. Hamlin, D. P. Rhodes, D. H. Pope, E. C. Hawes, G. A. Rockwell, J. B. Chamberlin, C. W. Dabney, J. Smith, Jr., E. James, J. P. Wheeler, C. O. Wellington, E. J. Sullivan, A. Pierce, R. C. Tower, E. C. Rust, R. W. Baker, P. L. Stackpole, K. Adams, F. A. Hinchcliff, D. C. Noyes, J. P. Wheeler, J. D. Smith, W. L. Smith, N. C. Tuttle. Second round to be finished by Jan. 10. J. T. Burr vs. A. R. Whittier, Jr., William Hill vs. F. M. Emerson.

Senior squash racquets, handicap to be finished Dec. 28. C. Hutchins vs. F. W. Smith, B. C. Wright vs. G. B. Morrison, P. Nichols vs. E. R. Spence; second round, H. W. Read drew bye.

TWELVE COLLEGES IN ROUND ROBIN RIFLE TOURNEY

Contests Begin Week Ending Jan. 7—One Match Each Week—Competing Universities.

NEW YORK—Twelve of the 33 colleges and universities having clubs in the National Rifle Association have entered teams in the round-robin league for the winter. The contests will begin the week ending Jan. 7, and there will be one match each week until each team has fired one match against every other team in the league.

Teams will consist of 10 students, and each man will fire 10 shots standing and 10 shots prone in a 50 foot gallery range with 22 caliber rifles. The war department will issue decorations to those students who qualify as marksmen, sharpshooters or expert, through the association.

A new trophy has been presented by J. A. Baker, Jr., captain of Columbia University team, to go to the non-military college team having the highest aggregate in the league series. This will mean a contest between Dartmouth and Columbia, as all the other institutions have military departments. The competing universities and colleges are:

Columbia University of New York city; Cornell University of Ithaca, N. Y.; Dartmouth College of Hanover, N. H.; Missouri State University of Columbia, Mo.; New Hampshire Agricultural College of Durham, N. H.; North Georgia Agricultural College of Dahlonega, N. C.; Purdue University of Lafayette, Ind.; Rhode Island State College of Kingston, R. I.; State University of Iowa City; University of California of Berkeley, Cal.; University of Minnesota of Minneapolis; and the Washington State College of Pullman.

Bowling Results

GILT EDGE LEAGUE.				
Commercial Club.....	880	878	877	2635
Arlington B. C.....	868	872	868	2608
Dudley Club.....	774	855	780	2309
Newtowne Club.....	846	884	877	2607

Y. M. C. A. LEAGUE.				
Lyons.....	456	468	464	1388
Salem.....	405	414	457	1276
Waldfield.....	440	409	413	1262
Cambridge.....	Forfeited.			

FURNITURE LEAGUE.

Atkinson.....	485	446	465	1396
Ferdinand.....	450	478	459	1387
Osgood.....	445	450	432	1327
Metropolitan.....	378	382	391	1151
Shawmut.....	844	441	447	1332
Dunn.....	490	426	449	1369
Grand Rapids.....	368	407	426	1201
Pray.....	437	412	423	1272
Brooks.....	410	416	392	1218
Clark.....	404	456	446	1306
Morse.....	416	440	421	1277
Holmes, Luce.....	407	436	410	1253

I. H. A. TO DECIDE DATES.

NEW YORK—It is expected that the Intercollegiate Hockey Association will straighten out the difficulties arising over selection of the rink where the Princeton-Harvard and Yale-Harvard teams will play this winter. A special meeting will be held here tomorrow night. Harvard's schedule announces that both games will be played at the Boston Arena, while it is said that both the Tigers and the Elis are against playing in that city.

AMHERST SEVEN PLAYS HARVARD.

Amherst meets Harvard at hockey at the Boston Arena Saturday night, and a lively contest is looked for. The Amherst candidates have been favored with plenty of ice and are in good shape.

Former Orange and Black Leader Who Is Coaching This Year's Chess Team



EX-CAPT. W. L. STEPHENS '10.

PRINCETON TO HAVE BUT ONE VETERAN ON VARSITY CHESS TEAM

PRINCETON—The Princeton chess team will play this year with only one of last year's regular team available. This is J. W. Alexander, P. G., and he is expected to prove the strongest winner the Tigers will have this season. The four other men on the team will be handicapped by lack of experience, at least playing and are newer at the game. But the Tigers are being coached this year by two very good men, Roy Black and L. W. Stephens '09, the former the champion of the Brooklyn Chess Club and a member of the professional team that played against England, in which matter he made a reputation, and the latter the captain of last year's team here and the Princeton representative on the All-American team that won from the Oxford-Cambridge team last March in the annual cable match.

Coach Stephens also played the year before against the English colleges. So the Princeton team will not lack for good coaching and is now working hard to get ready for the first matches. On Dec. 22 they will play Harvard at the West Side Republican Club of New York and will play Columbia and Yale Dec. 23 and 24, at the same place. In this intercollegiate series of games which is held annually Harvard has won nine times, Columbia five times, Yale once and Princeton once.

This year the rules have been changed slightly and will require 36 moves the first two hours and 18 moves each succeeding hour. Play will start at 9 in the morning and be continued until 6 o'clock with an hour's recess from 1 until 2 o'clock. All the teams will be entertained by the Yale team on Saturday at a banquet to be given at the Yale Club of New York.

Princeton will be at the disadvantage of having almost an entire new team, while Harvard will have three veterans, Yale two and Columbia has the same team as last year. The match is expected to be close and the Tigers hope to make a good showing, even with a new team. Negotiations were started to allow Stephens to play for Princeton; but it is very doubtful if the rules will permit him to play again.

The team as it is now made up is L. M. Bament '11 captain, J. W. Alexander P. G., B. F. V. in Fleet '13, G. R. Kenyon '13 and F. H. Shafer '12, but the order of play is not yet decided. They are holding regular meetings and doing all they can to get ready for the New York games. Their strength as a team has not yet been tested, so that it is impossible to predict how they will do against the strong teams which they will meet there.

The annual international match with Oxford and Cambridge has been held here for the last two years and the place of play has not yet been chosen for this year. It will probably be played in March some time, but it is doubtful if Princeton will again be selected as the place from which the playing is done by cable. The international trophy is now in the Princeton trophy room, but will go to one of the other colleges represented if the American team again takes the match from England. For the last two years the Americans have won easy victories, allowing the English players but one and a half games each year.

Besides the above matches the management is trying to arrange dual games with Harvard and Yale for some time in the spring. The freshmen are being encouraged to play and are being given the benefit of good coaching and a freshman team may be organized to train men for next year's varsity. Considerable interest is being taken in chess now, so the Tigers hope to turn out better teams by good organization and systematic coaching. The trial matches which resulted in the selection of the team were hard fought and the coaches seem well pleased with the prospects this year.

RATIONAL GOLF

Christmas is generally considered the period of the year when the telling of yarns is especially licensed; it is a time when you are all supposed to sit round the Yule log—whatever that may mean—and in turn tell experiences of the past, writes Harold W. Hilton in the London Tatler. I say "in turn" as this is generally considered the correct and just procedure, but I have found myself that this procedure is a little bit inclined to be honored more in the breach than in the observance, and the latter part of the happy occasion is invariably monopolized by the man who is possessed of the greatest amount of loquacious pertinacity backed up by a vivid imagination; but on this occasion I have a pen in my hand, and metaphorically speaking have the floor to myself, so here goes for a few golfing yarns, some of which may have appeared in print before and some perhaps may not.

Some 20 years ago three golfers from north of the border were returning by rail to Edinburgh town after an exceedingly pleasant day's play; they tucked themselves comfortably in a first-class carriage, which except for one stranger sitting in the corner they apparently had all to themselves. But just before the train was due to start the door was roughly opened and in hopped a man in engineering garb, a disreputable-looking object covered with oil and grime. One of the golfers promptly remarked, "This is a first-class carriage." "I am quite aware of it," came the reply, and to the golfer's surprise a first-class ticket was produced with the remark, "Look at you."

The grimy one slowly surveyed the other occupants of the carriage and eventually cast his eye upon the clubs in the rack and remarked, "I suppose you've been playing golf." This remark was assented to, and he then truculently remarked, "I believe I could play any of you." This was too much for one of the party, who was admittedly one of the very best amateur players in Scotland and, moreover, a bit of a wag. So he remarked, "Perhaps you do not quite realize who you are speaking to. My friend over there is Leslie Balfour; this," pointing to the other, "is John Laidlaw;" of course, quite incorrect—"and I am Mr. —," mentioning his true name. This apparently provided food for reflection and the grimy one was silent for a moment or two.

In the meanwhile it had become evident that the stranger in the corner had eyes that never seemed to be looking in the same direction. While one was fixed upon his vis-a-vis in the carriage the other seemed to be taking an interest in the scenery. Eventually the engineer, having apparently weighed up the pros and cons of the case, solemnly remarked, "You're Leslie Balfour and that's Mr. Laidlaw, and you're Mr. —." Then slowly turning his gaze on the unoffending stranger, "Well, I suppose you're John in the corner must be Johnnie Ball."

Over anxiety and exuberance of spirit are occasionally the undoing of the youthful player. Once upon a time on a links in Lancashire a somewhat aggressive example of the younger generation had been irritating his opponent all the way round by his ceaseless chatter and unorthodox manner of treating the game. When the opponent was in difficulties the youngster made no effort to hide his satisfaction. It was the exuberant keenness of youth which unfortunately made itself evident in a very distasteful manner. Going to the last hole—the match was all even—both drove off the line and in almost an identical direction. When they came up to the spot where the balls should have finished, they found one halfway up a hill lying quite clean and nicely. The youth came up ahead and jubilantly made good his claim to it and never attempted to help to find the other ball. After a sort search the opponent suddenly remarked, "Oh, I see it," and the youth made the query, "How is it lying?" "Very badly," came the reply, and it was the truth, as it was lying in a very small hollow on the top of the hill almost covered by long soft grass.

The youth, without going to look where the other ball was, played his second, and it flew straight for the pin. He knew it was a good one, and simply flew up the face of the hill to watch and see the ball finish within a few feet of the hole. "That's just about finished the match, I think," he jubilantly shouted out. The reply must have come as a shock, as it was lying in a very small hollow on the top of the hill almost covered by long soft grass.

SETS COLLEGE SWIMMING MARK. PRINCETON, N. J.—In a 100 yard trial swim at the Princeton University gymnasium tank yesterday afternoon, E. J. D. Cross of the freshman class broke the intercollegiate record by two-fifths of a second. The record is 1m. flat, and Cross' time was 59.3-5s. Cross was closely followed by G. K. Knight, 1m. 10.3s, and others. The world's amateur record is 55.2-5s., held by C. M. Daniels.

N. H. STATE SEVENS BUSY. DURHAM, N. H.—Excellent ice on the ponds and streams in Durham has caused a decided interest in hockey. New Hampshire State College men are planning to build a rink and start a league.

ATHLETICS DEFEAT HAVANA. HAVANA—The Philadelphia Americans defeated the Havana baseball nine Thursday by a score of 6 to 4.

Brilliant Outfielder Who Goes to the Toronto Eastern League Team



(Photo by Horner-Jordan Co., Boston.)
WILLIAM KEELER.
Former New York American player.

AMERICAN LEAGUE TO LOOK INTO SALE OF ST. LOUIS CLUB

NEW YORK—With all its business affairs for 1910 concluded, the American league adjourned its annual meeting at the Hotel Waldorf Thursday night after having held sessions Wednesday and Thursday. Everything went along smoothly as planned and all that remains of importance is the drawing up and approving of the schedule for 1911. As the number of games to be played and the opening and closing dates have already been named, little difficulty is expected in making it up.

The only important topic of discussion that figured in the closing hours of Thursday's session was the deal for the St. Louis club. The committee appointed by the league, consisting of R. B. Johnson, Frank Farrell and Charles Comiskey, is to go to St. Louis on Monday to investigate the financial standing of the parties whose offer for the club has been accepted by President R. L. Hedges.

That the club is as good as sold is generally believed and Mr. Hedges has ended his baseball career. The only change in stockholders will be in connection with the Hedges stock. Mark Ewing, a millionaire of St. Louis, is the man who will own the Hedges stock.

On trades there was little to record, aside from a few minor bits of gossip. Clymer bought Cranston, an infielder, from Denver.

Berlicher, the right-hand pitcher owned by Boston who worked with Providence the latter part of last season, was sold to Montreal.

Charles Carr, who was mentioned among others as a possible first baseman for the Boston, goes to Utica. Keeler, who was among the managers selected for Robert Hedges, is to play for Toronto.

FAST FIVE FOR READING HIGH

READING, Mass.—The local high school will put on the floor this winter one of the fastest basketball teams in the school's history. Temple, Stratton, McLeod and Flint are the forwards, Hartshorne and Stembidge the backs and Michilini will play center. The team plays at Milton, Saturday night. Manager Kimball Loring and Captain Stanley Stembidge have arranged the following schedule:

Dec. 17—Revere high school at Reading; 20. Allen school at West Newton; 23. Rockland high school at Reading.
Jan. 7—Lowell Commercial school at Reading; 10. open; 12. Milton high school at Reading; 14. University school at Reading; 17. Reading high school at Quincy; 21. Wakefield Independents at Reading; 25. open; 27. Watertown high school at Reading; 31. Quincy high school at Reading.
Feb. 4—Reading High School Alumni vs. Reading high school at Reading; 8. Reading high school at Revere; 11. Allen school of West Newton at Reading; 15. Reading vs. Lynn English high school at Lynn; 18. Elm Hill A. A. at Reading; 24. Reading high school at Watertown; 25. Reading High School Alumni at Reading.
March 1—Reading high school at Rockland; 4. Reading High School Alumni at Reading.

N. Y. Y. C. ELECTS BLAIR AS HEAD

NEW YORK—C. Ledyard Blair was elected commodore of the New York Yacht Club, to succeed Arthur Curtiss James, at a meeting of the club Thursday evening. Mr. Blair's steel yacht Diana will be the flagship of the club during 1911, the term of his incumbency.

Other officers and the regatta committee elected Thursday night are: Vice-commodore, Dallas B. Pratt; rear commodore, George F. Baker, Jr.; secretary, George A. Cornick; treasurer, Tarrant Putnam; regatta committee, H. de B. Parsons, C. Sherman Hoyt and L. Vaughan Clark; measurer, William Hall.

W. H. RUSSELL SAYS HE WILL COMPLETE BOSTON PURCHASE

Latest Reports Say President Harris, Present Owner, Will Be in Boston Tomorrow to Complete Trade.

NEW YORK—Latest announcements regarding the sale of the Boston Nationals to W. H. Russell and L. C. Page are to the effect that President J. P. Harris, the present owner, will go to Boston Saturday for the purpose of closing the deal, which has been the talk of the big league meetings in this city during the past few days.

Mr. Russell, who is the prime mover in the effort to buy the club, announced no later than Thursday evening that his party would buy the club and that the final papers will soon be passed. Certified checks for part of the amount demanded and the stock of the club are now said to be in the hands of a Boston trust company awaiting the depositing of the rest of the money.

Mr. Russell also announced that if he gets the club, Fred Tenney will be manager and play first base, if he can get into the proper condition. He also announced that Manager Lake's contract for 1911 would be carried out, but did not state just what his official duties would be.

NEWPORT YACHT CLUB HOLDS ITS ANNUAL DINNER

Over One Hundred Members and Guests at Second Banquet of Organization—Visitors Speak.

NEWPORT, R. I.—Over 100 members of the Newport Yacht Club and their guests sat down to the second dinner last evening in the main dining room of the Perry house, which was decorated with American and yachting flags, and the flag of the club, red, white and blue.

The party were bidden welcome by Commodore Philip Caswell, who also was toastmaster. Commodore Caswell and ex-Commodore William M. Arnold of the Newport Yacht Club and vice-president of the Narragansett Bay Yacht Racing Association spoke.

Others who made addresses were the guests, Commodore Dunbar and Fleet Captain Rogers of the Rhode Island Yacht Club, President Goodwin of the Narragansett Bay Yacht Racing Association, Commodore Williams of the Taunton Yacht Club and Commodore Lawton of the East Greenwich Yacht Club, representative J. B. Sullivan of Newport and the Hon. Robert J. Burlingame, collector of the customs of Newport.

LONGER PROGRAM FOR PRINCETON

PRINCETON, N. J.—Everything else having failed to turn out a championship football team at Princeton, it has now been decided to add two more games to next season's schedule, in the hope that extra contests on the gridiron will fit the team for a better showing against Yale. One of these games will be with Rutgers and the other, it is hoped, with Harvard.

The date of a Princeton-Harvard game is all that now prevents the signing of a contract. Harvard wants the game on Nov. 4, to allow two weeks for her to prepare for Yale, while Princeton wants it a week later to put her team on edge for the Yale-Harvard eleven. The announcement of an increased schedule is received with enthusiasm by the students, who for years have contended that Princeton has not been given enough preparatory work.

SCHOENLEIN THROWS ROLLER.

BALTIMORE, Md.—Gustave Schoenlein defeated Dr. B. F. Roller of Seattle, Wash., last night, in an exciting wrestling match, winning the second and third falls. Dr. Roller took the first fall in 7½ minutes. Schoenlein won the second fall in 2 minutes, and the third and last in 55 minutes, the former by a half-Nelson and leg lock and the latter by a neck and body hold.

WARD'S XMAS STATIONERY

In Fancy Boxes, 25c to \$6

Your Monogram On 100 Sheets Paper with Envelopes
Fancy Cabinets, \$2.50 to \$5.00

LEATHER GOODS

POCKETBOOKS, PURSES, BAGS AND BILL BOOKS

BRASS GOODS

DESK SETS, SMOKERS' SETS and many individual pieces.

GUEST BOOKS, 75c to \$3.50

Book Racks, Brass and Wood, 40c to \$5.00

ADDRESS BOOKS, 50c to \$2.00

CALENDARS AND DIARIES, 10c to \$2.00

Christmas Greeting Cards

PHILLIPS BROS. APPOINTMENT CALENDARS, 25c each

Samuel Ward Co. Stationery

57-63 Franklin St. BOSTON

NATIONAL LEAGUE WILL DISCUSS THE SCHEDULE FOR 1911

Committee Has Been Appointed to Draw It Up and Number of Games to Be Decided Today.

TALK OF UMPIRES

NEW YORK—What is expected to be the final session of the National League annual meeting for 1910 will be held in the Hotel Breslin, this city, today. There is little business of importance to be conducted, the discussion of the length of the schedule being the most important.

In Thursday's session nothing was said or done about the schedule for 1911, aside from appointing the committee, which does not include the name of C. H. Ebbetts.

President Lynch appointed Barney Dreyfuss and John A. Heydler and will serve himself. There is no knowing what the league will do, but it looks like a short schedule from this selection.

The league voted to place on file the offer of an automobile company. This refers to the concern that offered the machine for the prize-winning batter. This action was taken by the national commission, which will hold its annual meeting in Cincinnati on Jan. 3, 1911.

Secretary Heydler announced quite a discussion upon the umpire question. This was commented upon by President Lynch, who remarked that, after the members had talked of the various situations in which the umpires had found themselves, they had decided that it was "baseball and that the umpires were good fellows."

The league is for August Herrmann, for chairman of the national commission and it also voted to concur with the American league on giving the Western Association and the Three-leagues the same classification.

No action was taken on the Dale case, but Doersch's request to be reinstated was refused.

The selection of the committee on playing rules was laid over. Those who will serve on the committee on constitutional amendments are John T. Brush, Garry Herrmann and William H. Locke.

MERCER TO LEAD THE 1911 ELEVEN AT PENNSYLVANIA

PHILADELPHIA—For the first time in years the University of Pennsylvania has elected a sophomore captain of her varsity football team. The members of the 1910 eleven met Thursday night and named Roy Mercer, the star fullback who is a member of the class of 1913, to lead the eleven next year.

Mercer had as a competitor for the position F. L. Ramsdell '12, the star halfback and intercollegiate 100-yard champion. How the vote resulted has not been announced.

Mercer is 21 years old and lives in this city. He prepared for Pennsylvania at George school and made quite a reputation for himself in interscholastic circles.

CONNELL CAPTAINS ELEVEN.

George Connell was unanimously elected captain of the South Boston high school football team for 1911 Thursday. He has been one of the mainstays of the team at left end for the last two years, and under his leadership the school should have a strong eleven.

RAILROAD RETURNS FOR NEW HAMPSHIRE SHOW BIG SURPLUS

Annual State Finding of the Commissioners Points to Industrial Activity and Prosperity.

CHANGES ARE URGED

CONCORD, N. H.—The annual report of the railroad commissioners, including the returns of the railroad corporations of the state for 12 months ended June 30, was submitted to the Legislature Thursday. It points to a condition of prosperity. The report includes:

"The Boston & Maine railroad reports that its gross income for the year ending June 30, 1910, was \$44,146,187.59, as compared with \$40,231,012.70 for the year 1909, \$39,748,349.08 for the year 1907-8, and \$41,722,139.61 for the year 1906-7.

"After the payment of all charges and dividends, including \$198,841.84 expended from income for property additions and betterments, a surplus was left of \$783,259.86, which has been credited to profit and loss, in comparison with a similar surplus of \$529,142.79 credited to that account in the previous year.

"Those figures taken from the last annual report show that the manufacturing and other commercial industries in that portion of New Hampshire and that part of New England that are served by the Boston & Maine lines were more than ordinary active and prosperous.

"The Maine Central railroad reports that during the past fiscal year the operating revenue of the company was \$8,922,312.22, an increase as compared with the previous year of \$584,588.75.

"The returns of the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railroad, which is a part of the Grand Trunk system, show that its gross income during the year was \$1,430,615.59. This shows an increase over the year ending June 30, 1909, of \$188,560.77.

"From an examination of the financial reports of the several street railways operating lines within this state, and an examination of the table of statistics compiled therefrom, it is shown that there was an increase of 698,316 in the number of passengers carried.

The increase in the business of the street railways, although not large, indicates that the general business conditions of the state have been good.

"We recommend that the state commission be given definite authority over the matter of demurrage, giving to the commission power to regulate the question of demurrage on all interstate business.

"We wish to renew the recommendations made in our last annual report in reference to express rates.

"We recommend that the subject of elimination of grade crossings be given earnest and careful consideration at the present session of the Legislature, and the enactment of a law or statute similar to the statute in force in other states.

"We recommend the enactment of a law requiring all railroad corporations having a station in any city or village, in which a newspaper is published, to publish in such newspaper a proper timetable showing the arrival and departure of regular passenger trains."

MISS STONE ASKS AID OF CONGRESS

WASHINGTON—Attention was redirected to the Raisuli kidnapping case, in which Miss Ellen M. Stone, a Massachusetts missionary, and Mr. Pedicaris, an American merchant, figured several years ago, when Miss Stone called on Senators Lodge and Crane Thursday to ask their aid in getting from Congress an appropriation of \$60,000 to reimburse the persons who contributed to her ransom.

Senator Lodge's bill providing for the reimbursement passed the Senate, but met with opposition in the House on the ground that it would create a precedent troublesome and expensive.

COL. ROOSEVELT GOES HOMEWARD

FARMINGTON, Conn.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt left this city for Hartford by auto today where he took a train for New York. The former President was the dinner guest and spent last night at the home of his sister, Mrs. Cowles, wife of Rear Admiral Cowles, U. S. N., retired.

TWO RESCUED FROM FLATS.

William Moody and Bertie Griffin, cabin boy and cook of the schooner Singleton Palmer, were rescued from the Bird Island flats by the police boat this morning, after drifting all night in a dory. They had intended to board the schooner, but lost an oar lock and were unable to manage the boat.

GIRL AROUSES FAMILY.

BROCKTON, Mass.—Sophie Miller, 12 years old, was the central figure of a fire in Samuel Miller's three-family house in Center street early this morning. Sophie aroused her two younger sisters and got them safely out and then awakened her father and two lodgers. The fire loss was about \$200.

PROFESSOR ZUEBLIN TO SPEAK.

Prof. Charles Zueblin will be the Ford hall speaker Sunday evening, his topic being "Man and Woman." The volunteer soloist on this occasion will be Miss Helen Tufts of Cambridge, Miss Laura Archambault acting as her accompanist.

COALITION HAS GAINED ONE PARLIAMENT SEAT IN 641

LONDON—The coalition majority over the Conservatives is 104 today, without counting the nine seats won by the Independent Nationalists. There are only 29 more seats yet to be contested.

The net gain of the coalition in the 641 results so far obtained is one. The standing of the parties this afternoon was as follows: Conservatives 264, Liberals-Laborites 301, Irish Nationalists 67, Independent Nationalists 9.

Clearly in the new Parliament, as in the last, the Nationalists by combining with the Unionists, could overthrow the government, but the Liberals, Laborites and Nationalists are all equally desirous of abolishing the veto of the House of Lords and may be expected to work together to attain that object.

Chancellor Lloyd-George, speaking at Eastham last night, predicted that when the elections were completed the government, apart from the Irish vote, would have a British majority of at least 60.

He said that this election would make

a deeper impression on the history of the country than any election in modern times. The carrying of the veto bill would be only the beginning of the Liberal program. The constitution would be reformed in such a way that the last vestige of inequality between the two parties would be removed.

There is increasing evidence of a serious divergence of views among the Unionist leaders over the referendum. F. E. Smith, the new member for the Walton division of Liverpool and the rising hope of the Unionist party, in an address at Leighton-Buzzard declared that Mr. Balfour's offer to submit tariff reform to a referendum was an offer for this election, and this election alone.

If the Unionists did not obtain a majority he agreed with Austin Chamberlain in holding himself at liberty to make a further appeal to the country on the specific issue of tariff reform, and, if they obtained a mandate from the country, to introduce then and there without delay a tariff reform budget.

CONNECTICUT RIVER CONTEST FOR POWER SITE NEARS CLIMAX

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—A contest for power rights on the Connecticut river at Warehouse point, Conn., 10 miles south of this city, is nearing a climax, and no matter which side wins, a dam 1100 feet long, capable of developing 10,000 horsepower of electrical energy, will be built there.

Not only is this of interest all along the river between Springfield and Hartford, because of the power that will be supplied, but it is also important because a lock for the passage of boats must be built in the dam and the dam will increase the depth of the river from Warehouse point to Holyoke (18 miles), making this part of the stream navigable by large barges.

The Connecticut River Company, chartered nearly 100 years ago, has maintained a narrow canal and locks on the west side of the river. A few years ago Massachusetts men organized the Endicott Power Company, whose purpose was to build a high dam at a point between Warehouse Point and Windsor Locks for the generation of electricity, it being estimated by engineers that there is 10,000 horsepower going to waste there.

This company was absorbed by the Northern Connecticut Securities Company, whose plan is identical to the same. Opposed to this company is the old river company, which obtained the right to amend its charter so that it may become a power company from the last Connecticut General Assembly. Last week an injunction restraining the stockholders of the river company from adopting the charter amendment was dissolved in the Connecticut courts, so that now it is free to apply for the right to build a dam.

In the meantime the Northern Connecticut Securities Company has applied for a federal charter, and also has acquired one third of the stock of the river company. More litigation is expected, but it is now considered beyond question that one side or the other will build a dam and furnish cheap electrical power to Springfield and Hartford. Both companies are powerfully backed.

A meeting of the stockholders of the river company has been called for 11 o'clock, Dec. 22, in the rooms of the Connecticut River Banking Company, Hartford.

MEETING TO HONOR JULIA WARD HOWE

Julia Ward Howe and the cause of equal rights and opportunities for women will be commemorated at a mass meeting, open to the public, tonight in Faneuil Hall, presided over by the Rev. Charles F. Dole. The speakers will include Dr. Anna H. Shaw, Mrs. Esther F. Boland, Josephine Preston Peabody (Mrs. Lionel Marks), Mme. Lydia Lipkowska and Max Eastman.

The committee in charge consists of: Edwin D. Mead, Fiske Warren, Francis J. Garrison, M. H. Gulesian, Col. Thomas W. Higginson, former Governor John L. Bates, Miss Alice Stone Blackwell, and Mesdames Mary Schlesinger, Stanley McCormick, Charles G. Ames, Walter Channing and Mary Hutcheson Page.

DR. ELIOT REELECTED HEAD BY CIVIL SERVICE REFORMERS

BALTIMORE, Md.—Dr. Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard, was again chosen president of the National Civic Reform League this afternoon at the annual election of officers.

Edward A. Alderman, Joseph H. Choate, Harry A. Garfield, George Gray, Arthur T. Hadley, Seth Low, Franklin MacVeagh, George A. Pope, P. J. Ryan, D. D. Thomas N. Strong and Herbert Welsh were reelected vice-presidents. Woodrow Wilson, Governor-elect of New Jersey, was made a vice-president.

Elliott H. Goodwin was reelected secretary; A. S. Frissell, treasurer, and Albert DeKode and Robert W. Belcher, assistant treasurers.

To the council were added Elliott H. Pendleton of Cincinnati; Frank J. Simms of San Francisco and Stiles J. Jones of Minneapolis.

CITY CLEANLINESS CONFERENCE TOPIC OF CIVIC WORKERS

WASHINGTON—City cleanliness was discussed today at the convention of the American Civic Association.

Mrs. Caroline Bartlett Crane of Kalamazoo, Mich., and Miss Zona Gale of Portage, Wis., talked about means of cleaning up towns. Cyrus Lochner of the Cleveland (O.) Chamber of Commerce explained legal means of abolishing the smoke nuisance and Assistant Corporation Counsel Claude L. Day of Chicago discussed "Legal Control of the Billboard."

Frederick Law Olmsted of Brookline, Mass., and John Nolen of Boston were among the chief speakers at Thursday's session. Speaking on the "A. B. C. of City Planning," Mr. Olmsted, who is a member of the commission of fine arts, recently appointed by President Taft, said in part:

"City planning may be described as a systematic attempt to do the following three things:

"First, to make the best practicable analysis and forecast of such existing and future needs of an urban community as may require its existing physical arrangement and equipment to be changed or extended.

"Second, to prepare or search out and gather together the most promising tentative plans for the meeting of these several needs.

"Third, to keep this combination of plans constantly up to date in order that no project for immediate changes need be entered upon without a clear understanding of its relation to other changes that are likely to occur.

Speaking on "Comprehensive Planning for Small Towns and Cities," Mr. Nolen made a plea for the small places with a population ranging from 2500 to 25,000. He held that nothing is further from the fact than that city planning is only for big cities.

FRANK WILD TALKS ON POLAR JOURNEY

AMSTERDAM—Frank Wild has recently given his famous lecture, "Farthest South With Shackleton," in the Odeon hall in this city. The meeting was well attended and the lecture much appreciated. It was held under the auspices of the English Reformed church of this city, which is the historic institution founded by the Pilgrim Fathers before their departure for the new continent. The American and British consuls were on the lecture committee.

Frank Wild was one of the four intrepid men who accompanied Sir Ernest Shackleton on the celebrated sledge journey which marked the nearest approach to the south pole, and it was he who made one of the most important discoveries of the expedition, that of coal.

SOMERVILLE VETO OVERRULED.

Somerville aldermen in special meeting Thursday night received a communication from Mayor Woods vetoing two orders, which the board then passed unanimously over the veto. One order appropriated \$1900 for window lighting in schoolhouses, the other granted a license to Andrew Walker for a public garage.

News in Brief Gathered Today from Towns and Cities in Massachusetts

REVERE.

Neptune lodge, I. O. O. F., will have its annual roll-call Tuesday evening. On Dec. 27 the third degree will be worked by Neptune lodge on candidates from its own lodge and from Bay State and Richard W. Drown lodges of Lynn.

Blue and White, the new paper which the high school will issue Tuesday, has the following on its staff: W. J. Prest, editor-in-chief; Edwin Pierce, business manager; Florence J. Larkin, assistant business manager; Richard Rouillard, sporting editor; George A. Perrin, exchange editor; Esther Davis, literary editor; Harriet R. Young, current events editor; Roland Barnaby, artist; class editors, '11 Lester L. Haynes, '12 Caroline McKenzie, John Quinn, '13 Merla J. Smith, Ashmeade E. Scott, '14 Harold W. Piper.

WHITMAN.

David A. Russell W. R. C. has elected: President, Mrs. Bertha Walker; vice-president, Mrs. Lizzie Jenkins; junior vice-president, Mrs. Lizzie McIlvaine; treasurer, Mrs. Helen G. Bonney; chaplain, Mrs. Luck C. Howland; conductor, Mrs. Lillian Morse; guard, Mrs. Florence Pike; delegates to state convention, Mrs. Augustus West and Mrs. Dora Edson; alternates, Mrs. Ella Churchill, Mrs. Florence Rise and Mrs. Lena Allen.

Farley chapter, Epworth League, will celebrate its twenty-first anniversary this evening. The Rev. Howard Hare of Minneapolis will speak.

CHELSEA.

Mrs. Grenville S. Bell, second vice-president of the Chelsea Woman's Club, will have charge of the annual Sons and Daughters day of the club Dec. 23.

The public hearing by the board of control on the petition of the Boston Elevated to be allowed to place a second-hand car at the junction of Broadway and Gerrish avenue as a waiting room for employees for a period not exceeding six months from date, will be held Monday.

WAKEFIELD.

Fred H. Madgeburg has purchased from Samuel H. Hellen the coal pockets and other property off Renwick road in the Greenwood district.

At the special town meeting, Monday night, the park commissioners will ask for a special appropriation of \$300 for the trimming of 200 trees on the park and common and along Lakeside.

The school committee will close the schools Thursday, Dec. 22, instead of Friday.

HANOVER.

Joseph E. Wilder W. R. C. has elected: President, Miss Alice Shepherd; junior vice-president, Miss Ina Tower; junior vice-president, Mrs. Bessie Shepherd; chaplain, Mrs. Elizabeth Fish; conductor, Mrs. Allis Buffum; guard, Mrs. Helen Tower.

The annual reunion of Hanover High School Association will be held this evening in the town hall at Center Hanover. Dinner will be served to be followed by an entertainment. Senator Nash will preside.

WINTHROP.

Ladies assisting at the different tables of the sales days of the Union Congregational church this week are: Mesdames Thomas Keller, George L. Crosby, William J. Porter, W. H. Traves, William Hendry, Dean, Albert Armstrong, Reed, Russell, Carrie E. Johnson, Arthur Barker, D. A. MacDonald, Charles Kelly, C. Foster, George H. Hayes and Alfred I. Merigold.

BEVERLY.

A. J. Gadbois has commenced work on a new three-story block on Rantoul street at the corner of Federal street. There will be a large store on the first floor and apartments above.

The water department is enforcing its ruling that services to estates where the water tax was not paid would be cut off. Several services were shut off Thursday.

MELROSE.

The school committee will close the schools Dec. 23 and reopen them Jan. 3.

At the meeting of the aldermen Monday evening this year's board will hold its final session. A committee will be appointed by President French to arrange for the inaugural exercises in the city hall Jan. 2.

EVERETT.

Grace Episcopal church will hold its New Year's bazaar Dec. 29 in Whittier hall.

Agents of the Boston & Maine railroad have been looking over the ground at the East Everett depot with a view to erecting a fence to prevent persons from walking on the tracks as a short cut to Chelsea.

HULL.

Ladies Aid Society of Methodist Episcopal church held a fair Wednesday evening.

Capt. William Long of Ft. Revere has invited the Village Club to form teams for indoor target practice at the fort this winter.

HOLBROOK.

The selectmen have issued a warrant for a special town meeting Dec. 28. The Ludden Bible class of the Brookville Baptist church will hold a musical entertainment this evening.

RANDOLPH.

The Golden Star Social Club held a party Thursday evening. The committee was M. Everett Baker, George E. Mann and Frank B. Grover.

ROCKLAND.

Hartsuff W. R. C. has elected: President, Mrs. Mary A. Beal; vice-president, Mrs. Irene Thompson; clerk, Mrs. Susan A. Sheldon; treasurer, Mrs. Hannah P. Lewis; directors, Mesdames Clara Damon, Nellie Everson, Emma Jenkins, Emma Blaisdell, Sarah A. Donham, Leila Loul, Annie Duval; Lucy Hammond, Mary A. Beal, Irene Thompson, Susan A. Sheldon and Hannah A. Lewis.

The Woman's Club holds an open meeting in Grand Army hall this afternoon. English melodies will be given by Mrs. Maud Conway Blanchard.

EASTON.

Elmer Adams, president of Hayward Baraca class, will leave Saturday for Texas. Chester L. Wills has been made president. Carlton Hayward, the vice-president, is attending the University of Wisconsin, and Frank Hunt has been appointed in his place.

The advisory board of Deborah Sampson chapter, D. A. R., will meet in Brockton Saturday afternoon to make plans for the regular Monday evening. Mrs. A. M. Starratt will be the hostess.

ABINGTON.

George G. Meade camp, S. V., has elected: Commander, A. H. Finch; senior vice-commander, J. D. Hutchins; junior vice-commander, E. M. Hines; treasurer, Carleton L. Vance; delegates to department convention, W. D. Whicher, H. D. Sampson; alternates, C. Stanley Benson and E. H. Sampson.

The Woman's Club holds a sale at the home of Mrs. R. D. Rand, on Adams street this afternoon and evening.

BRIDGEWATER.

The third social of the Normal Club will be held in the gymnasium this evening.

"Summyside Farm" has been purchased by Mrs. Flora M. Brockman of Everett for occupation.

Saturday evening the second team of the normal school will play Rockland high basketball team, and Quincy Y. M. C. A. will play the Normal team in the Albert Gardner Boyden gymnasium.

WEYMOUTH.

Reynolds W. R. C. has elected: President, Mrs. May Mahoney; senior vice-president, Mrs. Agnes Baldwin; junior vice-president, Mrs. Annie E. Jordan; treasurer, Mrs. Mary Smith; chaplain, Mrs. Eliza Ferris; conductor, Mrs. Jennie Callahan; guard, Miss Annie Fisher; delegates to state convention, Mrs. Myra Raymond and Mrs. Gertrude Murphy; alternates, Mrs. Caroline Lovell and Mrs. Betty Briggs.

BROCKTON.

Mrs. Wallace C. Keith will entertain the Fortnightly Club on North Main street this afternoon. She will be assisted by Miss Jennie Hilton Ford, Miss Emma Porter of Newton will lecture on art.

Mrs. Alfred Wilbur will entertain the Progressive Chautauque Circle this afternoon at her home on Ash street. The subject will be "The England of Dickens and Thackeray."

MIDDLEBORO.

The board of registrars will hold a session at the selectmen's room in the town hall tomorrow evening to register voters for the annual fire district meeting.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Central Congregational church is meeting this afternoon in the church vestry.

QUINCY.

The Ladies Aid Society of the West Methodist Episcopal church held a sale and entertainment Thursday evening. Among those taking part were: Mrs. Edwin A. Blaisdell, Miss Hilda Francis, Miss Jennie Doble, Mrs. William Allen, Miss Olive Grant, Miss Margaret Shirley, Miss Francis Burke, William Shirley, Joseph Francis, Clarence Trask, Enock Fuller, Edwin Blaisdell, Julius Fuller and Merton Turner.

WEST BRIDGEWATER.

The Improvement Society is to hold a public debate and a committee has been appointed.

Arthur Parry will entertain the U. B. S. Club this evening.

EAST BRIDGEWATER.

Special exercises were held at all the schools in town this morning. At the Allen school the seventh and eighth grades combined and an entertainment was given.

The sewing circle of the Unitarian church will hold a party Tuesday evening in the parish house.

STONEHAM.

The selectmen have issued building permits to Herman W. Parker and John L. Gilson.

Interest in rifle shooting is keen among the members of company H, sixth regiment, M. V. M., last season. They led the regiment with 178.18.

FRANKLIN.

An entertainment for the benefit of the Methodist church included a labor medley and a labor parade given by members of the Sunday school.

The annual fair of the Ladies Benevolent Society of the Congregational church was largely attended.

ARLINGTON.

The First Universalist church will hold a reunion and roll call this evening. Menotomy council 1781, Royal Arcanum, will meet in G. A. R. hall this evening.

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Army and Navy News

Today's Army Orders.

Brig.-Gen. Ramsay D. Potts, detailed commandant of army service schools, Ft. Leavenworth, to take effect Jan. 15, relieving Brig.-Gen. Fredick Funston, Brigadier-General Potts relieved from command of department of Luzon.

Maj. Paul F. Straub, general staff, to army service schools, Ft. Leavenworth, April 1, for temporary duty as an observer during continuance of course of instruction at army field service school for medical officers.

Maj. Alvarado M. Fuller (retired), detailed for duty with organized militia of Kansas, extended until further orders. Capt. Frank S. McCoy, third cavalry, upon expiration of present leave of absence, to Washington, and report to chief of staff.

First Lieut. Arthur R. Ehnboech, corps of engineers, from general hospital, Ft. Bayard, to Vancouver barracks, and, to remain on duty at army service schools, second battalion of engineers.

First Lieut. Roy C. Hefebower, medical corps, from Ft. Hamilton to Ft. Bayard general hospital.

First Lieut. Clarence H. Knight, corps of engineers, to Walter Reed general hospital, District of Columbia.

Capt. John W. Barker, signal corps, remain on duty at army service schools, Ft. Leavenworth.

First Lieut. Gordon N. Kimball, twelfth cavalry, from duty as aide-de-camp to Brig.-Gen. Ramsay D. Potts, upon expiration of present leave of absence, thence to his regiment at Ft. William McKinley, Philippines.

Movements of Warships.

Arrived—The Lamson, at San Juan; the Smith, at San Juan; the Cyclops, at Norfolk.

Sailed—The Lamson, from Culebra for San Juan; the Smith, from Culebra for San Juan; the Cyclops, from Hampton Roads for Norfolk.

Navy Notes.

BREST — Rear Admiral Joseph B. Murdock has gone on a leave of absence and expects to visit Paris and several cathedral cities. His flag is now flying from the Vermont, as her captain is the senior and represents the division commander during the latter's absence.

GIBRALTAR—The cruiser Des Moines will be placed in dock here today to fit a propeller blade to replace the one recently lost at sea.

WASHINGTON — Rear Admiral Edward B. Barry, commander-in-chief of the Pacific fleet, has reported to the navy department that one of the six-inch guns on the armored cruiser Pennsylvania had blown off its muzzle. The mishap occurred during the target practice. No one was injured.

ASKS \$385,000 FOR BRIGHTON.

Louis K. Rourke, superintendent of streets, will ask for \$385,000 from the city council for a street lighting plant and an incinerator for Brighton.

AGRICULTURE STUDY STARTS ILLINOIS IN TRAINING TEACHERS

Introduction in Schools Finds
Few of 20,000 Instructors
Qualified to Proceed With
the Work.

PROBLEM PRESSING

CHAMPAIGN, Ill.—Although the movement for the introduction of the study of agriculture in the public schools of Illinois is fairly under way, the school authorities are confronted with the difficulty of securing a force of competent instructors.

Of the more than 20,000 teachers in the public schools of the state, a very few appear to have the requisite knowledge of botany and soil chemistry to qualify them for the new work. The problem of preparing the teaching force has therefore become an immediate and pressing one. Only moderate progress can be made till a much larger force of qualified teachers is obtained.

Preliminary courses have been established in some of the high schools and the State Teachers Association has a committee preparing plans and ideas with a view of facilitating the work. A text-book is in process of preparation by Frank H. Hall of Aurora and Prof. Cyril G. Hopkins of the University of Illinois.

The five normal schools in the state have put in courses for preparation of teachers in this line of instruction and the University of Illinois is leading in the work. The university has now 31 crop and soil experiment stations in as many different localities in the state and is using them in part as aids to the public schools in agricultural instruction.

The state farmers' institute and the farmers' advisory board of the university experiment station have determined to ask the Legislature this winter for an appropriation of \$100,000 to aid this work and for the prosecution of an accurate soil survey of the state. The theory on which the plan is based is that, without such information, the farmers of Illinois can only continue to wear out their lands.

With a good system of popular instruction along these lines, the advocates of the new departure in agricultural education assert that it will be possible not only to maintain but to improve the fertility of the soils of the state and that, without it, deterioration and final abandonment of the land is inevitable.

Scientific farmers maintain that what has been undertaken here is by far the most comprehensive scheme of agricultural improvement ever projected by any of the states. They believe that it outlines the policy on which, and only on which, it will be possible in the coming years to feed the vast population accumulating in this country.

SOUTH BOSTON SCHOOL CONCERT

Solos by Miss Adelaide Griggs, soprano, and Frank H. Eaton, flutist, will be the features of the municipal concert in the South Boston high school tonight under the leadership of William Howard.

The program follows: Overture, "The Mill on the Cliff," Reissiger; "Solvejg's Song," from Peer Gynt suite No. 2, Grieg; aria from "Don Carlo," "Oh, Fatal Dower," Verdi; selection from "Romeo and Juliet," Gounod; solo for flute, "Grand Fantasia," Demersseman; song, "Congo, Sweet Morning," Elkin; Miss Griggs. Finale, "The Erl King," Schubert.

The next concert will be at Lowell school, Roxbury, on Dec. 20.

WANTS TO HOLD GOLD IN RESERVE

WASHINGTON—Speaker Cannon received a recommendation from Secretary MacVeagh, Thursday, for the introduction of a bill giving authority for the treasury to hold gold bullion and foreign gold coin in limited amounts as security for gold certificates.

He said this "would add to the facilities of our great financial centers as free markets for gold, by furnishing a better opportunity for bankers and dealers in exchange to secure or dispose of gold bars and foreign coin than has heretofore existed."

MAURETANIA ON HOLIDAY RUN.

CAPE RACE, N. F.—The steamship Mauretania, which is on a double race, Liverpool to New York and return before Dec. 25, was picked up by the wireless station here at 7:50 o'clock Tuesday evening. She sailed Saturday evening and should dock in New York at 9 o'clock Friday morning, on time.

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WHAT THE STUDENTS ARE DOING

DARTMOUTH'S NEW COLLEGE PAPER TO BE AN OPEN FORUM

The Agora Will Print
Opinions on Phases of
Students' Activities in New
Hampshire Town.

EDITORS SELECTED

HANOVER, N. H.—A new publication is to be started at Dartmouth.

The Agora is the name chosen for the new paper, and, as this old Greek name signifies, it is to serve as a market place or clearing house for opinions regarding all phases of college life.

It is the policy of most college papers to print no serious criticism of the college, either in the academic or athletic departments. The Agora, however, will receive communications from any member of the faculty, alumni or undergraduate body on any subject whatsoever. Every communication will be printed, without regard to the opinions expressed. The only restriction made is that the contribution be mannerly in expression.

The editorial board consists of five members, with I. E. Ingersoll '11 of Cleveland, O., as editor-in-chief. The other editors are: R. E. Palmer '11 of Paducah, Ky.; R. B. Barnhardt '11 of Dayton, O.; A. K. Lowell '12 of Reading, Mass., and B. B. Lyons '12 of New York.

The editors will have the assistance of an advisory board of the college faculty: Professors C. F. Richardson, G. R. Wick-er, C. Laycock, H. E. K. and Dr. A. H. Licklider.

Whether college publication devoted wholly to unrestricted discussion of current questions can succeed and be of service to the college will be watched with interest.

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

MADISON, Wis.—United States Consul-General Amos P. Wilder, of Shanghai, China, has presented a collection of Chinese newspapers to the University of Wisconsin. Dr. Wilder was formerly editor of the Madison State Journal.

Eleven states are represented, with 465 students, at the 14 weeks' course in agriculture.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY.

WASHINGTON—Howard University's new Hall of Science was dedicated this week. Booker T. Washington, president of the Tuskegee Institute, said that the opening of the hall marked the opening of a new era for the negro. The new Science Hall is the first the government has provided for negroes.

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA.

MINNEAPOLIS—More than 700 students of the university have been reported low in their studies by the students' work committee. Of these 10 have been dropped from the rolls and 40 put on probation.

The faculty has referred to a committee of five, with Dean John Downey as chairman, the choice of the university candidate for Rhodes scholar, between Henry Bruchholz of Minneapolis and Stanley L. Rypins of St. Paul. Which-ever is chosen must compete with Harold Quigley, a senior at Hamline University, St. Paul.

M. Gustav Marie Abel Michaut, professor of French literature at the Sorbonne, Paris, will deliver a lecture here, Feb. 15, under the auspices of the Alliance Francaise, on "Moliere."

Grey Friars, an honorary senior society, has elected Carl Hamilton, Fred Ware, Reuben Rosenwald, John Sneve and Stanley Hiji.

Registrar E. B. Pierce is sending letters to all freshmen who have dropped out during their first year, asking them the reason. Statistics will be compiled from the answers.

OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY.

COLUMBUS, O.—The following have been recommended to the athletic board by Coach Jones to receive the varsity "O": Wells, captain; Markley, Hall, Powell, Barricklow, Boesel, Olds, Bachman, Foss, Egbert, Long, Wright, Lay-bourne and Pavey.

As the result of the work of Professor F. A. McKenzie of the university during the last two years, in pushing the plans of the School Extension Society for playgrounds and schools, Columbus now has a city department of public recreation, comprised of seven citizens who serve on the commission without pay. Five social centers will be opened in school buildings.

About 1200 people attended University chapel to hear Dr. Albert A. Michelson of the physics department of Chicago University lecture on "Metallic Colors in Birds and Insects." The lecture was given under the auspices of the local chapter of Sigma Xi, under the provisions of the J. C. Campbell lecture fund held in trust by the society.

CHICAGO STRIKERS REFUSE PLAN.

CHICAGO—An arbitration plan for the settlement of the garment workers' strike submitted by one firm and approved by the Chicago Federation of Labor, was not accepted by the strikers.

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NEW LABORATORY FOR RHODE ISLAND STATE COLLEGE

Board of Managers of Insti-
tution to Apply to Legisla-
ture for an Appropriation
of \$75,000.

KINGSTON, R. I.—President Edwards of the Rhode Island State College announces the adoption of unanimous resolutions by the college board of managers to apply to the general assembly for an appropriation of \$75,000 for the construction of a building for the departments of chemistry, botany and physics.

In addition to the providing of space for the departments mentioned it is planned to inaugurate a department of bacteriology, which up to the present time the college has been able to give little or no attention to and also to provide an amphitheater for general instruction. It is interesting to note that the chapel in the new dormitory built two years ago has already been outgrown by the natural increase in attendance, although when the building was started the room comfortably accommodated the faculty and students.

The building as proposed is to be of stone from the college granite quarry 130 by 45 feet with a projecting center 30 by 20 feet, three stories in height and having a dry, well-lighted basement.

The space so obtained has been carefully reckoned to meet the needs of a body of 300 students divided among the departments in the relative proportions now obtaining. Estimates place the cost of the building at \$55,000, and the cost of equipping and installing said equipment has been reckoned at \$20,000.

Exclusive of the halls, toilet rooms, cloak rooms, etc., it will be apportioned as follows: For chemistry, 7903 square feet of floor space as against 2690 square feet of floor space now; for botany, 5232 square feet of floor space as against 832 square feet in present quarters; for bacteriology, 2723 square feet of floor space as against 881 square feet in present quarters; for physics, 2681 square feet of floor space as against 1556 square feet in present quarters.

A modern lecture room with seats in semicircular form in tiers, rising one above the other, and a demonstration table in the focus, will constitute a much needed feature of the building.

WESLEYAN UNIVERSITY.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—A new local fraternity, Alpha Chi Alpha, has been organized at Wesleyan University, with a membership of 24. There are now at Wesleyan eight fraternities, in addition to the Commons Club, the non-fraternal organization.

The charter members of Alpha Chi Alpha are: W. C. Judd, Bristol, Conn.; F. E. Mansfield, Middletown, Conn.; W. D. Steckley, Vandalia, Ont.; H. A. Storms, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., 1911; R. H. Drake, Tilton, N. H.; L. C. Flocken and R. H. Flocken, Willimantic, Conn.; W. W. Shepherd, Oakwood, Ky.; R. V. Story, Taunton, Mass.; C. A. Strout, Bangor, Me.; F. W. Tanner, Warsaw, N. Y., 1912; C. A. Bengtson, Middletown, Conn.; J. W. Busch, Newark, N. J.; D. P. Clary, Westfield, Mass.; W. F. Davis, South Manchester, Conn.; L. A. DeMore, East Berlin, Conn.; E. K. French, Dorchester, Mass.; E. P. Weld, Holy Springs, Mass.; T. A. Wood, Quincy, Ky., 1913; J. S. Kel-lom, Winchester, N. H.; W. W. Kohler, Renham, Pa.; G. R. Mott, Arlington, N. J.; G. M. Rogers, Plainville, Conn.; S. N. Storms, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.; and F. C. Tripp, Taunton, Mass., 1914.

Charles K. Travis, 1906, will coach the varsity debating teams.

NEW HAMPSHIRE STATE COLLEGE.

DURHAM, N. H.—At a meeting of the athletic association, held after chapel exercises on Wednesday, Leeland S. Foster of Claremont, N. H., was elected football manager for next season and F. Gordon Fisher of Woburn, Mass., assistant basketball manager for the coming season. The new football manager was assistant manager last season. He is a track man and holds the college record for the mile and 880-yard run, is a lieutenant of the college cadets and belongs to the Gamma Theta Society.

At a meeting of the Agricultural Club, held last Monday evening, the history and growth of the club and the increase in the number of students taking the agricultural courses were discussed. H. V. Bent, a member of the New Hampshire stock judging team at the Chicago show, read a paper on the "International Live Stock Show at Chicago."

The third farmers' one week course is to be held at the college Jan. 30 to Feb. 4 under the supervision of the agricultural faculty. A domestic science course for farmers' wives will also be given this year. The college will hold an exhibit of seed corn, butter, market milk, potatoes and apples and will offer suitable prizes.

The sophomore class has decided on Feb. 17 as the date for the annual sophomore hop. In connection with the hop, the fraternities will probably hold their annual winter house parties.

With good ice easily accessible, there is a decided interest in hockey. One game has already been played between the Zeta Epsilon Zeta and the Kappa Sigma fraternities and resulted in a victory for the latter by the score of 4 to 2.

A feature of the ten weeks dairy school, beginning Jan. 3, will be lectures given from time to time by successful dairymen.

OXFORD MAN FINDS POLITICS IN PICKING RHODES STUDENTS

Dr. Parkin Says on Visit to
Minnesota University That
Method of Selection May
Be Changed.

BEST PUPILS SOUGHT

MINNEAPOLIS—Dr. George R. Parkin of Oxford University, organizing secretary of the Rhodes scholarship trust, is dissatisfied with the manner in which Rhodes students are chosen in the United States and in the general class of students that are being sent to the English university.

Dr. Parkin says that there is too much politics in choosing the Rhodes scholars and he will probably devise a new method which may be used in this country for that purpose.

"We wish to get the best young men of America," said Dr. Parkin, on a visit to the University of Minnesota. "We choose only one young man out of a million and he should be keen, able, powerful and representative of the country."

"There is nothing in England by which America is more judged than the 90 young Americans living among English and colonial students at Oxford. None of the Americans there has been able to obtain scholarship honors without the hardest effort."

"The chief difficulty in the selection seems to spring from the vice of your American politics. To choose the best student impartially a committee must be appointed by the colleges which is impartial and unmoved by any local political or denominational influences."

"The trustees of the scholarships have been much disappointed at the lack of competition in some of the states, and it is not unlikely that they will use their power of suspension in some cases and make the scholarships national instead of limiting them to individual states."

SMITH COLLEGE.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass.—The cast for Smith College senior dramas includes: Grace Clark, Chelsea; Esther Packard, Pasadena, Cal.; Beatrice Cohn, Chicago; Myrtle Alderman, St. Louis; Katherine Ames, West Newton, Mass.; Ruth Griffith, Glens Falls, N. Y.; Winnie Ward, St. Louis; Charlotte Perry, Denver, Col.; Elsa Detmold, New York city; Miriam Levi, Cincinnati; Florence Plant, Cincinnati; Hazel Gleason, Van Wert, O.; Elsie Baskin, Louisville, Ky.; May Mattes, Champaign, Ill.; Helen Houghton, New York city.

President Emeritus L. Clark Seelye will join in the vespers service Sunday.

The old gas lamps on the campus have been replaced by electricity and more lights added.

New members of the Colloquium are: Dorothy Stoddard 1912, Northampton, Mass.; Florence Rawson 1912, Holliston, Mass.; Frances Davis 1912, Hartford, Conn.; Arline Rorke 1912, Tonawanda, N. Y.; Edna Robbins 1911, Orange, Mass.

The annual glee and banjo clubs' concert was given in the auditorium on Wednesday afternoon.

Smith College students have pledged themselves to do their Christmas shopping before the last week, thus relieving some of the burden of the clerks. Comments by salesmen in the local stores testify to the intention of the girls to comply with their pledges.

A scholarship of \$5000, to be known as the Mary Lanning memorial scholarship, has been endowed by Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Lanning of Hastings, Neb. It is named after their daughter Mary T. Lanning, of 1912. The scholarship is to be awarded to meritorious and deserving students who need financial aid, and who are members of the second class. Students from Nebraska will be preferred.

VAŠSAR COLLEGE.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.—"Iphigenia in Tauris," by Euripides, was given Dec. 10 as the second hall play by Philaethesis. In the cast were Lillas O. Wheeler of San Francisco, Sydney P. Thompson of New York city, Henriette Blanding of Belvedere, Cal.; Helen Lockwood of Rochester, N. Y.; Helen B. Rosenthal of Lafayette, Ind.; Helen R. Noyes of Milwaukee, Wis.; Bernice Marks of New York.

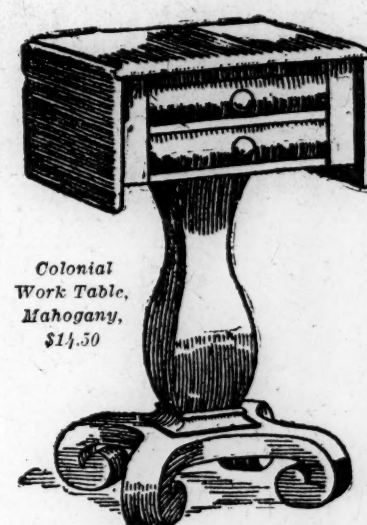
The German faculty gave the members of the Deutscher Verein a party Dec. 12. A joint debate on the income tax was held between T. & M. and Qui Vive, the old and even class debating societies, on Dec. 9.

BROWN UNIVERSITY.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—The following clergymen have been named by President Faunce of Brown University as the speakers at the Wednesday afternoon vespers services:

Jan. 11—The Rev. Charles Stelzel, New York; 18, Bishop Charles E. Woodcock, Louisville; 25, the Rev. H. Roswell Bates, New York. Feb. 1, the Rev. Charles Judson, D. D., New York; 8, the Rev. George H. Ferrie, Philadelphia; March 1, the Rev. Harry E. Fosdick, Montclair, N. J.; 8, the Rev. Clarence A. Harboer, D. D., Rochester, N. Y.

Xmas Gifts at Paine's



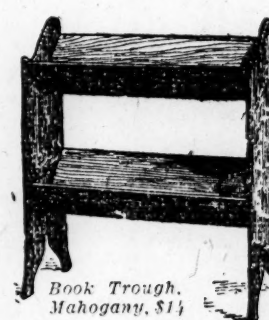
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Mahogany Stand, \$4.50
Lady's Desk Chair,
golden oak, \$3.50
Willow Wood Basket, \$3.50
Colonial Toilet Glass, \$7.50
Lady's Toilet Table, \$15.00
Mahogany Tip Table, \$11.00
Rattan Sewing Chair, \$7.50
Mahogany Finish Lady's Desk, \$9.50
Mahogany Finish Card Table, \$3.50
Mahogany Telephone Stand and Seat, \$10.00
Mahogany Revolving Tray, \$13.50

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NEW POLYTECHNIC SCHOOL QUARTERS AT MONROVIA, CAL.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Plans for the new polytechnic high school group of Monrovia call for one of the handsomest, up-to-date educational institutions in the Southwest. The designs are now in the hands of contractors for estimates and the actual work of construction is soon to begin.

It is the hope of the district that the school will be ready for occupancy by the beginning of the fall term next year. The citizens of the thriving young foothill city recently voted bonds for \$125,000 for the new buildings, and this, taken with the price paid for the site, will represent an outlay of over \$150,000.

The new buildings will be constructed of brick, plastered with white cement on the exterior, the roofs being red Spanish tile. The main or academic building will front 200 feet on Ivy avenue, at Palm street, and will be 87 feet deep.

It will contain a suite of offices for the principal, as well as for the teachers, and 10 spacious class rooms. Laboratories for chemistry, physics and biology, together with a large art studio will occupy the second floor, which will also contain a study hall.

Immediately back of this building and connected with it by a cloister will be an unique open-air auditorium with a seating capacity of 1000. This will have cement bowled floors and be surrounded by a series of columns.

In connection with this altogether novel feature there will be dressing rooms and other conveniences. Fronting on Palm avenue, directly east of the main building and connected with it by a pergola, will stand the manual arts building, "T" shaped, with a frontage of 100 feet by a depth of 32 feet, and connected with a rear central wing 32x53 feet in size.

This department will be equipped in the most modern fashion, provision being made for instruction in wood carving, joinery, pattern making, lathe work, mechanical drawing, metal working and forge work. Lockers and storerooms will be unusually complete.

At Ivy and White Oak avenues the city will also rear an attractive eight-room grammar school. The assembly room of this building will have a seating capacity of 500 and provision will be made for manual training and domestic science departments.

All the buildings planned will be heated with warm air furnaces, with a mechanical fan system of ventilation, and will be equipped with sanitary drinking fountains and vacuum cleaning systems.

MARYLAND AFIRE GAINS SEWALL'S POINT IN SAFETY

NORFOLK, Va.—The 300 passengers were all taken to safety when a fire partly destroyed the steamer Maryland of the New York, Philadelphia & Norfolk railroad Thursday night.

Eight United States sailors on board probably saved many passengers and prevented the destruction of the steamer. A sailor named Stone lunged over the side while several companions held his feet. With his hands he burst a window leading to the freight hold and turned a stream of water on the fire. He held that position for 15 minutes while the Maryland was racing for Sewall's point to discharge her passengers.

A dozen tugs in a short time had streams turned on the blaze.

The steamer Pennsylvania, from Norfolk, took on the passengers from the Maryland and proceeded to Cape Charles.

MEDIATION ASKED BY 61 RAILROADS

CHICAGO—An appeal to United States Commissioner of Labor Charles P. Neill and to Chairman Martin Knapp of the interstate commerce commission, to act as mediators in the wage controversy between the railroads and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers has been made by the western railroads.

"This action on the part of the 61 railroads operating south, west and north of Chicago, which have had the question of wages up for discussion, with the engineers, followed the refusal of the latter to accept the offer of 9½ per cent increase over the old scale."

WADE H. ELLIS DECLINES OFFER

WASHINGTON—Appointment to a judgeship in the customs court of appeals, tendered him by President Taft, to fill the vacancy caused by the promotion of Judge William H. Hunt to the commerce court, was declined Thursday by Wade H. Ellis of Ohio.

Mr. Ellis thanked the President for the offer, but said he thought he had better continue at his law practice.

SUSTAINS SAFETY APPLIANCE.

NEW ORLEANS—Sustaining the safety appliance act of Congress and giving to it a broader application than has heretofore been recorded, the United States circuit court of appeals for the fifth circuit passed down an opinion Tuesday holding that the use of each defective car in a train is the unit of offense.

GEORGE R. WHITE PAYS HEAVIEST INDIVIDUAL TAX

Books of the city assessors show George R. White of 135 Commonwealth avenue as paying the highest individual tax in Boston this year. Mr. White had this same distinction last year.

The 12 persons paying the largest individual tax in the city pay on more than \$1,000,000 each. Mr. White heading the list with \$3,880,002. Others in the list, three of whom are women, are: Mrs. Isabel Anderson, \$2,257,100; A. Shuman, \$1,704,202; Eben D. Jordan, \$1,569,102; Washington B. Thomas, \$1,537,002; Miss Lotta M. Crabtree, \$1,383,000; Frederick Ayer, \$1,379,400; William K. Porter, \$1,373,902; Eugene K. Foss, \$1,326,902; George N. Black, \$1,175,302; Henry B. Williams, \$1,099,002; Martha C. Codman, \$1,043,800.

The trustee who is the heaviest tax contributor to the city treasury this year, according to the officials at city hall, is C. E. Cotting. He pays taxes this year on upwards of \$60,000,000 of property.

NATIONAL HOUSE SETS RECESS DAY

WASHINGTON—Holiday recess of the House will begin after next Thursday's session and continue until Jan. 4. This is the plan of the Republican leaders.

Later on, perhaps in January, evening sessions of the House are likely, with a view of facilitating the administration's legislative program.

HATTERS & FURNISHERS

For Men

Bathrobes, fur lined gloves, silk hosiery, neckwear; leather novelties, umbrellas and accessories that will please discriminating Christmas buyers. We invite inspection.

Putnam & Boning
34 Boylston St., Boston

FASHIONS AND THE HOUSEHOLD

SHIRT WAIST OF MOIRE SILK

Body portion and sleeves cut in one.

THE shirt waist of silk, flannel or washable material is one of the garments that is necessary to comfort. This one is made of moire silk. Body portion and sleeves are cut in one and it is very simple and easy to make. There is a seam at the back and the closing is made at the front with the regulation box-pleat. In place of the long sleeves, those of elbow length with rolled over cuffs can be used and the neck can be finished with a flat, round collar, but the waist illustrated is a practical, useful and smart one. The skirt is plaited in the most becoming and satisfactory manner. It includes the box-pleat effect at front and back that marks the season, while the sides are arranged to indicate panels.

This skirt is made of serge, but the model could be utilized for any skirting material, or the entire costume could be made of cashmere or other simple wool material, if preferred. Cotton poplins are pretty and are much used for indoor wear and both waist and skirt made of mercerized poplin in one of the catwaba shades would make a most practical gown for morning wear.

The quantity of material required for the medium size will be for the waist 2½ yards 36 or 44 inches wide, for the skirt will be needed 6½ yards 27, 4½ yards 44, 3½ yards 52 for serge or other material without up and down, but if all the gores must be cut in one 7½ yards 27, 4½ yards 44 or 52 inches will be required.

A pattern of the waist No. 6822, sizes 34 to 44 inch bust or of the skirt No. 6552, sizes 22 to 32 inch waist, can be had at any May Manton agency or will be sent by mail. Address 132 East 23d street, New York, or Masonic Temple, Chicago.



AVOID EXTREMES OF FASHION

Especially if you expect to make over your gowns.

AS has frequently been remarked, the present modes in gowns seem to have been especially designed for the benefit of the woman who, either from inclination or necessity, indulges in the practice of trying to make new things out of old, or of clothing herself from the remnant counter. This being so, it behooves every impecunious member of the fair sex to make hay while the sun shines and thereby save all the money she can for the new frocks she will be compelled to buy in the future, for it seems extremely probable that any new ones she may purchase now will be useless when they have gone out of fashion. To devise a new style of garment that could be cut out of one of the gowns now in vogue, with its scanty allowance of material, and that little of two or three different kinds, seems to be beyond the power even of genius, unless, perchance, the new dress were to be something of the kind designated by Bernard Shaw as "rational."

By exercising careful thought, it is possible, however, for the woman to whom it is important that her gowns

should possess a capacity for long service as well as modishness to avoid unprofitable purchases. If she must have new frocks, let her avoid all the extreme styles of the season, not only because they cannot long retain any measure of favor they may have been able to win from the really fashionable, but also because these styles are just the ones that yield themselves least readily to any attempts at remodeling. Every one must know that the conspicuously narrow skirt cannot long be considered modish, and the tendency to cut up the material of the gowns worn now, particularly in a horizontal direction, will make it impossible for them to conceal their antiquity when they once go out of fashion.

The skirt that has unbroken vertical lines and is neither very wide nor very narrow can be worn for many seasons without being noticeably out of date, and such a skirt can be found if one will but persevere in the search. It will surprise many to learn just how wide a skirt may be at the bottom, if the cut is right and the material not too heavy, without a sacrifice of chicness.—New York Tribune.

NEW SET OF CUBE BLOCKS IN THE HOME PLAY LESSONS OF A CHILD

THE fourth gift, or toy, in the logical development of the child's ideas through play, is a cube of eight blocks, each one two inches long, one inch wide and one inch thick.

These blocks may easily be made by any one with a saw, a piece of half-inch board and some sandpaper. The board must be of moderately hard wood, the measurements must be exact, and each block must be sand papered smooth. The gift, packed in a neat box, may be bought at the kindergarten supply house, for about 20 cents.

If it is to be made at home, the box must be supplied, for it is a great addition to the usefulness of the gift, emphasizing the fact of the cube being a unit, a separate thing from the rest of the child's blocks, and also an incentive to neatness, the last action of any game being, as with the third gift, reforming the cube and putting it into the box.

Ned will at once begin to compare it with his first cube, and the resemblances as well as the differences will soon appear.

Call his attention to this fact that it is a cube of the same size as the first (supposing that your first cube has been of the ordinary inch-square blocks), the

same shape, and has, similarly, eight pieces. He will see for himself that the pieces are not the same shape, and will very likely say that the new ones look like little bricks.

Next set the cubes side by side and let him see that they are the same shape. Then separate them into two parts (you manipulating the new cube and he the old one) then into four parts, then into eight.

Then take the last cube and the last one of the bricks and compare them with him. Show him that one is longer than the other, just twice as long, the brick is as long as two cubes. The brick is just the same width, but the cube is as thick as two blocks. Use the words "thick," "wide," and "long," in exactly the same way every time you speak of the dimensions of the bricks.

Now set two cubes together, and two bricks, and Ned will see that they are the same sized objects divided in two ways—which is just what all this preliminary talk was meant to lead up to.

Show him the two cuts, horizontal and vertical—but never, says Margaret Louise Wallace in the Sacramento Union, use the words horizontal and vertical to your baby. Up and down and across he knows, if you have taught the ball songs and exercises carefully. Those ideas are clear in his mind and these familiar terms are the ones you must use in describing the cuts in the cubes.

WOMAN'S CLUB PUTS HISTORY INTO SCRAPBOOK

ONE of the members of a woman's club read the statement of a librarian that if a scrapbook of the happenings of each town as published in the newspapers were thoroughly and systematically kept, the result would be a good local history. Our club decided that it would make such a scrapbook instead of taking up the history of a foreign country. Every member was appointed to collect all the newspaper or magazine articles she could find that had anything in them about the town, and to question the older inhabitants.

The first surprise was just how little was really known about the town. Any one wanting information had to sift a mass of hearsays and inaccuracies. Public interest grew, and hoarded newspapers and clippings were brought out and offered for the scrapbook. The local papers and a clipping bureau aided in the work. By the time the club members met they had considerable valuable matter. It was a task to sort subjects, dates, etc., but it was quite worth while. It is surprising how interesting the happenings of the most quiet little community are when thus collected.—Good Housekeeping.

HOME HELPS

BUYING olive oil by the gallon is one case of economy.

To cover the pan in which fish is cooking will make the flesh soft.

A clam shell in the inside of the kettle will prevent the formation of lime.

When grating nutmeg remember they will grate best if started from the blossom end.

Lemons hardened from long standing may be made usable by covering a few moments with boiling water.

One of the newest luncheon cloths is a white linen with a border of Byzantine worked in pale blue cotton.

A common magnet is needed on the sewing machine, for it is found useful in picking out pins in the machine drawers.

Leaving for cake may be prevented from cracking by adding one teaspoonful of cream to each unbeaten egg. Stir all together, then add sugar until as stiff as desired.

FURS FOR HOLIDAY GIFTS.

C. G. Gunther's Sons

Established 1826.



Imperial Crown Russian Sable Skins, ranging from medium shades to the finest and darkest skins obtainable.

A rare collection of Silver Fox Skins.

Imported models and models of our own design in Long and Medium Coats, Muffs and Neckpieces. All the desirable furs.

An unusual stock of Ladies' Fur Hats, imported models.

Gentlemen's Furs.—Coats, Caps, Gloves, Robes and Rugs in a great variety.

Garments made to order from any special design.

FURS FOR CHILDREN.

391 Fifth Avenue,
New York.

TRIED RECIPES

MOCK CHICKEN.
Two pounds round steak cut rather thin, one quarter pound bacon, one onion. Cut steak into pieces about five inches long and three inches wide. Salt and pepper, then take bacon and cut into strips and lay lengthwise of steak. Slice a little onion on top of bacon. Roll crosswise and either hold together with toothpicks or tie with twine. Put plenty of butter and lard in spider and let the steak brown on all sides, then pour on boiling water as it cooks away. When ready to serve remove toothpicks. Thicken the gravy with a little flour and water and pour over steak. If one likes tomatoes a little may be added when half done.

FRENCH ROLL.
Sift two quarts of flour, which would be eight measuring cups full, with a level tablespoon of salt and one half cup of sugar. Heat two cups of milk to the scalding point, add one quarter cup of lard, and when lukewarm turn in one half yeast cake dissolved in a little cool water. Make a hole in the center of the flour, pour in the mixture but do not stir; cover and set away to rise light. When risen mix and knead and let rise again. Repeat the rising and cut down, then roll out, cut in rounds, brush half of each with melted butter, fold over and let rise in a pan set closely together. Bake in a hot oven.

RYE BREAKFAST CAKES.
Beat one egg light, add one half cup of sugar, two cups of milk, a saltspoon of salt, one and one half cups rye meal, one and one half cups of flour and three level teaspoons of baking powder. Bake in a hot greased gem pan.

NEW ENGLAND TEA CAKE.
Scald two cups of milk and add one quarter cup of butter. Beat four eggs and put into the milk when it becomes lukewarm. Add two tablespoons of sugar, one level teaspoon of salt and one and one half cakes of yeast, dissolved in two tablespoons of lukewarm water. Put four cups of sifted flour into a bowl and pour in the liquids. Work smoothly together and beat hard for five minutes; cover and let rise. Stir down and pour into a buttered pan and let rise again until nearly twice the original size. Bake in a moderate oven for three quarters of an hour.

AIR BALLS.
Sift two cups of flour with four level teaspoons of baking powder and add a saltspoon of salt. Rub in a level tablespoon of butter and mix with seven eighths-cup of milk or enough to make a soft dough to roll out. Roll one third of an inch thick and fry in deep hot fat. Drain and dip in hot molasses. These may be served as a dessert or for a luncheon dish.

Artistic Gowns

At a dinner party given in Paris recently for two visiting American women the hostess and her daughters wore exquisitely colored silk dresses which attracted much attention because of their unusual designs, flying birds on one and clusters of flowers, of which no two gowns were alike, on the other. These designs had been painted by two well-known artists, and fashionable dress-makers have since then taken many orders for painted costumes which one of the profession said would never become popular "because a dress of that kind costs a little fortune when it is well done and is worthless when done cheaply."—New York Tribune.

Manufacturers

Jobbers

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Find in

The Monitor
Fashion and
Household
Pages

an effective means to
thoroughly establish
the merits of their
goods

LAMP SHADES WITH PORTRAITS

One may use pictures of authors.

IN this day of wonderful glass shades, constructed out of broken bits of colored glass or mosaics of colored crystals, it sounds rather old-fashioned to recommend hand-made lamp shades. Yet there are many of the latter in new and novel form that can be made without much expense and which will meet with approval.

Large lamp shades are not advisable. The fashion of the day calls for glass in some form, as soon as the lamp assumes robust proportions. It is the little lamps and the candles that call for these attractive shades.

Some years ago there came an agreeable method of making a lamp shade from magazine pictures of beautiful women. These were cut out and pasted on transparent rice paper and paneled with strips of gold braid or paper.

This was repeated at each edge of the finish. The best known of the actresses are usually chosen for these lamp shades,

but if preferred one can use well-known authors. This choice is especially good for a lamp to be used on a desk or in a library.

It would be very nice to get old pictures of the Bronte sisters, of Jane Austen, of Fanny Burney, of George Eliot and of Mrs. Norton, the heroine of "Diana of the Crossways."

Another way of making these shades is to cut out large flowers from scarlet and black paper, paste them on transparent white paper, and passpartout the edges with black, and run strips of black between each two flowers.

More durable shades are made from stringing together crystal beads on thin silver wire. If one has any ingenuity at such things the beads can be used to form designs, if not, a straight up and down effect can be chosen, each string being a different color from its neighbor. A good many white ones should be used to give a chance for the light to get through.—St. Louis Globe Democrat.

HANDBAG OF VELVET SHOULD BE ELEGANT

JUST as another evidence of the vogue for velvet, the black handbag is here. It is of all shapes, sizes and conditions, and will be carried to the extreme, possibly, to which most accessories run. When the black velvet handbag is good it is very, very good, and when it is cheap it is horrid. Like other velvet garments, the handbag has its place. It belongs with the velvet costume, with the evening wrap or with the dressy afternoon suit. It should be carried in order that a final touch of elegance shall complete a costume. There you have it! Elegance. Not an inferior, rough, faded black velvet, but a fine, well-lined, well-shaped bag should be your aim, says the Philadelphia North American.

Velvet bags need not have metal mountings this season. The soft forms that are drawn up on a silk cord are the newest from Paris. These are beautiful when lined with soft satin in bright colors. If you wish to mark your handbag with the valuable personal touch, a monogram in a circle or diamond can be embroidered in one corner. It must not be large, the greatest size not exceeding two inches. White letters done with silk and the background filled in with colored beads are extremely effective when the small amount of time required to make them is considered.

The best velvet is only a little more expensive than mediocre grades. Therefore buy the best, and rejoice in a handbag that expresses the good sense and high standard of its wearer.

Nursery Note

"Toddler" is an autocrat, and a mischievous one. To keep him amused, I have presented him with a piece of chalk (white, as he still investigates by means of his mouth), and have made a dado on the wall with brown paper. Three smooth new sheets cost next to nothing, but held in place by drawing pins they form a wide space in which the boy can develop his artistic faculty. En passant, he is amused and I am at liberty, the price of further liberty being fresh paper now and again.

MODES IN BRIEF

SOME exquisite tablecloths have a border of drawn work on their very edge outside the hem.

A big buckle of embroidery, copied from some Persian design, is charming as a finish at the back of the belt.

The high black boots with the lattice-work design, extending from the low vamp to the top, and heavily beaded in jet, are among the most effective dress shoes.

Jabots of the Madeira eyelet work are unusually attractive. Frills for the fancy blouse made of this handwork give an air to one's costume quite to be desired.

Cut velvets or velvet broadens are among the most elegant of the new materials for handsome reception gowns.

Many housegowns are made open at the throat, giving opportunity for displaying fascinating necklaces and jewel collars.

A Persian fancy is facing the collar or high soft revers with brilliant color—cerise, emerald or some one of the rich, vivid blues associated with black.

Flowered silk coats, recalling the palmiest days of the French empire, are seen this season. They are worn with lace skirts for dinner gowns.

Crochet Stitch

NOW is the time to make crocheted ties for father or the boys. A stylish stitch that looks intricate is easily made from ordinary crocheting, save that a strip is formed in the middle of the tie by taking four stitches through the stitch, not on the last row knit, but two rows below.

Cast on the desired number of stitches for the width, knit straight across for three rows, then in the fourth row when coming to the proper stitch to make the four rows of stitching in the middle of the tie put the needle into the first row and knit the usual way. After finishing the stripe knit straight across to the end.

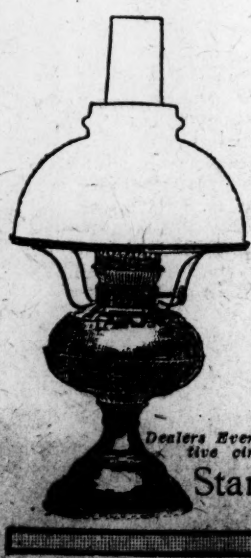
The Famous Rayo

Gives the Best Light at Any Price

When you pay more than the Rayo price for a lamp, you are paying for extra decorations that cannot add to the quality of the light. You can't pay for a better light, because there is none. An oil light has the least effect on the human eye, and the Rayo Lamp is the best oil lamp made, though low in price. You can pay \$5, \$10, or \$20 for some other lamp, and although you get a more costly lamp, you can't get a better light than the white, mellow, diffused, unflickering light of the low-priced Rayo.

Has a strong, durable shade-holder. This season's burr adds to the strength and appearance. Made of solid brass, nickel-plated, and easily polished.

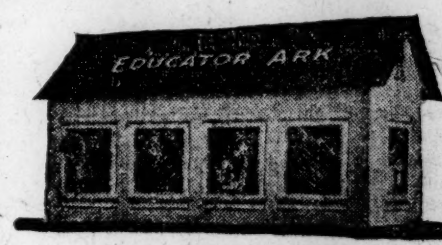
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Dealers Everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the
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Delight and Nourish Youngsters



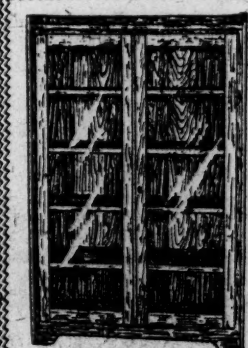
A Permanent Plaything

Here's the latest addition to the Educator Cracker family. Packed in a beautiful Ark of heavy tin, lithographed in 12 colors. The Highest Class Cracker Container ever put out in America.

"Just the thing for Christmas"

Educator Animal Crackers are made from Entire Wheat, Rye, Barley, Cornmeal and Oatmeal. Educator Animal Crackers for refilling ark sold in 25c tins by your grocer. If your grocer can't supply you send us \$1.00 and we will send EXPRESS PREPAID.

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Early English Bookcase . . . 14.98

A compact, serviceable piece bookcase. Glass doors, adjustable shelves. Good design. Built of solid oak and finished in Early English. Priced here at

\$14.98

Over here rent is not figured in dollars per square inch.

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Sample Free Write Today

Eugene A strikingly perfumed disappearing cream of snowy whiteness, free from metal, oil, grease; imparts translucent effect; is best foundation for complexion powder.

YOUNG AMERICAN HYGIENIC COMPANY, Wm. M. Chase, President, 140 WEST BORTH STREET, CHICAGO.

FARMS OF VERMONT FEWER IN NUMBER, BUT HIGHER IN VALUE

United States Census Statement of the Agricultural Conditions in State, as Compared With 1900.

ACREAGE LESS TOO

WASHINGTON—While a general increase in farm values is shown by the federal census report for Vermont for 1910 issued today, the total improved acreage has declined 23 per cent since 1900 when the last census was taken. There are also 17 per cent fewer farms operated by the "all tenants" class, 2 per cent fewer farms and a reduction of 2 per cent in the total farm acreage. There have been the following increases in values in the last 10 years: In the total expenditures for labor, 51 per cent; in the total value of all farm buildings alone, 45 per cent; in the total value of all farm implements and machinery, 35 per cent; in expenditures for fertilizers, 28 per cent; in the total value of all farm land and buildings, 35 per cent; in the average value per acre of farm land and buildings, 24 per cent; in the total value of all farm land alone, 27 per cent; in the number of farms conducted by managers, 2 per cent; in the number of farms conducted by the "all owners" class, 1 per cent; and in the average acres per farm, 1 per cent.

The total value of farm land and buildings was given in 1910 as \$112,327,000, as against \$83,072,000 in 1900, an increase of \$29,255,000, or 35 per cent. The total value of farm lands alone was reported in 1910 as \$38,255,000, as compared with \$45,814,000 in 1900, a gain of \$12,441,000, or 27 per cent.

The total value of farm buildings alone was given in 1910 as \$54,072,000, as against \$37,258,000 in 1900, an increase of \$16,814,000, or 45 per cent. The reported value of farm implements and machinery was \$10,162,000 in 1910, as against \$7,538,000 in 1900, a gain of \$2,624,000, or 35 per cent.

The total number of farms operated by the "all owners" class constituted 86 per cent of the whole number of farms in 1910, and 84 per cent in 1900; those operated by the "all tenants" class 12 per cent in 1910 and 15 per cent in 1900 and those operated by managers 2 per cent in both 1910 and 1900.

PROPOSE REVISION OF SCHOOL GRADE

PAWTUCKET, R. I.—Acting upon the report of Supt. Frank O. Draper, the school committee has decided to rearrange the study schedule in this city so that eight grades shall constitute the combined primary and grammar departments of the public school system, instead of nine. A provision is made whereby the change will not affect the pupils now in the ninth grade.

These eight grades are below the high school grades, and when put into operation will bring this city to the same basis as nearly all others in the country. The city schools cost \$220,000 to run during the past fiscal year, of which \$7000 was spent for evening schools.

The day schools cost \$31 per pupil and the evening schools \$9. It costs \$250 an hour to maintain the day schools, while they are open, and \$77 an hour for evening schools. There are 885 hours in the day school and 90 hours in the evening school calendars.

SEEKING PARDON FOR BANKER.

WASHINGTON—Charles W. Morse's petition for pardon has been formally presented to the department of justice. Mrs. Morse has made another petition and this has been presented to President Taft by Senator Hale. The President sent it to Attorney-General Wickersham.

BIG MINING DEAL CLOSED.

SPOKANE, Wash.—The Domingo group of five mining camps on Salmon river, central Idaho, has been turned over to Chicago men for a five-year lease and bond. The consideration is \$150,000 and the terms \$10,000 every quarter until the amount is paid.

**THE BURTON
PLAYER-PIANO**
With the New 88-Note
Henry F. Miller Player-Action
of our exclusive manufacture
and recognized as the
finest player piano yet
produced.

\$600
An unprecedented opportunity—no player-piano of such quality ever having been offered before at so low a price.

**HENRY F. MILLER & SONS
PIANO CO.**
Warehouses: 295 Boylston Street.

OLD MANUSCRIPT SELLS FOR HIGH PRICE AT AUCTION

LONDON—The original manuscripts of several works by George Meredith and Lord Byron, which were described in a previous number of this paper, were offered for sale by Messrs. Sotheby, and realized very high prices. The Meredith MSS., consisting of 15 lots and covering in all about 1600 pages quarto, realized a total of £1866. The highest price was paid for "A Conqueror in Our Time," an early, unpublished version of approximately half the novel afterward called "One of Our Conquerors"; this was knocked down for £260. The original autograph MS. of Byron's "Ode to Napoleon Bonaparte," 16 stanzas on 13 pages quarto, fetched £320; no other autograph MS. of this poem is known to exist, and there are many differences between it and the printed version.

Other items of interest were a collection of nine autograph letters from Pope to his publisher, the Second Folio Shakespeare, not quite perfect, 86 letters, etc., by Ruskin, and the first edition of Keats' "Endymion."

The day's sale consisting of 182 lots realized £4258 15s. 6d.

CHAMBER COMMERCE DIVIDED ON ENVELOPE PRINTING MEASURE

Directors of the Boston Chamber of Commerce will discuss the bill pending in the Senate which prohibits the government from printing the name and address of the purchaser on stamped envelopes, a permanent tariff commission and the establishment of a court of patent appeals at the monthly meeting on Tuesday evening at the American house.

Leroy S. Brown, Arthur C. Farley, Frank A. Day, William A. Flinders and George A. Frost have been recommended by the directors as the nominating committee and they will be voted on at this meeting.

Some members of the chamber, especially those engaged in printing and allied lines of business, say that the United States should not engage in the printing business any more than it should in the dry goods business, while other members who use large quantities of stamped envelopes believe that this practice results in great saving and convenience to the public.

A special train has been chartered by the chamber to carry New England business men to the national tariff commission convention at the New Willard hotel, Washington, on Jan. 11-12.

Elect New Members

Boston Chamber of Commerce directors met Thursday afternoon and added 101 new members, mostly city business men. Among these were:

Arthur S. Aborn, W. S. Appleton, F. J. Bradlee, Reuben Bromfield, Thomas M. Cahill, George R. Loughran, Samuel B. Duggett, John M. Dotter, William T. Farley, Roy A. Fay, John R. Foster, Robert H. Gardner, Jr., Fred P. Harvey, William D. Harvey, William M. Hatch, Edgar F. Hathaway, Frank Hayden, Roland G. Hopkins, A. T. Howard, James Landy, E. E. Angell, William Irving Atwood, Matthew Bartlett, George P. Beckford, Prescott Bigelow, Walter B. Binman, R. S. Brine, Walter S. Bucklin, Storer F. Crafts, Patrick H. Crowley, Charles D. Daly, George C. Doane, Hayward C. Dodge, Augustus H. Eastis, Charles A. Kidder, John M. Longyear, George A. Lund, James J. Longhery, Eugene V. McAuliffe, Robert A. Manning, G. H. McCandless, Thomas W. Murray, N. J. Neall, Leon W. Newton, John A. Pettigrew, James Otis Porter, Gilbert M. Ramsey, L. K. Rourke, W. Frank Mattson, M. H. Merrill, J. W. Newton, John Noble, Edwin B. Pillsbury, Robert Rantoul, H. B. Ritchie, Morris M. Roud, Ira W. Shapiro, Theodore L. Shaw, D. M. Shoshian, William Standen, Herman L. Stearns, David Stoneman, Allan H. Sturges, A. F. Walker, William Walker, Stephen H. Williams, Arthur C. Wise, W. K. Farrington, E. J. Ferris, Edward C. Fitz, Victor Friend, Adam Gifford, William G. Gallagher, George P. Grant, Jr., Nathan C. Harrison, James Munroe Heilbrun, George W. Holden, Clarence M. Howlett, Constantine Hutchins, C. H. Jaquith, Charles H. Sampson, Earnest E. Smith, Benjamin Spaulding, Spencer J. Steinmetz, William S. Stevens, A. Loring Swasey, David F. Tiley, Franklin N. Thatcher, Eugene H. Tilton, Fred H. Towne, F. H. Warner, Jr., Lyon Weyburn, Alfred S. Williams.

The out-of-town members elected were William H. Binman, East Weymouth; George E. Close, Cambridge; Fred E. Hollis, West Somerville; Norris F. Conley, Lexington; Thomas J. Donnelly, Winchester; Thomas Roland, Nahant; John T. Scully, Cambridge; George Grafton Wilson, Harvard University.

ARRANGES TRIAL OF PACKERS.

WASHINGTON—A special trial force to conduct the prosecutions pending under the anti-trust law against the packers recently indicted at Chicago, has been arranged by the department of justice. The prosecution will be under the direction of the attorney general, but will be conducted by James Wilkerson and other Chicago lawyers.

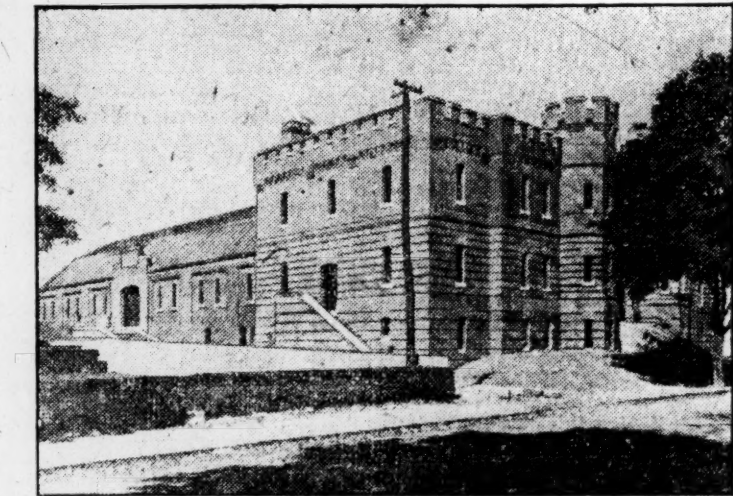
WIRE LINES PROPOSED.

OTTAWA, Ont.—The Imperial Traction Company will apply to Parliament for incorporation. It proposes to construct railway, telegraph and telephone lines from Hamilton, running through Guelph, Berlin, Stratford, St. Mary's, London, Ingersoll, Woodstock, Brantford, and back to Hamilton, with branches to Niagara Falls and Toronto.

NEW ARMORY AT ATTLEBORO OF VOLUNTEER MILITIA TO BE DEDICATED BY GOVERNOR



CAPT. L. W. COOLIDGE.



GOVERNMENT DEFENSE BUILDING.

PANAMA TOLLS BILL CRITICIZED

WASHINGTON—Opposition to the administration bill "to provide for the payment of tolls and transit charges of public vessels of the United States and merchant vessels of the United States passing through the Panama canal," is expected by Senator Frye. It has already aroused much criticism.

BUST OF VERDI FOR OPERA HOUSE

Luigi Campi, a Boston sculptor, has made a bust of the Italian composer, Verdi, which, together with a pedestal, is to be presented to the directors of the Boston Opera House. The bust was ordered four months ago by three Boston citizens: Giuseppe DiCola, A. G. Tomassello and S. Stabile.

NEW HALL PLANS FOR HOUSE READY

WASHINGTON—Unless there is an unexpected hitch, the work of remodeling the hall of the House of Representatives will begin as soon as the present session of Congress adjourns, and the new hall will be ready for the Democrats at the opening of the new Congress next December.

Representative McCall of Massachusetts, chairman of the committee on libraries, has received the plans from the architects, designed to rearrange the hall of the House by reducing its size and improving its ventilation and acoustic properties. The estimated cost of the alterations is \$375,000.

R. A. GUERNSEY PASSES AWAY.

WINCHESTER, Mass.—Ransom A. Guernsey, formerly of Hudson, Mass., passed away at his home in Winchester Thursday. Mr. Guernsey was prominent in Masonic circles and was also an Old Fellow.

SUBMARINE IN COLLISION.

HARWICH, Eng.—Five of the crew of the naval tender Elin were lost today in a collision between the tender and a submarine. The Elin was sunk and the submarine seriously damaged.

SUBWAY TRAFFIC OF PARK STREET BETTER HANDLED

Efforts of the public utilities committee of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, of which Henry Howard is chairman, have induced better handling of Park street subway traffic so that passengers from the north who wish to go in the direction of the Park Street church may leave by the main entrance instead of by the exit opposite Winter street, a block farther south in Tremont street. This does not apply after 4:30 p. m.

General Bancroft, president of the elevated road, in a letter to Mayor Fitzgerald, agrees in the mayor's contention that more room is needed in the Park street subway station.

"If any more space were provided by public authority, we would, of course, be very glad," he wrote.

A contract awarded by the Boston Elevated Company for structural steel for the new Sullivan square station calls for the first deliveries by Feb. 1. The excavating will be started next month.

TOWNS ASK CHANGE IN BERKSHIRE AND HAMPTON NEW LINE

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Efforts are being made by the towns in southwestern Hampshire county and southern Berkshire county to have the New England Investment & Security Company, which is the trolley holding company in Massachusetts for the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, change the route of the 20-mile link that must be built before Jan. 1, 1913, between Huntington and East Lee.

Blandford, Russell and Otis citizens have filed a petition for an amendment of the act giving permission to build this link, so that the route will be altered to give service to those towns, and the people of Southwick and Granville also want this new through line to touch their towns.

Westward from Springfield the trolley line now extends as far as Huntington, nearly 20 miles. The trolley company has surveyed a route from there to East Lee, nearly 20 miles more, which passes through the towns of Chester and Pecket, following the course of the Westfield river. The country is mountainous and in one of the most beautiful parts of Berkshire county.

Blandford lies southwest of Russell and the people of that town want the trolley to leave the present line at a point in Russell and go to Blandford Center, then through North Blandford to Otis and thence to East Lee.

The third route interests the people of Southwick, Granville, Blandford, Otis and East Lee. Surveyors are now at work in Southwick laying a route for an extension of the Feeding Hills line of the Springfield Street Railway Company, which would go to Southwick Center.

From Southwick the people in Granville would have the line extended through their town, then on to Blandford, Otis and East Lee.

FIRE IN SOUTH BOSTON.

A fire early today at 264 E street, corner of Bowen street, South Boston, caused the 10 inmates to seek the street. Mrs. William Hanan and 5-year-old son on the second floor were held in their room by smoke until the fire was over. Mrs. and Mr. Nolan were taken down from the third story by firemen on the ladder. The other six escaped by the stairways.

IN THE REALMS OF MUSIC

If we go home from the opera in doubt as to what happened in a certain scene, and if we find that the only way to clear up our difficulty is to resort to the libretto, we may be pretty sure that the work of some of the actors fell below the mark. Every drama has moments which are a task for the best of artists to make plain, and some operatic pieces have a whole period of action which, except under the evocative power of great impersonators, yield nothing but a harvest of vocalism.

Rudolph and Marcel sing a long time together in the third act of "Bohème" at the front of the stage; Mimi, standing in the half distance and listening to them, makes us know by her gestures and exclamations that Marcel is trying to make Rudolph come to an understanding with her. Now if we have a Sammarco and a McCormack representing the painter and the poet, and if they are giving to their music a beauty of baritone and tenor color that we think we have never heard surpassed, what care we about their impersonation power, so long as it brings reasonable illusion? The figure in the background takes care of the action for us and gives that last touch which makes a perfect operatic scene. Here are resplendency of tone and clarity of action; and what do opera makers give their lives to their art for, but in the hope of compelling these two things to work together for our delight?

Let us, on occasion, have a Mimi on our Boston opera stage who can command the results that Puccini hoped for when he took Murguer's novel from the shelf and schemed to convert it into a lyric drama. Let us have a singer who can authoritatively tell our Lipkowskas and our Stelmans how the scene at the barbers ought to be acted. Mimi, Nordica has shown our sopranos what the role of Giuseppina ought to be, and what the role of Murguerite. Let Mimi, Melba

give them a study of Mimi. And let them attend carefully to the Australian artist's composition of the part, for their next audiences may contain people who remember her in the scene with Rudolph and Marcel and they will judge severely.

But our sopranos will be measured with Mimi, Melba in nothing else but acting. The other element in her Mimi characterization, the singing, will always be something too highly prized to be used for any purposes of comparison. Her singing in the first and last acts of "Bohème" on Thursday evening—what have we heard like it in our opera house? Here was Puccini's heroine characterized vocally, not in a monotony of pathos, but in endless changes of color, in the greatest variety of rhythmic and dynamic impulse, and always with tone responsive, in whatever register of the voice, to the precise shade of sentiment that the singer wished to express.

Mr. Russell showed at his Melba night what his resources are when he makes up his mind to give the Boston opera subscribers a performance with a strong cast. The public, in their turn, showed that they appreciate dramatic singing of a high order when it is provided by their local manager, just as well as they do when it is brought to them from afar. "Bohème" was conducted by Mr. Goodrich. The singers were: Mimi, Nellie Melba; Musetta, Fely Deyreine; Rodolfo, John McCormack; Marcello, Mario Sammarco; Colline, Jose Madones; Schaundid, Attilio Pulcin; Alcide, John Morgan; Benoit, Luigi Tavecchia; Un Doganiere, Frederick Huddy; Parnipino, C. Strocchio.

VON WARLICH RECITAL.

Reinold von Warlich, basso, gave a recital in Chickering hall Thursday. Considerable skill was shown in making the role of Murguerite. Let Mimi, Melba

raphy and the list of songs is therefore given:

Schumann, 12 songs, Liederkreis op. 39; Early English songs—Ford, "Since First I Saw Your Face"; Jones, "Go to Bed, Sweet Muse"; Brown, "Drink to Me Only"; Arne, "Blow, Blow, Thine Winter Wind"; Morley, "It Was a Lover and His Lass"; Scotch and English ballads—"The Bonnie Earl of Moray," "King Henry, My Son"; Dibdin, "Tom Bowling"; Hullah, "Three Fishers"; German ballads by Loewe—"Herr Qlaf," "Der Wirtin Tochterlein," "Prinz Eugen," "Erkkoenig."

The program stated that Mr. von Warlich is our tour. He is surely an ambitious young man and has both voice and ideas, so can no doubt take in good part a criticism whose purpose is to speed him on his way by pointing out a safer path than the one he now walks. It is but kindness to say that he is not as yet equipped to go on tour. The handicap he labored under Thursday taken into account, there still remained ample evidence that like practically all the singers of German patrymnic he has paid so much attention to the symbolism, the interpretation, what may be called the intellectual-emotional in song that he has neglected the musical. For after all we must sing songs and must sing them beautifully. Otherwise we are actors of astonishing vulgarity, are no more to contravert the rule than are comets true indicators of the hour in the firmament.

That the young singer of Thursday sings beautifully or well cannot be said. Technical study may remedy this. Its lack was shown in faulty breathing which often broke a single phrase into three, or separated nouns from their qualifying words, in execution of rapid passages that left many notes unheard, and in forced tone production.

RECORD FOR LAND WIRELESS.

PASO, Tex.—What is said to be a distance record for an overland wireless message was established here this week when a wireless tower was put into operation and greetings exchanged with San Francisco.

FUR PRICES GOING UP, SAY REPORTS OF U. S. CONSULS IN CANADA

WASHINGTON—Fur-bearing animals are rapidly decreasing in number and the price of furs as rapidly increasing in Canada.

American consuls in various parts of the country, according to the reports of these reports compare the catch of 1901 with that of 1910, and the price quoted is the price paid the trappers for the skins and not the price at which the finished product is sold in this and in other countries.

There were 295 bear skins taken in the Yukon district of Canada in 1901, and the average price was \$6.63 each; in 1910 the number had gone down to 15 and the price had gone up to \$9.47. Of beaver skins 382 were taken in 1901 at a cost of \$4.01 each; in 1910 this number was 35 and the cost \$4.94. Nine lynx skins were taken in 1901 and the cost was \$4.45 each, but in 1910 the number taken increased to 44 and the cost increased to \$30.25 each.

Marten skins were plentiful in 1901, the number of skins taken reaching 3624 at a cost each of \$4.26, but in 1910 the number dropped to 112 and the cost advanced to \$10.20 each. Of mink skins 206 were taken in 1901 at a cost of \$1.03 each, and in 1910 41 skins were taken, the cost being \$7.95 each. In 1901 22 other skins were taken and the cost was \$4.27 each, and in 1910 the number was six at a cost each of \$11. All other furs show a similar decrease in number and increase in cost.

Conditions in the Yukon district apply in all parts of the Dominion. In Prince Edward island it is reported that only a few of the fur-bearing animals once native there are now to be found. The progress of agriculture and the zeal of the hunter and trapper have done their work quite effectively. Many species are already extinct, such as the otter, beaver, bear and marten, while animals producing the cheaper grades of furs are also rapidly decreasing in number. The fur output of Prince Edward island now consists of muskrats, minks, red foxes and a few weasels.

The highest priced furs in Canada—that is, the furs for which the trappers are paid most—are those of the silver gray fox. As late as 1908 the price of lynx skins was only \$8.50. Only about one ninth as many furs are now invoiced yearly in the Yukon consulate as in 1903.

The Yukon reports do not deal with the fur seal which is also near extinction. There remains but one colony of these seals in the Pacific ocean and that one is on American territory in the Pribiloff islands. Congress at the last session enacted legislation that it is believed will stop pelagic sealing in that neighborhood, and if it does this herd of seals, which only a few years ago numbered about 150,000, will again increase.

There is a chance that the United States may join with Canada in the course of a few years in the protection of the fur animals of the interior, both in Alaska and in Canada. Such unity of action will be necessary, if the trade in furs is to continue.

DR. H. VAN DYKE QUITS PRINCETON

PRINCETON, N. J.—The resignation of the Rev. Dr. Henry van Dyke as Murray professor of English literature in Princeton University is now in the hands of the secretary of the university, awaiting the action of the board of trustees at their next meeting on Jan. 12.

He refuses to say whether he will accept a standing call to the pastorate of the Brick Presbyterian church, New York, where he is now preaching, or whether he intends to devote his time to literature and travel. A mass meeting of the two upper classes in the university has adopted resolutions urging Dr. van Dyke to reconsider his resignation.

MAURETANIA IS IN ON HOLIDAY RUN

NEW YORK—At exactly 4:41 o'clock this morning the passenger gateway of the big Mauretania was dropped at her dock, and the first part of what is expected to be the fastest round trip in the history of Atlantic travel was completed.

As soon as the liner came into sight the health officers boat and the two postoffice steamers ran alongside. The Mauretania did not stop. The work of passing her and the transfer of her 4324 sacks of holiday mail continued as she worked slowly up the bay. She will sail on time at 6 o'clock tomorrow night and will land her mails on the other side not later than Wednesday night.

J. K. BANGS TALKS ON "SALUBRITIES"

"Salubrities I Have Met" was the subject of a humorous speech made on Thursday night by John Kendrick Bangs before 650 members of the Boston City Club. Not one per cent of the successful men, he said, had won their success through injury to others.

A "salubrity" as defined by Mr. Bangs, "may be, but is not necessarily a celebrity, but a man or woman of humor and humanity."

RECORD FOR LAND WIRELESS.

PASO, Tex.—What is said to be a distance record for an overland wireless message was established here this week when a wireless tower was put into operation and greetings exchanged with San Francisco.

RAIDS PLANNED BY FEDERAL AGENTS IN EIGHT STATES

CHICAGO—Raids today upon 28 branches of the Capital Investment Company, in eight middle western states, were planned Thursday night by federal agents here.

United States secret service officials Thursday raided the offices of the company in this city. The main office in the Rookery building and four of its branches were visited, and papers and records confiscated.

Sidman McElie, said by federal officers to be chief owner of the company, is believed to be in Florida. A warrant has been issued for his arrest.

Action today, it is said, will be taken in Milwaukee, Racine and Green Bay, Wis.; Detroit, Grand Rapids, Kalamazoo and Lansing, Mich.; Davenport and Muscatine, Ia.; Rockford, Elgin, Monmouth, Galesburg, East St. Louis, Belvidere and De Kalb, Ill.; Indianapolis, Anderson, Kokomo, Muncie and Lafayette, Ind.; Louisville, Ky.; Cincinnati, O., and St. Louis, Mo.

Agents of the department of justice say the Capital Investment Company controlled 5000 miles of leased wires to supply these branches with news of the New York stock market and was doing a business of more than \$10,000,000 annually. It is said that on one 10-point break in the market the concern netted \$600,000 in a single day.

The government charges that the concern bought no stocks outright, but took a commission on all orders and then played the "longs" against the "shorts."

WASHINGTON—Attorney General Wickersham, when he learned of the raid on the Capital Investment Company in Chicago Friday, declared that he believed that last bucket shop east of Denver had been put out of business.

**Browning King
& Company**
407 to 411 Washington St.
BOSTON

Boys' Winter Overcoats and Suits

Norfolk and Double-Breasted
Suits in mixtures and plain
blues, sizes 8 to 17 years,
\$3.50 to \$15

Russian and Sailor Suits in
mixtures and plain blues,
\$3.50 to \$8

Boys' Long Storm Overcoats
in Fancy Mixtures with
convertible collars,
\$10 to \$15

Boys' Storm Reefers, made
extra long, in Blue, Oxford
and Fancy Mixtures,
\$8 to \$12

Children's Russian Overcoats,
plain and fancy mixtures,
\$6.50 to \$12

Children's Winter Hats, in-
cluding fur trimmed, in
large assortment.

Boys' Furnishing Goods and
Sweaters for Holiday Gifts.

AMUSEMENTS

Boston Opera House

HENRY RUSSELL, Managing Director
Regular Prices \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$3.00,
\$4.00 and \$5.00.

Tomorrow Afternoon at 2, OTTELLO, in Italian, by Verdi. Mmes. Melis, Claessens; MM. Zenatello (debut), Sannarico, Giaccone, Strocchio, Mardones, Pulcin, Huddy. Conductor Conti.

Tomorrow Eve. at 8, RIGOLETTO, in Italian, by Verdi. Mmes. Lipkowska, Leveroni, G. Fisher, Savaris, Swartz; MM. Constantino, Galleff, Fornari, Giaccone, Strocchio, Huddy. Conductor Moranzoni. Followed by Anna Pavlova and Mikail Mordkin, supported by the Complete Imperial Russian Ballet in various dances.

Friday, Dec. 23, at 8, LA HABANERA, in French, by Laparra, followed by Anna Pavlova and Mikail Mordkin, supported by the Complete Imperial Russian Ballet in The Arabian Nights. Sat. Mat., Dec. 24, at 2, MEHISTO-FELX, in Italian, by Bolfo. Sat. Eve., Dec. 24, at 7:45, at Popular Prices, from 50c to \$2.50. OTTELLO, in Italian, by Verdi.

Saturday, Dec. 25, at 8, LA HABANERA, in French, by Laparra, followed by Anna Pavlova and Mikail Mordkin, supported by the Complete Imperial Russian Ballet in The Arabian Nights. Sat. Mat., Dec. 24, at 2, MEHISTO-FELX, in Italian, by Bolfo. Sat. Eve., Dec. 24, at 7:45, at Popular Prices, from 50c to \$2.50. OTTELLO, in Italian, by Verdi.

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U. S. INCREASING ITS WORK EACH YEAR FOR UPLIFT OF FARMERS

More Than 25,000,000 Copies of Bulletins on 1983 Subjects Distributed in Last Fiscal Year.

DEMAND IS GREAT

WASHINGTON—The government is doing a rapidly increasing work for the general uplift of the American farmer.

Just how rapidly it is increasing is shown by the report of the official who is in charge of the publication work of the department of agriculture. In the last fiscal year the department published bulletins on 1983 subjects and of these bulletins 25,000,000 copies were distributed over the country, for the most part without cost.

This is an increase of almost 47 per cent in the number of bulletins as compared with the previous year and an increase of 41 per cent in the number distributed. Of the total number, 17,685,819 were new and 7,504,650 were reprints of earlier publications. More than 17,000,000 copies were farmers' bulletins and went to the rural districts, either directly from the department or through members of the two houses of Congress. The cost of each bulletin was one cent and a third.

The farmers bulletin series now contains 57 numbers, each number comprising from six to a dozen condensed summaries of work done in one or more of the state agricultural stations, and they form a library on approximately 500 subjects of interest to agriculturists. In recent years this series has increased in popularity and there is every evidence, says the annual report of the editor, that the farmers generally are beginning to appreciate their value.

These farmers bulletins were first issued in 1890, at which time 540,000 copies were issued of 12 separate bulletins. The number of these bulletins issued last year was 45 and nearly 10,000,000 copies were distributed.

Joseph A. Arnold, editor, by way of illustrating this growth in popularity of the farmers' bulletins refers to No. 391, issued last March on the economical use of heat in the home. That bulletin has been reprinted eight times, and 900,000 copies have been distributed thus far. Bulletins discussing nutrition are also in great demand, Mr. Arnold adds.

"The demand for the farmers' bulletins was unprecedented the past year and it was with some difficulty and not without some delay that the orders for printing them were executed. There is an increasing demand for these popular bulletins from schools of all grades and from higher educational institutions.

WHAT EDITORS ARE SAYING

THE selected editorial comments today deal with the effects of a German tax on potash for the United States.

ATLANTA (Ga.) CONSTITUTION.—The final word in the dispute over potash exports from Germany to the United States is in direct violation of the pledges made heretofore by the Kaiser's government to our state department that contracts already entered into would not be affected by the new law of the Reichstag. The evasion which has characterized the action of the German government in handling this question; their insistence that discretion in interpreting the law was placed in the Bundesrath, and that Americans who had bought in good faith would be protected, and, finally, the blunt confession that the law would be enforced against southern manufacturers of commercial fertilizers who had bought supplies in Germany, does not contribute to the feeling of amity between these two countries.

SAN DIEGO (Cal.) UNION.—The idea of trade friction between two great nations on account of so humdrum a thing as potash will appear to many persons too absurd for a moment's serious thought. Nevertheless, there is now some likelihood that Germany and the United States, which only recently succeeded in adjusting commercial relations that had become almost strained, may be forced into a tariff fight because of that humble chemical product.

PROVIDENCE (R. I.) JOURNAL.—The issue is complicated, while the consequences from the imposition of the surtax on imports from Germany are not to be lightly regarded; to say nothing of the prospect, in event of such action, of retaliatory measures directed at American exports. The burden on potash immediately resulting is heavy on the whole American people.

AUGUSTA (Me.) JOURNAL.—It is a matter of much importance to the farmers of this country whether or not they may be able to buy fertilizer at present rates or have the price increased by the heavy tax the German government proposes.

where they are used in connection with the courses of instruction.

Some of these departmental publications are on sale and it is noted that the sale increases have been heavy. In five years these sales have increased 205 per cent, while the amount of cash received has increased 240 per cent. In 1906, for instance, 45,745 copies of bulletins were sold, for \$3,388.28, while in the past year the number sold was 147,327, and the amount received \$18,308.16. These bulletins are sold at cost and the average price of them is only a few cents each.

"No other government," says Mr. Arnold, "publishes as many public documents as the United States, and no other executive department of the government issues as many publications as the department of agriculture."

Potash is an essential element of all commercial fertilizers and is found in workable deposits only in Germany. About 700,000 tons of actual potash are annually produced, and of this amount the United States consumes about one fifth.

At the Railway Terminals

The castbound freight business on the Pittsburgh division of the Boston & Maine road is so heavy that it is taxing the operating department to the limit.

The Adams Express Company has started daily through holiday car service from Boston to Pittsburgh, Chicago, Cleveland, Cincinnati and St. Louis beside running extra cars to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

The operating department of the Boston & Albany road ran a straight baggage train yesterday to take care of student business from Auburndale and Wellesley beside doubleheading sections of through trains.

Joseph I. Vernon, signal engineer of the eastern district of the New Haven road has one of his largest interlocking crews working on the Harrison square block signals in order to keep ahead of the grade crossing improvements under way.

PREDICTS A BOOM FOR FELDSPAR IN KINGSTON SECTION

KINGSTON, Ont.—United States Consul Johnson says that there is likelihood of a big boom for phosphate and feldspar mines in this district.

Germany has placed an export duty on potash, and as the United States secured its chief supply from that country it is now looking to Canada. Tests are being made of feldspar to see what percentage of phosphate it will yield.

If the tests turn out well, the result will be a great demand for this rock, and as the Kingston district supplies it in great quantities, the prospects for bigger prices are good. At present feldspar is used chiefly in the manufacture of crockery.

This week a Chicago man was here to secure phosphate samples. If the mineral shows 80 per cent, the United States will want large quantities of it for fertilizing purposes, and engineers will be sent here to look over the properties.

BANK OF FRANCE STATEMENT.

PARIS.—Weekly Bank of France statement shows: Gold on hand decreased 225,000 francs, silver on hand increased 2,050,000 francs.

MR. FOSS SEES DRIFT TOWARD ULTIMATE FREE TRADE, HE SAYS

Senate Must Be Revised Before the Tariff, He Declares at Dinner to Democratic Governors-Elect.

'INTERESTS' AT WORK

NEW YORK — Eugene N. Foss of Massachusetts and John A. Dix of New York were the only two of the six Democratic governors-elect able to attend a dinner given in their honor at the Waldorf-Astoria last night by the National Democratic Club. Regrets were sent by Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey, Judson Harmon of Ohio, Simeon E. Baldwin of Connecticut and Frederick E. Plafied of Maine.

Mr. Foss, while claiming to be "protectionist" in principle and policy, told those assembled that "selfish privileged interests" had debauched this policy and that he believed in a large measure of reciprocity.

"The people are in no mood for shilly-shallying or delays. Some of the most flagrant abuses in the present tariff measure should be repealed immediately," he said.

"For example, all food products and raw materials should be put on the free list at once, and substantial reductions made in the duties on some of the manufactured products.

"Schedule K, the wool and woolen schedule, should at once be revised in the interests of the people and not of the worsted manufacturers."

Norman E. Mack, chairman of the Democratic national committee, presided and seated near him was Charles F. Murphy.

"We must justify the confidence so signally expressed or the victory at the polls will not be the cause for rejoicing, and we shall not do this if the conduct of public business falls below the standard of the campaign," said Mr. Harmon in his letter.

"More personal desires, selfish purposes and importunities for special favor must be swept aside and all public authorities be employed for the general good alone."

"I congratulate all those who have won the confidence of the people on their opportunity to serve it in an age which awaits nothing less than a reconstruction of the forces of society," wrote Dr. Wilson.

"Some part of what we must do is clear. In the first place we must insist at every stage upon discovering what the facts are and what inference can justly be based on them. We must do this by thorough debate, extended to all classes of society, the complete un-

ering of the elements we have to deal with.

"When that process has gone far enough to create public opinion every step we take must be grounded on that opinion. A frank, genuine, reasonable representation of the people is the basis of every just government. This is the problem which not only our people have to solve in the electoral machinery which they construct and use, but it is the problem which our state legislatures have also to solve in the choice of senators of the United States."

Mr. Dix confined himself almost exclusively to a discussion of affairs in New York state. He was followed by Mr. Foss, who said:

"I have had an unusually kindly feeling for New Yorkers ever since the election in November, when you sent to Massachusetts your most conspicuous citizen from Oyster Bay.

"He rendered us an invaluable service in the campaign, and competent authority says his visit was worth 30,000 votes.

"I can only speak for Massachusetts but in that state at least the issue on which the campaign was so signally fought and won is this: To bring the government back to the people. The only way to do it, the business way, is by eliminating all go-betweens—the boss and his agents, the caucus, the nominating convention and the lobby.

"Before we can get any honest revision of the tariff the Senate itself must be revised. We are having much the same contest here with our Senate that the people of England are having with the House of Lords.

"The direct primary and the election of United States senators by the people will eliminate the lobby and its train of corruption.

"The people are turning over the government to our party, and it is up to us to make good. It should be no part of our work to tear town, but rather to build up. It won't be sufficient for us to repeal the iniquitous Payne-Adrich bill without putting some constructive measure in its place.

"We must understand that the industrial and commercial world is not yet ready for a free trade policy, and while ultimately we may attain that end, it must be done through a graduated program."

WAR PENSIONS BY SLIDING SCALE

WASHINGTON.—Granting pensions to any persons who served 90 days or more in the military or naval service during the civil war, or 60 days in the war with Mexico, honorably discharged and now 62 years of age or more, a bill was reported favorably by the House committee on invalid pensions Thursday.

The pension is graduated from \$15 a month to those 62 years old, to \$36 a month to those 75 years of age or over.

DOUGLAS SKIVERS GET RAISE.

BROCKTON, Mass.—At a conference Thursday an agreement was reached by which skivers employed by the W. L. Douglas Shoe Company will be paid by the piece in the future. It is estimated that the change will mean an increase in wages of about 20 per cent.

The Problem

to be solved in choosing a bank is how to get the greatest security for your deposit. If, with that security, you can also get good advice and sound judgment on banking matters, you have the ideal bank.

• We offer these conditions to our depositors.

The First National Bank of Boston

70 Federal Street

REMOVAL OF CHICAGO PRODUCE HOUSES TO WEST SIDE PROPOSED

CHICAGO.—Propositions to remove the produce and commission business from South Water street to the West Side market district have not met with favor among the business men concerned, despite the fact that they have the approval of Mayor Busse and many of the aldermen.

Whether the opposition is due merely to a desire to retain the historic street for its present use because the merchants doing business there prefer to remain for sentimental reasons, or is actuated by valid economic reasons, is a question to be settled.

It is planned to widen West Randolph street for half a mile from North Sangamon west to Union park to make room for the South Water street business, which amounts to between \$200,000 and \$250,000 a year.

The reason advanced by those who favor the move is that it would help clean up a district on the West Side which is a barrier to business growth westward, and also greatly relieve the congestion of the retail district.

The enlarged West Randolph street market would be an extension of the historical Haymarket, which at first was only two blocks long. A few years ago it was lengthened a quarter of a mile and the street was widened. The proposed extension would be carried out in the same way and the Haymarket would then be more than a mile long.

"South Water street has either outgrown its present location," says Mayor Busse, "or Chicago has outgrown South Water street downtown." Moving the commission business to the west side

would help the city and be a solution of many problems.

"The relief to street traffic in the downtown district would be great. Cars and teams are held up throughout the morning trying to cross South Water street. The west side would be nearer for nine tenths of the merchants who now come to South Water street."

South Water street sprang into a great produce and commission market in the days when so much of the traffic to and from Chicago was handled by boat. The boat freight now is a small part of the total, most of the freight being handled by the railroads.

MAY STOP CEMENT MAKING SUNDAYS

NEW YORK.—To abandon cement manufacturing on Sunday and give the 30,000 employees a day of rest, as movement was launched Tuesday, when, at a meeting of the American Portland Cement Manufacturers Association, W. S. Mallory, one of the association's officials, announced that Thomas A. Edison had successfully demonstrated that cement kilns were not affected by a day's shutdown, when properly cared for. Mr. Mallory said that the Edison plant was now closing on Sunday and that since Sunday operations had ceased the daily average output had increased.

BUYING OIL FIELDS COSTS \$9,000,000

PITTSBURG, Pa.—A check for \$4,000,000 and notes for \$5,000,000 were received in Pittsburgh recently from the Standard Oil Company and their receipt marks the closing of the largest transaction in the history of the oil fields in the United States.

The \$9,000,000 was in payment of a debt to the J. C. Trees Oil Company, which came into international fame by selling its Louisiana oil fields to the Standard. The sale was made several weeks ago in New York.

DIRECTORY OF Manufacturing and Wholesale Firms

ADDING AND LISTING MACHINE

Louis C. Chase, 179 Summer St., Boston.
Comptograph Adding Machine and Milling Machine Co., 100 State St., Boston.

ADDRESSING IMITATION TYPE- WRITER LETTERS AND HAND DISTRIBUTING

The Boston Mailing Co., 394 Atlantic Ave., Boston, Mass.

ADVERTISING AGENCIES

Burkitt & John, 1599 Old Colony Bldg., Chicago.
Wood, Putnam & Wood, 161 Devonshire St., Boston.
Lovett Advertising Co., Inc., Room 69, 262 Washington St., Boston.

ARCHITECTS

Warren & Gerrish, 53 State St., Boston, Mass.

ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORKS

G. W. & F. Smith Iron Co., Gerard and Reading Sts., Boston, Mass.

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BUILDING CONTRACTORS

Whitcomb & Kavanaugh Co., 6 Beacon St., Boston.

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Menges & Co., 521 Washington St., Boston.

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Daniel Pratt's Son, 55 Franklin St., Boston.

COAL

Metropolitan Coal Co., 20 Exchange Place, Boston.

COMMERCIAL FURNITURE

W. B. Badger & Co., 182 Portland St., Boston.

CONFECTIONERY SPECIALTIES

Purity Confectionery Co., 179 Portland St., Boston.

CONTRACTORS FOR ELECTRIC WIRING

A. L. Deery & Co., 427 Connel Bldg., Scranton, Pa.

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Samuel Davis, 18 Tremont St., Boston.
William Donahue, 1 Liberty St., New York.

CORRESPONDENCE PAPERS

Eaton, Crane & Pike Co., Pittsfield, Mass.

DESIGNERS OF DIAMOND JEWELRY

Carl H. Skinner, 12 Milk St., Boston.

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Howard Dustless-Duster Co., 164 Federal St., Boston, Mass.

DRAWING OFFICE STATIONERS

S. C. & P. Harding, Limited, London, Eng.
Alliance Works, Denmark Hill, Paris.
France, 101 Rue du Faubourg, St. Denis.

ELECTROTYPES

Dickinson Electrotpe Foundry, 270 Congress St., Boston.

ELECTRIC INCANDESCENT LAMPS

Sunbeam Incandescent Lamp Co., 500 South Clinton St., Chicago; 463 West St., New York, N. Y.

ELECTRIC HEATING DEVICES

Simplex Electric Heating Co., Cambridge, Mass.

ELECTRIC AND GAS LIGHTING FIXTURES

McKenney & Waterbury Co., 181 Franklin St., Boston.

Reed & Co., 51 Franklin St., Boston.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.

Mercantile Reference and Bond Ass'n, 387 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

ENGINEERS AND AGENTS

J. B. Robison, 11 Queen Victoria St., E. C., London, Eng.

ENGRAVING (STEEL AND COPPER PLATE)

McKenzie Engraving Co., 155 Franklin St., Boston.

FEED, FLOUR, HAY AND GRAIN (WHOLESALE)

E. S. Woodhouse, 16 and 18 Dockway Pl., Scranton, Pa.

FERTILIZERS

Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., Richmond, Va.

FIRE ESCAPES

J. T. Cowles Co., 228 N. Sangamon St., Chicago, Ill.

FLOOR POLISH

Butcher Polish Co., 356 Atlantic Ave., Boston, Mass.

FURNACES AND COMBINATION HEATERS

Trask Culin Furnace Co., 44 Sudbury St., Boston.

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Harrison Supply Co., 5-7 Dorchester Ave., Extension, Boston.

GROCERS (WHOLESALE)

Silas Peirce & Co., Ltd., 69 Commercial St., Boston; Fitchburg, Mass.; Portsmouth, N. H.; Sylvester Brothers Company, Seattle, Wash.

HARDWARE SPECIALTY MPRS

F. C. W. Mfg. Co., 1 Madison Ave., New York, N. Y.

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A. J. Wilkinson & Co., 184 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

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W. J. Day & Co., 45 Canal St., Boston.

HARPS

Melville A. Clark, 416-18-20 South Salina St., Syracuse, N. Y.

HAT AND BONNET FRAMES MPRS

J. S. Sieve & Co., 185 Summer St., Boston.

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Gurney Heater Mfg. Co., 188-200 Franklin St., Boston.

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H. A. Whittemore & Co., 89 Pearl St., Boston.

INDUSTRIAL SECURITIES

Wheeler & Shaw, Inc., 75 Milk St., Boston, Mass.

INSURANCE AGENTS AND BROKERS

Hinckley & Woods, 32 Kilby St., Boston, Mass.

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William H. Wye & Co., Needham, Mass.

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Carter's Underwear, Needham Heights, Mass.

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George H. Van Felt, 410 W. Huron St., Chicago, Ill.

LIMESTONE AND MARBLE

W. J. Sullivan, 99 Southampton St., Boston, Mass.

LINENS

A. W. Baylis & Co., 93 Franklin St., New York, N. Y.

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A. E. Martell Co., 159 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.

LOCOMOTIVES, CARS, ETC.

Jos. E. Bowen, Locomotives, Rails, Etc., Norfolk, Va.

LUMBER

H. W. Taylor & Co., Old Colony Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

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REAL ESTATE NEWS.

Local real estate business Thursday was the most important of any day thus far this week. Several properties of high valuation changed hands, including a large amount of vacant land located in outlying wards.

In point of tax rating the sale of the estate at 264 Beacon street, Back Bay, to Robert Treat Paine, 2d, is most interesting. The parcel comprises a large four-story octagon-front brick dwelling, with one-story brick stable in the rear, all assessed on a valuation of \$93,000, of which \$52,300 is the rating on the 6150 feet of land. Caroline H. Lee, widow of George C. Lee, is the grantor. T. Dennis Boardman and Reginald Boardman were the brokers.

J. D. K. Willis & Co. have sold the house at 10 Gloucester street, Back Bay, for the executors of the Judge Lathrop estate, to Edmund K. Arnold. There are 1401 feet of land, assessed for \$7400, and a 3 1/2-story house, rated at \$7600, making the total valuation \$15,000.

Henry W. Savage reports final papers passed in the sale made by his office for William E. Cheney, administrator, of the property at 65 Chandler street, junction of St. Charles street, South End, consisting of a 4-story, well-front brick dwelling and 1680 square feet of land. The total assessment is \$10,500, and of this amount the land carries \$5500. The title passes to Agnes C. Andrews.

In Roxbury, the 3 1/2-story brick building, numbered 47 to 51 Dudley street, and a 2 1/2-story brick building at 23 Kenilworth street, together with 3007 feet of land, all taxed on \$17,500, of which \$4800 is the rating on the land, have been sold by Theodore H. Tyndale to William H. White, who has also purchased from Mr. Tyndale the two 3 1/2-story frame buildings and 3035 feet of land, numbered 192 and 194 Thornton and 7 and 9 Marcella streets, Roxbury, being a corner estate. This property is assessed for \$16,400, of which \$2600 is on the land.

VACANT LAND SOLD.

Te Metropolitan Coal Company has purchased a tract of about 61,000 square feet of land in Boston and Brookline, bordering on Chestnut Hill avenue, the Boston & Albany railroad and the Boston park system, with a frontage on Chestnut Hill avenue of about 165 feet, opposite the reservoir terminal of the Boston Elevated system. The property is assessed for \$10,000, but the price paid was in excess of the assessed valuation. The growth of this section of Brookline, where so many apartment houses have been built in the past few years, has been so great as to require a proper distribution point for coal, which is the ultimate purpose of this purchase. This land is located, in a sense, at a terminal point, but the growth in this section is expected to result in a large increase in realty values in the next few years.

Through the office of Benjamin P. Ellis and Robert J. Melledge, the president and fellows of Harvard College have sold to Allan W. Cox a tract of 12,000 feet of land at the junction of Madison and Garden streets, Cambridge, and also the old mansion known as the Asa Gray house, on the grounds of the Harvard botanical gardens. Mr. Cox will remove the house to the vacant land and remodel and enlarge it for his own use.

Four lots of land, containing an aggregate of 25,106 feet, taxed on a valuation of \$3200 and located on Selden, Corbet and Nelson streets, Dorchester, have just been sold by the Mary J. Wilkins estate to Charles J. Moore.

REAL ESTATE MEN MEET.

Telephone rates, water meters, mortgage accommodations, adequate street car service, building restrictions and building attachments were all discussed by the directors of the Massachusetts real estate exchange Thursday evening at Young's hotel. President John J. Martin presided.

The following new members have been accepted by the exchange: C. H. Fleming, L. J. Peabody, H. W. Bailey, C. C. Ryder, G. M. Ramsey, J. E. Brickett, H.

W. Eaton, Gordon Hale, R. J. Cotter, C. V. Ryan, G. E. Spaulding, L. A. Goulding, Walter Hartstone, F. L. Hewitt, J. P. Roswell, J. F. McDonald, T. S. Richardson, C. G. Hughes, Harry Stanley, H. K. Abbott, W. V. Plummer, W. C. Lally, Joseph Cowan, G. W. Bradford, Cesar Cesana, Powers & Hall, P. F. Cannon, S. A. Jennings and Huntington Saville.

Those present besides President Martin included W. T. A. Fitzgerald, C. S. Judd, R. T. Fowler, W. S. Edmonds, C. C. Mayberry, W. J. McDonald, C. M. Conant, C. E. Jennings and C. E. Lewis.

BUREAU IS STRIVING TO PROMOTE EXPORT TRADE TO THE SOUTH

WASHINGTON—With a view to promoting efforts of United States merchants to secure an export status in Central and South America, the bureau of American republics, or the United States section of it, is working steadily with a degree of success which seems to promise much, provided the American exporters will cooperate.

Since the bureau dedicated the beautiful "peace palace" as it is popularly known in Washington, last April, its energies, under the directorship of John Barrett, head of the board, have been exercised continually for the enhancement of mutual accord and the cultivation of friendly commercial and political relations between the nations of all America.

Nevertheless there is much available trade that is not yet secured. It seems strange that the United States should for so many years have overlooked the South American market, almost at its doors. The Latin-American countries are liberal buyers and are good pay. They spend large sums in the markets of Europe year after year, when, with proper encouragement, this money, or most of it, would be spent in this country.

It is said by the government experts in this city that the United States can easily undersell Europe in nine cases out of every ten, while our goods are in every way the equal of those bought in Europe. The chief difficulty is with the American exporters, who thus far have made no concerted or sustained effort in the direction of getting into this rich field. According to the most reliable estimates, Central and South America buy 80 per cent of their exports in the European markets.

One difficulty in the United States hitherto has been that our exporters have had a thriving business, and therefore failed to understand the need for reaching out into new territory, but as conditions in Europe show a tendency to shut out the United States, wherever this is possible, it is believed here that the southern proposition will become increasingly attractive.

Frederic Shipley of Brooklyn, New York, member of a big exporting house, speaking of the trade outlook to the south, said today:

"The present condition of good markets in Europe will perhaps continue for several years longer, but as an exporter I can readily see the coming of a time when our trade will fall off. That will be the time when we will be glad to get hold of this rich trade to the south of us. It is quite possible that when this time comes we will be too late. European manufacturers are yearly strengthening their hold in both Central and South America, and if we are to do anything, we ought to begin at once. The tremendous value of the market is of itself a sufficient inducement. It is characteristic of our manufac-

urers, just as it is of the average American citizen, not to pay much attention to the demands of foreigners, if they differ from the accepted business standards of this country.

"The American exporter, for instance, rarely goes to the trouble of having his catalogues translated into the language of the people with whom he desires to deal. He neglects, in announcing the prices of his goods, to employ the currency terms of foreigners. And on top of all the rest, he is averse to the long credit system in vogue in all the Latin-American countries.

"The European exporters have carefully studied all these questions, and when they sell in the lower Americas they do so in a way to attract trade. They put out their catalogues in the language of the countries, they use the Latin currency terminology, and they give the long time-credit. The result is that these exporters are doing a business which is immensely profitable, and which rightfully should belong to us.

"A credit of nine months seems too long for the American exporter. I admit that it is a long time, when compared with our much shorter periods in this country. But if we want this rich trade we must accommodate ourselves to the customs of the people with whom we are to deal. Europe has been quick to do this, in the face of the fact that Latin-America would gladly trade with us, if given any encouragement.

"Speaking from personal knowledge, I may say that there is no protest in either Central or South America against our prices. A sum equal to the interest on the capital tied up in a shipment to South America, for instance, might be added to the cost of the goods. We should begin to study this situation as the day approaches when the markets of Europe will not be open to us as they now are. The purchasing power of South America is increasing by leaps and bounds each year, and it is my claim that the United States is very foolish not to take notice of such a situation."

The United States officials of the bureau of American republics say they have done and are doing all that is possible in that direction, by working to bring the countries to the south of us into closer diplomatic touch with themselves and with us. But obviously this bureau cannot undertake to work up trade. That must be done if done at all, by American business men themselves.

Classified Advertisements

RATES—One insertion, 12 cents a line, three or more insertions, 10 cents a line. Telephone your adv. to 4330 Back Bay, or, if preferred, a representative will call on you to discuss advertising.

REAL ESTATE

TEXAS GULF REGION LANDS: 700 to 15,000 acres prairie and timber lands, railway station on it, between Houston and Beaumont, river frontage, part under cultivation, grow all crops, oranges, figs, cotton, fine for colonization. Low price \$17.40 per acre.

640 ACRES RICH SOIL, 1 1/2 miles to station, grow all crops, figs, oranges, fine for smaller farms, quick sale \$9.00 per acre.

340 ACRES, 32 miles east of Houston, 4 miles to Frisco Ry. station, prairie with little timber, ready for plow, fruits, cotton, all crops, \$16.00 per acre.

50 ACRES, four miles from station on H. & W. Ry., near Houston, all fruits and other crops. Cheap, \$12.00 per acre. All above tracts rich loam soil, 46 inches rain yearly, fine climate, markets, railways, and labor ideal. Part time payments. Prices advancing. ADAMS AND KANAGY, 189 LA SALLE ST., CHICAGO.

FARM—Grain and stock, 600 acres on Saline river, Russell Co., Kansas; price \$18,000. For terms address TABITHA HEYWOOD, 6333 Madison ave., Chicago.

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED—For 2 or 3 months a furnished suite or 4 or 5 rooms; building with cafe preferred. Address L 585, Monitor Office.

ROOMS

BEACON HILL, No. 2 LOUISBURG SQ., corner Mt. Vernon st.—Rooms with or without private bath; electric light; elevator; excellent table.

BUREAU OF ROOMS and boarding places, city and suburbs, lists free; call or write. BOSTON REST. CO., 175 Tremont st., Boston.

COMMONWEALTH HOTEL, Inc. BEACON HILL—Rooms with hot water, shower bath, \$6 to \$8 per week; rooms, private bath, \$10 to \$12; transient \$1 per day; temperance hotel.

FIRST-CLASS ROOMS and boarding places, city and suburbs; call or write. BOSTON REST. CO., 175 Tremont st.

ROOMS—NEW YORK

82ND ST., WEST, 121, NEW YORK—Newly decorated large and small rooms to rent.

ROOMS—CHICAGO

DEMING PLACE, 456—Large front room; modern; private home; excellent transportation. Tel. Lincoln 3102.

ST. JAMES PLACE, 427, 24 Apt.—Single room in modern apartment; private family; Lincoln 7926.

HAVE BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED ROOM for one or two ladies. Phone Rand. 1108.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS in modern apt.; tourists accommodated; near Met. "L." 506 S. Leavitt st. Tel. Seelye 6799.

FURNITURE AND DECORATIONS

John S. Bradstreet & Co., Importers, designers and manufacturers of hand-made furniture, mural decorations, interior fittings, and wrought metal work. Minneapolis, Minn.

BABBITT METAL MANUFACTURERS ROGERS BABBITT METALS BEST FOR HARD SERVICE Solder, Antimony, Bar and Pig Tin and Lead Rogers Metal Works, Kansas City, Mo. GRANT NAIL & SUPPLY CO. Eastern Sales Agents, Boston, Mass.

BOOKS

MONITOR SCRAP BOOK Full green cloth, gold letters, 10x12, 75c. Russia leather and red cloth, \$1.75. Green or brown Morocco and cloth, \$2.25. Freight anywhere in U. S. \$1. \$2. \$2.50. WILLIAM S. LOCKE, Bookbinder, 17 Merchants row, Boston. Tel. Main 2093-3.

WALKS AND WORDS OF JESUS AND NEW SAYINGS Price \$1.50. MORTIMER MCCLINTOCK, 54 Kent St., Brookline, Mass., U. S. A.

A BEAUTIFUL BIBLE makes a beautiful gift; such a one will do all the help for the daily lesson can be had by addressing MRS. A. R. TORRENCE, 320 H. W. Holman bldg., Los Angeles, Calif.

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J. W. KEYES, D. M. D., Dentist, 418 Evans Building, Washington, D. C.

DR. C. FRANKLIN HART, 1006 Marston Temple, Phone Central 3891. CHICAGO.

DR. G. H. RICHARDSON, 1006 Marston Temple, Phone Central 3891. CHICAGO.

REAL ESTATE

NEW YORK Fishguard Liverpool MAURETANIA, Dec. 17, 6 P. M. LUSITANIA, Dec. 26, 9 A. M. Winter Cruises Mediterranean Carmania, Jan. 7 Caronia, Jan. 21 126 State St. Tel. Main 4353

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CUNARD FROM BOSTON IVERNIA, Jan. 17, 11 AM Queenstown—Liverpool

New York Fishguard Liverpool MAURETANIA, Dec. 17, 6 P. M. LUSITANIA, Dec. 26, 9 A. M. Winter Cruises Mediterranean Carmania, Jan. 7 Caronia, Jan. 21 126 State St. Tel. Main 4353

AUTOMOBILES

WANT your car for storage, rates \$2.50 to \$5 per month; cars bought for cash and sold on commission; no storage charged where sale is made; light, steam heated building; accommodate 300 cars; ring us up, telephone BUX 159. BLAKE MOTOR CO., entrance 2176 Washington st., 17 Renfrew st., Roxbury.

AUTOMOBILISTS

We want your car for storage, rates \$2.50 to \$5 per month; cars bought for cash and sold on commission; no storage charged where sale is made; light, steam heated building; accommodate 300 cars; ring us up, telephone BUX 159. BLAKE MOTOR CO., entrance 2176 Washington st., 17 Renfrew st., Roxbury.

LAWYERS

JOHN F. MILLER, Attorney at Law and Business Expert, 707-700 Kimball Bldg., Tel. 1811 Main. BOSTON, MASS.

ELIJAH C. WOOD, Attorney and Counselor, 218 La Salle street, Chicago.

EDWIN M. WOOD, Attorney and Counselor, 107 Dearborn St., Chicago.

CHARLES G. BALDWIN, Attorney and Counselor at Law, 204-205 Piper building, Baltimore.

RESTAURANTS

South Station Restaurant ALWAYS ESSENTIAL to know a good place to eat; arriving or departing from the South Station, Boston, you will find quick service and pure food at the restaurant and lunch room; accommodations for 500 people; all modern conveniences. J. G. COOPER & CO., Proprietors.

AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL OUR LINE OF Swiss Embroideries, Embroidered Robes, Blouses, Zephyrs, Muslins and Laces FROM SAMPLES. ALL IMPORTED DIRECT FROM FACTORIES IN SWITZERLAND BY U. S. NORTHMORE & CO. 129 FARMER ST., DETROIT, MICH.

SALESMAN of ability desires a change, at present employed; has good knowledge of mechanics and eight years' selling experience. J. A. 2605 Metropolitan bldg., New York.

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PAINTERS and Decorators, 240 Indiana ave., Chicago. Tel. Calumet 727.

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ALL MAKES OF typewriters; lowest prices, easy payments; write for bargain list. PLUMMER & WILLIAMS, 145 Van Buren st., Chicago.

TYPEWRITERS

ALL MAKES OF typewriters; lowest prices, easy payments; write for bargain list. PLUMMER & WILLIAMS, 145 Van Buren st., Chicago.

KING OF NORWAY PLAIN IN MANNER THE Scandinavian is distinguished by a certain simplicity of bearing far exceeding that of the more sophisticated English-speaking world, and certainly the people of Sweden display rather more of the great-world manner than the Norwegians, says a writer in Harpers Bazar.

Indeed, the western side of the peninsula is comparatively rural, and the young King, seated upon a little throne, is more like the president of a rustic democracy than a crowned monarch, so at one is he with the common people. It is like playing at royalty, and one almost feels that at any moment he might tilt his crown a bit askew, and wink his eye.

A pretty little anecdote met us in Christiania lately. It seems that a quiet, tailor-made little lady went into one of the shops one day and bought a pair of shoes, and when the saleswoman asked her address, she replied: "You need not deliver them. Just have them wrapped, if you please. My husband will meet me here, and he will carry them." And in a moment his majesty the King came in, took the Queen's parcel and they walked out together as they had never heard of the crown of Norway.

These figures are reported by Augustus Ingram, United States consul at Bradford. It is further reported that while company and private tramway concerns put by last year for depreciation, obsolescence and the like 1.0 per cent of their capital, municipal systems put by for the same purpose in the same period 3 1/2 per cent.

The municipal systems employed directly 60,000 persons, almost universally under excellent conditions of employment. The amount of indirect employment as a result of tramway enterprises is unestimated, but the effect on the general prosperity is reckoned to be considerable.

Tramways as commercial enterprises paid last year, in local rates and taxes, \$1,796,712, while various municipal enterprises paid out of their profits, to the benefit of the city, \$1,303,715. Among the benefits conferred by municipal tramways that were cited by the president were the more advantageous distribution of population and consequent improved welfare conditions.

The tramways worked by municipal authorities are those of Leeds, Bradford, Halifax, Huddersfield and Keighley.

representing in the aggregate a capital expenditure of over \$14,000,000, producing an annual revenue of about \$3,803,200, and carrying between 160,000,000 and 170,000,000 passengers. Reduced to single track, the distance covered by these is 286 miles, representing about 160 miles of actual route. Wakefield, Dewsbury and Batley are provided with private electric tramways, so that altogether the tramways of the West Riding cover a distance of well over 200 miles.

Further extensions that are to be embarked upon in the next few years. Various isolated routes are already covered by a service of motor omnibuses and the Bradford and Leeds corporations have plans for bringing the trackless trolley system into operation upon a number of selected routes.

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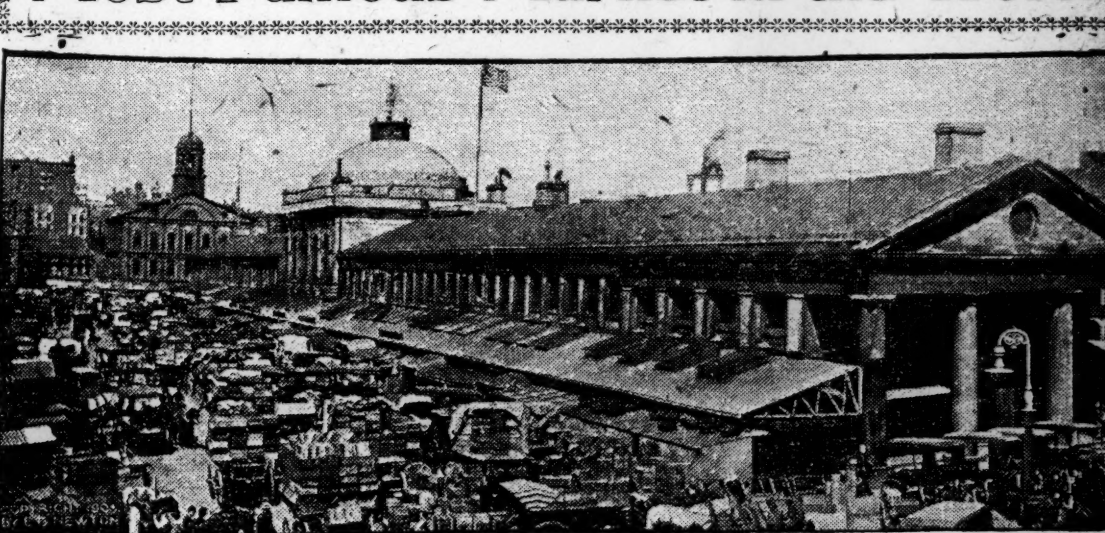
Workingmen's return tickets are issued before 8 o'clock in the morning, and are available for return during any hour of the day, and at a much lower rate than the ordinary fares. The fares have been arranged on a maximum distance of two miles for two cents. On certain lines a workman may travel 4 1/2 miles for two cents. Under this arrangement a workman saves from one cent to four cents on street-car fares a day, depending upon the distance he travels. The cars carried 81,310,868 passengers.

The city started out with working the men not more than 60 hours a week, and has since reduced this to 54 hours. A motorman starts at 12.37 cents an hour and works up to 15.25 cents. A conductor starts at 11 1/2 cents and works up to 13.91 cents. Uniforms are supplied and employees are pensioned.

Consul Washington reports that in the first nine months of 1910 the receipts of the municipal tramways of Liverpool increased \$72,997 over those of the corresponding period of last year. In the year ended March 31, 1910, 93,500 passengers were carried.

The receipts were \$2,107,194, an increase of 3.0 per cent over 1909 and 2.7 per cent over 1908.

Most Famous Market in the World



FANEUIL HALL MARKET. LENGTH 500 FEET. WIDTH 60 FEET.

SHATTUCK & JONES FISH

TELEPHONE 1437 RICHMOND. NO. 128 FANEUIL HALL MARKET, BOSTON

ISAAC LOCKE & CO.

97, 99 and 101 FANEUIL HALL MARKET FRUITS, VEGETABLES AND HOTHOUSE PRODUCTS Special attention given family orders

ARTHUR T. CUMINGS, Inc.

FRUITERER 83 and 85 Faneuil Hall Market Boston, Mass.

W. J. SPINNEY

RETAIL DEALERS IN PROVISIONS. BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, LAMB, VEAL. Receivers of finest quality of BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, LAMB, VEAL. Pork products of all kinds. 32 Faneuil Hall Square, Boston. Telephone Richmond 229.

Childs, Sleeper & Co.

Retail Dealers in BEEF, POULTRY, LAMB AND VEAL. 17 NEW FANEUIL HALL MARKET. Wholesale, 57-58 No. Market St. SPECIALTIES. Restaurants, Hotels and Club Supplies.

PIANO TUNING

PIANO WORK in all branches; estimates submitted; results guaranteed. A. KNEIGL, 39 Symphony Chambers. Tel. E. B. 21757.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR Classified Advertising columns bring returns. A telephone call to 4330 Back Bay will give you information as to terms.

WHERE TO MARKET

Believing that quality would be appreciated in POTATOES as in other foods, we are placing upon the market through the merchants who are known for the high quality of the goods they carry, the VERY BEST POTATOES obtainable in ONE PECK CARTONS WHICH EXCLUDE THE LIGHT. Maine produces the best potatoes. We purchase only the best of the Maine crop. We select only the best of the crop. Thus you get the CREAM of the CREAM of the CREAM of the States. W. H. AMES & CO., INC. 25 and 26 B. & M. Produce Market. CHARLESTOWN, MASS.

INVEST \$229,381,280 IN TRAMWAY SYSTEM OF UNITED KINGDOM

The extent to which the tramway business has grown in the United Kingdom was disclosed recently at the ninth annual conference of the Municipal Tramways Association, held in Bradford, England, when the president of the association, who is likewise manager of the Bradford system, reported that there is invested in municipal tramway undertakings \$229,381,280; that in the year ending March 31, 1909, \$9,540,778 was paid in interest to holders of corporation stock, while \$4,691,355 was paid as sinking fund and that the receipts in the same period amounted to \$48,522,845.

These figures are reported by Augustus Ingram, United States consul at Bradford. It is further reported that while company and private tramway concerns put by last year for depreciation, obsolescence and the like 1.0 per cent of their capital, municipal systems put by for the same purpose in the same period 3 1/2 per cent.

The municipal systems employed directly 60,000 persons, almost universally under excellent conditions of employment. The amount of indirect employment as a result of tramway enterprises is unestimated, but the effect on the general prosperity is reckoned to be considerable.

Tramways as commercial enterprises paid last year, in local rates and taxes, \$1,796,712, while various municipal enterprises paid out of their profits, to the benefit of the city, \$1,303,715. Among the benefits conferred by municipal tramways that were cited by the president were the more advantageous distribution of population and consequent improved welfare conditions.

The tramways worked by municipal authorities are those of Leeds, Bradford, Halifax, Huddersfield and Keighley.

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Thayer & Stewart

Fine Fruits and Vegetables. STALLS 108-110 F. H. MARKET. To sell you once, and never see you again, is not our ambition. Everything we sell is the best. Your satisfaction will bring you back. Tel. Richmond 1641. W. B. THAYER, JR.

Doe, Sullivan & Co.

Butter, Cheese and Eggs. 61 & 63 QUINCY MARKET. Telephone Richmond 40. BOSTON.

INSTRUCTION

PRIVATE INSTRUCTION in Isaac Pitman or Munson stenography. For particulars address M. S. HILL, 1347 Pacific st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

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RHODES BROS. CO.

Telephone connection. GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS Wholesale and Retail. IMPORTERS AND RECEIVERS ON COMMISSION. 438 to 444 Tremont st., 170 to 174 Mass. ave., 258 to 260 Warren st. (Rox. district), 10 and 11 Harvard sq., Brookline. BOSTON.

Choice Meats, Vegetables, Fruit BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY. OUT-OF-TOWN ORDERS A SPECIALTY. Mail and telephone communication solicited 25 Dock Sq. (Tel. Main 271.) Boston.

PITKIN & COMPANY DEALERS IN Groceries, Provisions, Poultry and Game. FRUIT AND VEGETABLES. HOT HOUSE PRODUCTS. 275 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE. BOSTON, MASS. Telephone 479 Back Bay.

PRINTERS AND ENGRAVERS OFFICE STATIONERS. COLLINS & GOODMAN CO. 174 EAST MADISON ST., CHICAGO. Phone Main 5238. WILLIAM J. GOODMAN, Secy.

PRINTERS AND ENGRAVERS OFFICE STATIONERS. COLLINS & GOODMAN CO. 174 EAST

Classified Advertisements

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He
Knows
Best
How
Well It
Works

Try a
Monitor
Free
Want
Ad.

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

PRIVATE SECRETARY, Harvard graduate; desires change; trained in accounting, business law and investment analysis; capable of taking charge an estate; references. **W. W. L. 1-26-31**

PROOFREADER, indexer, editor, stenographer; age 45; 5 years' experience. Mention No. 3725. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all). Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960.

SALESMAN, year's experience travelling in
few England and New York states, wish
position with reliable house; references
onds if desired. JOSEPH RUSSELL
VYETH, 15 Warwick st., Wollaston
Mass.

SHOE FACTORY WORK, slitter; c
phate and repair
week; references. Mention. No. 38
STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service fr
to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. O
ord 2960.
STORE WORK, real estate or depart
ment store, hotel office work; age 40; \$

TEACHING, clerical, sectorial work (23
10 week; references. Mention No. 38)

TEAMSTER (46). \$12 week; 20 years' experience. Mention No. 3808. STATE FREE M.P. OFFICE (service free to all). 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960.

WATCHMAN—Englishman, married (40), handy with tools, desires employment as watchman or caretaker; do light repair work. THOMAS J. QUINN, 15 Hammel pl., Florence st., Newton Center, Mass.

WATCHMAN or special officer in bank substitution; 12 years in present employment. JAMES MAJOR, 7 Harwood st., Dorchester, Mass.

WATCHMAN desires position; reference **DELPHUS LEAVITT**, 125 Monument street Medford, Mass.

YOUNG MAN, reliable and capable, with practical knowledge, wants permanent position, with large firm of general contractors.

YOUNG MAN desires employment of any kind; references. E. R. GOWINS, 91 Windsor st., Cambridge, Mass.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE
***ACCOMMODATOR**—Capable English woman wants accommodating work during holidays, assisting in luncheons, dinners and afternoon teas; good references.
 M. J. M. 1000

ACCOMMODATOR desires employment as
cook, laundress and cleaner; references
MRS. E. MANGAN, 62 Putnam st., Somerville,
Mass.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, office clerk
 waitress (19); \$8 week. Mention No. 2163

ATTENDANT-COMPANION — Position desired by a woman of refinement; experienced in care of elderly people; would travel; good packer, sewer and reader.

ATTENDANT COMPANION, with international training, desires position; anywhere; could go home nights if in Boston.

ATTENDANT or companion, colored, desires position; will go anywhere; will care for child; good home rather than big wages.* MRS. LUCY GIBBS, 25 Holyoke St., Boston.

ATTENDANT desires position; will help with housework. MISS GERTRUDE SMITH, 10 Blue Hill ave., Roxbury, Mass. & 1

ATTENDANT, experienced, best credentials, cheerful, capable, good traveler, desires position with party going South this winter. MISS L. E. B. YOUNG, box 100, New Bedford, Mass.

ATTENDANTS position wanted by middle-aged woman to care for child or elderly person; reference; please state wages. M. ROBINSON, 24 Addison st., Gloucester, Mass.

ATTENDANT — Young woman desire position in dentist's or other professional office; experienced; references. SUSAN A. PARKER, 11 East Newton st., Boston, 2.

ATTENDANT wishes position in institution or as assistant in sewing room; had experience in institution work. MISS M.

BOOKKEEPER and cashier, with knowledge of typewriter, desires position; 6 years' experience; able to take charge of full set of books. MARION P. BONNEY, State st., Boston, Room 17. Tel. Main 2-1111.

State st., Boston, Room 41. Tel. South 18.	18
BOOKKEEPER—Refined young lady seeks position as bookkeeper or cashier with some knowledge of typewriter; experience and references. MISS SHIRLEY A. MASER, 666 Salem st., Malden, Mass.	2

CLERICAL WORK (36). \$8 week; references. Mention No. 3814. STATE FREE P. OFFICE (service free to all). 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 20

CLERICAL.—By experienced, capable man, position four or five hours daily level clerical work copying or address

clerical work, offering assistance
 moderate salary. MARGARET WAL
 CE, 3 La Grange pl., Roxbury, Mass. 17
 CLERICAL position wanted in an insti-
 tution or school. MISS CELIA F. BUR
 NGAME, 11 Medway st., Providence
 R.I. 2-

COLLEGE WOMAN (40) desires position; executive duties, boarding school (each expression), companion, managing housekeeper; consider any offer. MRS. E. CRUTCHER, 16 Grove st., Wellesley 18.

COMPANION—Young lady of refinement and elegant address, desires position as companion or governess. Address, 100 West 10th St., New York City.

education; desires position as companion; nursery governess or nursery maid; single; needle woman; Protestant; references. MABELLE CONTE, 89 Union Park Boston. 19

experienced; congenial home atmosphere more desired than large salary; references. MRS. E. L. PIPER, 12 Arlington Haverhill, Mass. 19

COMPANION—Position wanted as companion, attendant, or managing housekeeper by a competent, refined woman;

rences. M. E. CHEEVER, 157 W. New-
st. Boston. 17
COMPOSITOR, copy holder, saleslady;
\$10-\$12 week; experienced on book
newspaper work, monotype correcting;
full knowledge of job printing; references.
Station No. 3816. STAG FREE EMP.

COMPOSITOR (29), \$10-\$11 week; 10 yrs' experience; book work, catalogue monotype, correcting work; references. Station. No. 2828. STATE FREE EMP.

COMPANION-CHAPERONE — Middle-aged woman of refinement, thoroughly trustworthy and reliable. Desires position desired. MRS. A. S. HAYES, 40 Lafayette pl., Burlington, Vt. 19

BOOK and second maid; neat, willing
capable; excellent references; desire
situation together or separate. Apply to
JES McCREHAN, 126 Mass. ave., cor.
Boston st., Boston. 10

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

Classified Advertisements

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN ON THIS PAGE TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

The advertisements upon this page are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED-FEMALE

COOK (colored) will go any place in suburbs; experienced. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 188 Mass. ave., Cambridge, Mass. Phone 894-L.

COOK, accomodator, desires employment in private family; references and experience. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 188 Mass. ave., Cambridge, Mass. Phone 894-L.

COOK, very capable, wants situation in private family; references and experience. ETNA CAMERON, 72 Waltham st., Boston.

COOK, Scotch Protestant N. S. girl, desires position as waitress in hotel or boarding house; good references. CATHARINE MACARIN, Wellington st., Boston. Tel. Trow, 429-J.

D. E. BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER, with several years' varied experience, desires work evenings and Saturday mornings. STUELLA, 143 W. 1st, Pleasant ave., Roxbury, Mass.

DRESSMAKER desires employment; can make shirt waists and children's clothes. GRACE E. CLEMENT, 17 Oak 9th, Brighton, Mass. Tel. Brighton 798-3.

DRESSMAKER desires employment; will do alterations. ETHEL MACDONALD, 73 Montpelier st., Boston.

DRESSMAKER, experienced cutter and fitter on adult and children's wear, desires employment. ALICE V. HOPKINS, 157 Mass. ave., Boston. Tel. 247-4.

GENERAL-Good all-round woman, can make shirt waists and children's clothes. GRACE E. CLEMENT, 17 Oak 9th, Brighton, Mass. Tel. Brighton 798-3.

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MAID-Young colored woman would like to care for small apartment where no cooking is required; references. MRS. HARRIET B. JONES, 33 Westminster st., Boston.

MAID-Neat light colored girl would like position as waitress in private family or boarding house, or as chambermaid; references. MRS. E. L. BROWN, 30 Buckingham st., Boston.

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER and companion desires position in refined household in Europe. MRS. ADA F. SAWYER, 10 Chester, Mass.

MATRON-Young lady of refinement desires position; good worker; Protestant. MAHELLE CONTE, 80 Union Park st., Boston.

MANICURIST, nursery governess (24); references. Mention No. 2818, STATE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960.

MATRON desires position in school, apartment hotel or as companion; have experience in Europe. MRS. ADA F. SAWYER, 10 Chester, Mass.

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EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE

BUYER-Position wanted as buyer and manager in retail clothing house, having had both department store and general experience. A. E. NUNES, 207 N. 35th st., Philadelphia.

CARPENTER-Young man wishes position as carpenter in an apartment house in New York city or vicinity. JULIUS LIARDON, 146 W. 60th st., New York.

CHAUFFEUR, first-class machinist, wishes position in private family; good references and strictly temperate. JOHN STALLER, 289 W. 20th st., New York.

CHAUFFEUR and repair man, all make of cars, desires position; 5 years' driving experience; steady driver. F. A. N. G. McNALLY, 94 Jewett ave., Jersey City, N. J.

CHAUFFEUR, 5 years' experience, good mechanic, married, temperate, references, desires position; go anywhere. W. G. HARRIS, 235 E. 31st st., New York.

CLERK-Young man would like to secure position as hotel clerk in any part of the country; references. JOHN KATES, 310 W. 10th st., New York.

CORRESPONDENT, young man of exceptional ability, desires position; can handle all correspondence; references. F. W. FLUSHING, N. Y.

GERMAN desires position at anything; fluent in German. EDY GEISMAN, 22 Bleeker st., New York.

GLAZIER-Young man (20) desires position; 9 years' experience as glazier and picture frame fitter; references exchanged; Boston or New York preferred. JOSEPH BRILL, 149 W. 90th st., New York.

MOULDER, 20 years' experience on all kinds of jobbing work, understands cupola practice, experienced as foreman, desires position. CHAS. D. SMITH, 163 D. st., Johnston, Pa.

OFFICE MANAGER, excellent bookkeeper, capable of taking entire charge, desires position; 15 years' experience. SCOTCH, J. CHARLES, 129 W. 90th st., New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, not a stenographer; owns and operates typewriter; all or part time; N. Y. city only; references. J. W. LILLY, 65 West 143d st., New York.

PROOFREADER wishes position; head line writer, copy preparer or typewriter; references. W. P. DARRAH, Lock Haven, Pa.

RAILROAD DISPATCHER, now employed in New York city, wishes position in Boston; technical graduate, speaks German, French, Spanish and English. W. C. CROSE, 33 Berkeley pl., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN, single, desires position with high grade mfg. concern; willing to learn the practical part of the business; 10 years' travel; would like to locate or travel in South American, speaks German, French, Spanish and English. MOSKOWSKI, P. O. box 316, Franklin, Pa.

SHEET IRON WORKER desires position; handy with tools; willing to work as helper at trade or large store or warehouse. SAM A. CREGG, 8 Garrison ave., N. S. Pittsburgh, Pa.

TRAVELING SALESMAN-Position desired with high class New York art novelties house, including cards, pictures, books, etc.; references. WILLIAM C. BENNETT, 10-12 W. 98th st., New York.

STENOGRAPHER-American, 26, desires position; stenographer, typewriter, excellent penman, references, immediate start; references. CHES-TER W. REEDER, 171 Virginia ave., Jersey City, N. J.

TYPIST-COPYIST desires employment evenings. ROBERT F. ADAMS, 4691 Park ave., New York.

YOUNG MAN (19), just starting out, would like situation where he can learn 3 languages; references. WILLIAM WENTZ THOMPSON, 31 Eagle st., Englewood, N. J.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN, young man, at present employed with large firm, desires position; best references. MITTAT, Western Electric Co., Dept. 925, Hawthorne, Ill.

CHAUFFEUR-Reliable and competent chauffeur, 2 years' experience, desires position; all mechanic and careful driver; city references. STEPHEN E. AUSTIN, 2408 Ogden ave., Chicago.

CHAUFFEUR (colored) desires position with private family or company; thoroughly experienced; good reputation; temperate and reliable. FREDERICK GROOMER, 42 Virginia ave., St. Paul, Minn.

COOK-Japanese young man wants position as cook, either in general household or in hotel or restaurant. J. HARA, 328 Vernon ave., Chicago.

CREDIT MAN desires position; exp. in retail store; will do office cleaning or sewing; management of office force; best of references. J. H. ROTHROCK, 246 Michigan ave., Chicago. Tel. Calumet 401.

ELITE DRAFTSMAN, first class, BOX, 215 Auditorium, Chicago.

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EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED-FEMALE

DRESSMAKER desires employment after 10 years' experience. MISS 19 CROSBY, 55 Berkeley pl., Brooklyn, N. Y.

GOVERNMENT desires position on ranch Northwest; capable, experienced; references; ages 3 to 12. MISS JANE STEVENSON, 705 Forest ave., Avon, Pa.

HOTSEKEEPER-Refined, educated English lady wishes position; hotel or otherwise; thoroughly domesticated; could assist with books. S. HOPPER, Oak st., New Rochelle, N. Y.

MAID-Neat colored Spanish-American girl wishes position as maid in office or household; references. DANIELA WEBER, 21 West 150th st., New York.

NURSERY GOVERNESS desires position. MISS E. R. STILES, care Mrs. Grady, 501 West 151st st., New York.

OFFICE CLERK desires position with auto; references. MRS. LOUISE BANKER, Heathcote Hall, Harrison, N. Y.

SEWING-Woman desires plain sewing, binding, mending, either in New York or Brooklyn. MRS. MARSH, 1751 Union st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, private secretary, long experience, factory, capable of making office, seeks high-grade opening in New York city. L. I. BISK, 59 W. 76th st., New York.

STENOGRAPHER desires position in New York in private family with board; references. ISABELLE PROSSER, 373 N. 9th st., Lebanon, Pa.

CENTRAL STATES

HELP WANTED-MALE

BOY wanted in office of first-class manufacturing firm; good opportunity for bright, hustling boy who wishes to start at the bottom and learn the business; must give references. Call for interview. KINDEL RED COMPANY, 400 W. Erie st., Chicago.

LINOTYPE OPERATOR (union) wanted at once; reliable; married man; new No. 5. R. PARK, Lock and Gessie sts., Chicago.

RAZOR HONE MAKERS-Wanted, 2 reliable men or large boys to make razor hones; references. A. G. MACKEY, 20 N. 41st ave., Chicago.

SOFTFOOT would like to form new connection in different sphere of endeavor; prefer connection with eastern line or its western representatives and solicitors with headquarters in Chicago. LE ROY F. HARRIS, 4388 Washington Park pl., Chicago.

TWO BOYS (17 years of age) wish positions together on a farm or ranch in Texas or any western state; would sign long term if necessary. LAWRENCE O. GUSTAFSON, 6043 Aberdeen st., Chicago.

TYPIST, young man, desires position; railroad office preferred. FRANK BOOK-LEO, 6348 Lath st., Chicago.

TYPIST desires employment part time. WALTER HOLSTEIN, 3640 Marine ave., St. Louis, Mo.

SITUATIONS WANTED-FEMALE

ASSISTANT-Young woman, formerly an attendant, desires position in refined family; companion, care of children. OLIVE REYNOLDS, 147 W. 67th, Chicago.

LAUNDRESS-Wanted, MRS. LANDER, 400 Sheridan rd., Chicago.

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ELITE DRAFTSMAN, first

Financial, Commercial and Industrial News of the World

HEAVY SALES OF STEEL STOCK A FEATURE TODAY

Easier Tone Develops in Stock Markets Early Followed by a Rally—Price Movements Are Irregular.

BOSTON IS HEAVY

Influenced by the heavy selling of United States Steel the New York market opened weak this morning and a much easier tone prevailed throughout the early sales. Large blocks of steel came out as the price receded.

The bears have been gaining strength during the past year and are financially well entrenched. As the banking and other large financial interests have shown no disposition to support the market, except to prevent a demoralization, the bear operators have had a free hand and prices have yielded easily under pressure.

National Biscuit and Wells Fargo were two of the specialties to show pronounced strength during the early trading, while others were declining. The interboroughs also were stronger. Stocks rallied somewhat at the end of the first half hour.

The Boston market was influenced by the selling in New York and a heavy tone prevailed.

Another downward movement was again followed by a recovery before midday. Steel was forced down under 72 and rallied to close to the opening figure. Amalgamated Copper was also under pressure. It opened unchanged at 63½ and sold under 63. American Smelting opened up ¼ at 73½, advanced above 74 and then reacted a good fraction.

Interborough common and preferred continued strong. The preferred, after opening up ¼ at 55, rose to 56½ before midday. Panhandle opened up a point at 97½ and improved fractionally. National Biscuit was up a point at the opening at 97½ and improved fractionally. National Biscuit was up a point at the opening at 97½ and improved fractionally.

There was little character to the local trading. Price changes were generally fractional. United States Steel opened up ½ at 55½, recovered to 56 and again dropped to 55½. American Telephone and Telegraph opened up ¼ at 141½ but receded fractionally. The copper stocks showed a heavy tone.

A further advance in Philadelphia Company and Reading constituted about the only features in the afternoon trading. Business was very quiet in both markets.

LONDON—In the final dealings at the stock exchange today the markets were quiet and irregular. Gift-edged issues showed a heaviness, but home railroads ended above the lowest figures.

American railway shares on the curb were narrow and mixed in movements. The rest of the markets were colorless.

De Beers closed unchanged at 177-16. Continental bourses were quiet.

RAILWAY EARNINGS

For the month of November the gross earnings of 48 railroads aggregated \$72,868,175, against \$71,096,691 in the corresponding period last year, an increase of \$1,771,484, or 2.49 per cent.

For the first week of December the gross earnings of 31 railroads aggregated \$10,817,687, against \$10,226,074 in the corresponding period last year, an increase of \$591,613, or 5.78 per cent.

The gross and net returns of 71 railroads for the month of October were as follows:

	Gross	Net
Operating earnings	\$220,065,252	\$4,323,797
Operating expenses	190,248,983	11,263,860
Net earnings	29,816,269	4,670,088

Gross earnings increased 1.91 per cent, operating expenses increased 8.96 per cent, and net earnings decreased 7.92 per cent.

From July 1—\$867,240,691, \$4,692,805; Gross earnings—\$69,348,706; \$4,697,122; Net earnings—\$29,851,555; \$4,697,122; Gross earnings increased 3.57 per cent, operating expenses increased 8.32 per cent, and net earnings increased 0.34 per cent.

Weather Predictions

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU PREDICTIONS FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY: Fair and continued cold tonight; Saturday, fair, with slowly rising temperature and brisk northwest winds, diminishing.

TEMPERATURE TODAY.

6 a. m. 10 12 noon 12½
2 p. m. 10 4 p. m. 12½
Average temperature yesterday, 32-13-21.

IN OTHER CITIES.

Montreal 0-81, Louis 38
Savannah 24-30, Chicago 26
New York 28-31, St. Paul 26
Washington 36-38, Bismarck 28
Jacksonville 36-38, Denver 42
New Orleans 60-62, Kansas City 44
San Francisco 56-60, Portland, Ore. 46

ALMANAC FOR TOMORROW.

Sun rises 7:08, Moon rises 5:23 p. m.
Sun sets 4:13, High water 11:40 a. m.
Length of day, 9:03.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—The following are the transactions on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last
Allis-Chalmers	8½	8½	8½	8½
Amalgamated	63½	63½	62½	63½
Am Beet Sugar	39½	39½	39	39½
Am Beet Sugar pf.	93	93	93	93
Am Can	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼
Am Can pf.	75½	75½	75½	75½
Am Car Foundry	22	22	22	22
Am H & L pf.	17½	17½	17½	17½
Am Ice	37	37	37	37
Am Locomotive	37	37	37	37
Am Malt pf.	34	34	34	34
Am Smelting	73½	74½	73½	74½
Am Smelting pf.	103½	103½	103½	103½
Am Tel & Tel.	143½	143½	141½	141½
Am T & T	39½	39½	39½	39½
Am T & T pf.	101	101	101	101
Am T & T pf.	102½	102½	102½	102½
At Coast Line	116½	116½	116½	116½
Balt & Ohio	106½	106½	106½	106½
Bethlehem Steel	59½	59½	59½	59½
Brooklyn Transit	74	74	74	74
Canadian Pacific	193½	193½	193½	193½
Atchafalpa	102½	102½	102½	102½
Atchafalpa pf.	102½	102½	102½	102½
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Latest Market Reports Produce Quotations Shipping

WHY COTTON MILLS ARE NOT CONDUCTED PROFITABLY

Asserted That Present Unsatisfactory Condition Is Largely Due to Cotton Machinery Concerns in Promoting the Establishment of Cotton Mills.

The fact that for a year or two cotton mills in this state and elsewhere have not been conducted profitably has been a matter of public knowledge and has been more or less casually referred to in the press.

It is generally supposed that the unprecedentedly continuing high price of raw cotton is responsible for this condition, but the ordinary business man finds it difficult to understand why given high raw material and a wage cost which may also be spoken of as above the average, the selling value of the output of a cotton mill should not automatically increase to a point which should show a fair margin of profit to the manufacturer.

Certain it is that the cost of cotton cloth and thread is greater to the retail buyer than it was a few years ago, and the entirely satisfactory reason is given by the dry goods salesman that the increased cost is caused "by the high price of cotton." It is, however, a fact that the manufacturer, although the one on whom the increased cost of the staple impinges directly, is not the one who is benefited by the increased prices obtained for cotton goods from the consumer.

Where then is the hiatus; and why does the manufacturer find it impossible to force a market which will give him an adequate profit on the cost of his raw material and labor? It is contended by some that the situation is largely due to the cotton machinery building concerns of the country. These firms, it is asserted, have entered upon the policy of promoting and encouraging the establishment of cotton mills, both north and south, without regard to any commercial justification for their creation other than that a market is thus created for their own goods.

It is not unusual for a concern providing the machinery for a new cotton mill to take from 25 to 50 per cent of its entire bill in the capital stock of the mill, and the number of boards of directors on which the machinery interests are represented, throughout the country, constitute a very respectable percentage of the whole industry.

Such undertakings, unjustifiably brought into existence, inadequately financed in great part, many times inefficiently organized and conducted, inevitably fall into the hands of another branch of business which this very condition has brought into existence and developed—the banking commission houses of New York, and their branches.

Advancing cash against the weekly output of the mills with a safe margin, and receiving a commission on sales, profit or no profit, the risk assumed by the commission houses is practically

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC SAILINGS

Transatlantic Sailings.

EASTBOUND.

Sailings from New York.	
Philadelphia, for Southampton.	Dec. 16
Mauretania, for Liverpool.	Dec. 17
Minneapolis, for London.	Dec. 17
Koenigsluise, for Bremen.	Dec. 17
Yonkers, for Hamburg.	Dec. 17
President Grant, for Hamburg.	Dec. 17
Arable, for Liverpool.	Dec. 17
Norddeutscher Lloyd, for Bremen.	Dec. 17
Teutonic, for Southampton.	Dec. 21
Schmid, for Antwerp via Dover.	Dec. 21
Argentine, for Mediterranean ports.	Dec. 22
Rhein, for Bremen.	Dec. 22
La Touraine, for Havre.	Dec. 22
Calcutta, for Liverpool.	Dec. 22
United States, for Copenhagen.	Dec. 22
Colt, for Rotterdam.	Dec. 22
Minnetonka, for London.	Dec. 24
California, for Mediterranean ports.	Dec. 24
Russia, for Rotterdam.	Dec. 24
Calcutta, for Liverpool.	Dec. 24
America, for Mediterranean ports.	Dec. 24
Vanderland, for Antwerp via Dover.	Dec. 24
Calcutta, for Liverpool.	Dec. 24
La Bretagne, for Havre.	Dec. 24
United States, for Copenhagen.	Dec. 24
Colt, for Rotterdam.	Dec. 24
Sailings from Boston.	
Menominee, for Antwerp.	Dec. 16
Anglian, for London.	Dec. 16
Reuter, for Copenhagen.	Dec. 16
Bohman, for Liverpool.	Dec. 16
Corinthian, for Manchester.	Dec. 16
Calcutta, for Liverpool.	Dec. 16
Cambridge, for London.	Dec. 16
Manitou, for Antwerp.	Dec. 16
Reuter, for Copenhagen.	Dec. 16
Sagamore, for Liverpool.	Dec. 16
Sailings from Philadelphia.	
Menominee, for Antwerp.	Dec. 16
Merion, for Liverpool.	Dec. 16
Anconia, for Mediterranean ports.	Dec. 16
Frederick, for New York.	Dec. 16
Sailings from Montreal.	
All sailings from Halifax, N. S., or Portland, Me., during winter season.	
Empress of Britain, for Liverpool.	Dec. 16
Empress of Ireland, for Liverpool.	Dec. 30
Sailings from Portland.	
Dominion, for Liverpool.	Dec. 24
Sailings from Liverpool.	
Empress of Ireland, for Halifax.	Dec. 16
Empress of Britain, for Liverpool.	Dec. 16
Lusitania, for New York.	Dec. 16
Sagamore, for Boston.	Dec. 16
Calcutta, for New York.	Dec. 16
Cedric, for New York.	Dec. 16
Haverford, for Philadelphia.	Dec. 16
Canada, for Portland.	Dec. 16
Empress of Britain, for Halifax.	Dec. 16
Laurel, for New York.	Dec. 16
Caronia, for New York.	Dec. 16
Sailings from Southampton.	
New York, for New York.	Dec. 17
President Lincoln, for New York.	Dec. 17
Oceanic, for New York.	Dec. 17
St. Paul, for New York.	Dec. 17
Philadelphia, for New York.	Dec. 17
Lake Erie, for Boston via Halifax.	Dec. 17

Transpacific Sailings.

WESTBOUND.

Sailings from San Francisco.	
Chitima, for Hongkong.	Dec. 16
Wilhelmina, for Honolulu.	Dec. 16
Bohemia, for Sydney.	Dec. 16
Albatross, for Honolulu.	Dec. 16
Sierra, for Honolulu.	Dec. 16
Asia, for Hongkong.	Dec. 16
Mariposa, for Sydney.	Dec. 16
Sailings from Seattle.	
Minnesota, for Hongkong.	Dec. 16
Tampa Maru, for Hongkong.	Dec. 16
Empress of India, for Hongkong.	Dec. 16
Moana, for Sydney.	Dec. 16
Kamakura Maru, for Hongkong.	Dec. 16
Sailings from Tacoma.	
Proteus, for Hongkong.	Dec. 16
Titan, for Hongkong.	Dec. 16
Sailings from Vancouver.	
Empress of India, for Hongkong.	Dec. 16
Mariposa, for Sydney.	Dec. 16
Sailings from Yokohama.	
Proteus, for Tacoma.	Dec. 16
Awa Maru, for Seattle.	Dec. 16
Tenyo Maru, for San Francisco.	Dec. 16
Empress of Japan, for Vancouver.	Dec. 16
Panama Maru, for Tacoma.	Dec. 16
Korea, for San Francisco.	Dec. 16
Sailings from Hongkong.	
Empress of Japan, for Vancouver.	Dec. 16
Korea, for San Francisco.	Dec. 16
Keosau, for Tacoma.	Dec. 16
Seattle Maru, for Tacoma.	Dec. 16
Sailings from Honolulu.	
Lurline, for San Francisco.	Dec. 16
Moanala, for San Francisco.	Dec. 16
Tenyo Maru, for San Francisco.	Dec. 16
Sailings from Sydney.	
Makura, for Vancouver.	Dec. 16
Sailings from Glasgow.	
United States mail.	

FOREIGN MAIL DEPARTURES FOR WEEK DEC. 17.

Mails for—	Conveyed by—	Mail closes at—	Suppl. Mail.
Costa Rica, via Port Limon.	San Jose.	Friday, 16, 8 a.m.	
Europe, Africa, West Asia and East India, via Falmouth and Liverpool.	Mauretania.	Friday, 16, 9 p.m.	11 p.m.
Germany, letter mail, two cents per ounce, also specially addressed for Europe, Africa, West Asia and East India, via Falmouth, Cherbourg and Bremen.	Koenigsluise.	Friday, 16, 9 p.m.	10 p.m.
Newfoundland, via Halifax.	A. W. Perry.	Sat., 17, 11 a.m.	
*Letters for Germany paid at the rate of two cents per ounce will be forwarded only on direct steamer from New York to Hamburg or Bremen.			
*Registered mails for Europe, Africa, West Asia and East India close Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday at 5:30 p. m.; for other countries mails close one hour earlier than time shown above.			
*Newfoundland, except parcels post, via North Sydney, N. S., thence by steamer, closes daily, except Saturday, at 5:30 p. m., also on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 a. m.			
*St. Pierre and Miquelon, via North Sydney, N. S., thence by steamer, close at 5:30 p. m., Dec. 11 and 25, and 7 a. m., Dec. 12 and 26. Parcels post for Newfoundland are forwarded only on direct steamers from New York and Philadelphia to St. John's between July 1 and Oct. 1.			
*Parcels post for Labrador can only be forwarded on direct steamers from New York and Philadelphia to St. John's between July 1 and Oct. 1.			
*Mails for Cuba, by rail to Florida, thence by steamer, close daily except Wednesday at 12 m., 4 and 9 p. m.			
*Mails for Cuba close at this office every Wednesday at 9 p. m., forwarded on direct steamers sailing from New York every Thursday.			
*All steamers take specially addressed correspondence.			
*Parcels post mails for Jamaica and Costa Rica close half hour earlier than the closing time shown above.			
*Parcels post mails for Great Britain and Ireland close Tuesday and Friday at 5 p. m., Germany 5 p. m., Wednesday and Friday, Italy 7 p. m., Tuesday and Friday, Norway, Sweden and Denmark 5 p. m., Wednesday, Newfoundland 4 p. m., Friday.			

TRANS-PACIFIC MAILS FORWARDED OVERLAND DAILY.

Mails for—	Conveyed by—	Mail closes at—
Hawaii.	Wilhelmina.	San Fran., Dec. 16, 9 p.m.
Philippines, China, Japan, Korea and the Philippines.	Earl of Elgin.	San Fran., Dec. 16, 9 p.m.
China, Japan, Korea and the Philippines.	Earl of Elgin.	San Fran., Dec. 16, 9 p.m.
China, Japan, Korea and the Philippines.	Earl of Elgin.	San Fran., Dec. 16, 9 p.m.
China, Japan, Korea and the Philippines.	Earl of Elgin.	San Fran., Dec. 16, 9 p.m.
China, Japan, Korea and the Philippines.	Earl of Elgin.	San Fran., Dec. 16, 9 p.m.
China, Japan, Korea and the Philippines.	Earl of Elgin.	San Fran., Dec. 16, 9 p.m.
China, Japan, Korea and the Philippines.	Earl of Elgin.	San Fran., Dec. 16, 9 p.m.
China, Japan, Korea and the Philippines.	Earl of Elgin.	San Fran., Dec. 16, 9 p.m.
China, Japan, Korea and the Philippines.	Earl of Elgin.	San Fran., Dec. 16, 9 p.m.

SHOE AND LEATHER BUYERS HERE TODAY

Among the wholesale boot and shoe and leather dealers in Boston today are the following:

- Baltimore, Md.—H. Abrahams of Baltimore Shoe House, Essex.
- Baltimore, Md.—Mr. Colman of A. H. Colman & Co.
- Baltimore, Md.—E. B. Harris, Essex.
- Nashville, Tenn.—Eugene Hollis of Hollis, Son & Co., Brunswick.
- New York City—J. A. Glickman and L. Glickman, U. S.
- New York City—L. Rosenbaum of S. Rosenbaum Shoe Co., U. S.
- Philadelphia, Pa.—J. I. Meany of J. I. Meany & Co., Adams.
- Richmond, Va.—J. S. Strauss of Fleischman & Morris, Lenox.
- St. Louis, Mo.—Will Dittman of George P. Dittman & Co.
- St. Louis, Mo.—A. Epstein of Boston Shoe House, U. S.
- Waterbury, Conn.—J. A. Foster, U. S.

LEATHER BUYERS.

- Cincinnati, O.—John Dittman of Val Dittman & Sons Co., Essex.
- Little Falls, N. Y.—J. S. Engle and H. C. Wiggin of Little Falls Shoe Co., U. S.

CAR SERVICE ASSOCIATION

AUSTIN, Tex.—The causes that led to the recent action of the International & Great Northern, Texas & Pacific, Cotton Belt and Frisco railroads in serving formal notice upon the Texas Car Service Association of their proposed withdrawal from that organization on Jan. 1, may be investigated by the railroad commission.

It is reported that withdrawal of these roads may disrupt the association, although it is stated by the other railroads which belong to it that they will retain their membership and continue to abide by its rules and regulations. The association has its headquarters in Houston. Although demurrage regulations and other matters which come within the province of the association are to a large extent promulgated and passed upon by the railroad commission, the latter body has had little to do with their enforcement.

This work has been performed by the association. It is reported an effort will be made to bring about a reorganization of the association with a view to satisfying the complaints of the roads.

OCTOBER LUMBER MOVEMENTS.
NEW YORK.—Southwestern lumber reports from 407 mills show that the output of 440,000,000 feet continues to exceed shipments of 418,000,000 feet by nearly 22,000,000 feet, or 7.31 per cent. Last year the corresponding percentage was 1.61 per cent compared with 8.08 per cent in 1908.

UNION PACIFIC CURTAILS.

CHICAGO.—The Union Pacific has followed Burlington in reducing passenger train mileage to Colorado, discontinuing two trains and operating two locals jointly with Northwestern and St. Paul.

Produce Markets

Arrivals.
Str Ontario from Norfolk with 1200 bxs oranges, 160 bbls spinach, 800 bgs peanuts.
Str City of Memphis from Savannah with 41 bxs grape fruit, 142 bxs oranges, 28 bbls raisins 1600 boxes, peanuts 810 bags, potatoes 20,308 bu., sweet potatoes 102 bbls, onions 1529 bu.

Boston Receipts.
Apples 2674 bbls, and 1392 boxes, cranberries 931 bbls., Florida oranges 4822 boxes, California oranges 1188 boxes, grapes 28 bbls., raisins 1600 boxes, peanuts 810 bags, potatoes 20,308 bu., sweet potatoes 102 bbls., onions 1529 bu.

Sailed.
Str Anglian sailing today for London took 65 bbls, and 1450 boxes apples.
Estimated Apple Shipments.
Week ending Dec. 17: From Boston, 2650; New York, 10,750; Portland, 2900; Halifax, 8100; St. John, 350.

PROVISIONS

Chicago Market.
May wheat 96c, Jan pork \$19.95, Jan lard \$10.20, hog receipts 15,000, prices \$7.30 to \$7.70; cattle mkt 10 higher, receipts 1500; Beeves \$4.45 to \$7.35; cows & heifers \$2.35 to \$6; Tex sters \$4 to \$5.10, sters & fdrs \$3.35 to \$5.70, western cattle \$4 to \$5.85.

Boston Receipts of Poultry.

Today, 3590 pkgs; last year, 3427 pkgs.
Boston Prices.
Flour—To ship from the mills, spring patents \$3.35 to \$3.75, clears \$4.40 to \$4.75, winter patents \$4.50 to \$4.90, straights \$4.25 to \$4.60, clears \$4.10 to \$4.50, Kansas patents, in jute \$4.65 to \$5.25, rye flour \$3.90 to \$4.70, Graham \$3.70 to \$4.

Corn—Carlots, on spot, old No. 2 yellow 63c to 63½c, new steam yellow 57½c to 58c, No. 3 yellow 57c to 57½c, to ship from the West, new No. 3 yellow 55c to 55½c.
Oats—Carlots, on spot, No. 1 clipped white 41c to 41½c, No. 2 40c to 40½c, No. 3 39½c to 40c, rejected white 38c to 38½c, to ship from the West, 40 to 42 lbs, clipped white 40½c to 41c, 38 to 40 lbs, 39½c to 40c, 36 to 38 lbs, 38½c to 39½c.

Cornmeal and oatmeal—Cornmeal, new, \$1.12 to \$1.14 100-lb bag; old, \$1.17 to \$1.20; granulated \$3.10 to \$3.20 bbl, bolted \$3.10; oatmeal, rolled \$4.45 to \$4.50, cut and ground \$4.40 to \$4.45.
Milled—To ship from the mills, spring bran \$2.75 to \$2.85, winter bran \$2.50 to \$2.60, middlings \$2.75 to \$2.85, mixed feed \$2.65 to \$2.80, red dog \$2.90 to \$2.95, cottonseed meal \$3.10 to \$3.50, linseed meal \$3.60 to \$3.65, hominy feed \$2.40 to \$2.45, gluten feed \$2.75 to \$2.80, stock feed \$2.45.

Hay and straw—Hay, western, choice \$2.50 to \$2.55, No. 1 \$2.55 to \$2.60, No. 2 \$2.50 to \$2.55, No. 3 \$1.50 to \$1.55; straw, rye \$1.50 to \$1.55, cut \$8 to \$8.50.
Butter—Northern creamery, 30c to 31c; western, 30c to 31c.
Eggs—Fancy nearby western, 48c to 50c; eastern, best, 43c to 45c; western, best, 38c to 40c.

Cheese—New York twins, new 15c to 15½c; Vermont twins, extra, 14c to 15c. Beans—Pea, choice, per bu, \$2.35 to 2.40; medium, choice hand-picked, \$2.35; California, small white, \$2.45 to \$2.50; yellow eyes, best, \$2.20 to 2.30; red kidney, \$3 to 3.25.

Apples—King, bbl, \$3.75 to \$4.75; Northern Spy, bbl, \$4 to \$4.25; Baldwin's, fancy, bbl, \$3.75 to \$4.00; greenings, bbl, \$3.00 to \$4.25; native, bu box, \$1.00 to \$1.75.
Potatoes—New potatoes, \$1.00 to \$1.05; sweet potatoes, bbl, \$2.50 to \$3.00.
Onions—Connecticut river, per 110-lb bag, \$1.45 to \$1.75; native yellow, per bu box, 90c to \$1.00.

Poultry—Nearby broilers, 22c to 24c; choice northern and eastern fowl, 17c to 18c; western fowl, 16c to 17c; northern and eastern turkeys, choice, 26c to 28c; western turkeys, choice, 24c to 26c; roast chickens, 18c; western chickens, 17c to 18c.

Live Poultry—Chickens, 14c; fowls, 12c to 14c; roosters, 10c to 12c.
Fruit—Pineapples, per crate, \$3.00 to 3.75; cranberries, per box, \$2.75 to \$3.50; per bbl, late varieties \$9.00 to \$10.00.

DAIRY PRODUCTS

Boston Receipts.
Today, 1411 lbs 320 bxs 90.240 lbs butter, 168 bxs cheese, 604 cs eggs; 1909, 671 lbs 42.906 lbs butter, 183 bxs cheese, 1535 cs eggs.
Thursday, 2496 lbs 3110 bxs 120.539 lbs butter, 789 bxs cheese, 2036 cs eggs; 1909, 2241 lbs 2686 bxs 118.665 lbs butter, 484 bxs cheese, 1000 cs eggs.

New York Market.
Butter—Cry, spec, 32½c; cry, ex, 1 mk, 31c, 30½c; held cry, spec, 30½c, 30½c; June cry, spec, 31c, 30½c; No. 2 pkg, stock, 20c, 18c; cry, spec, buyer next week, 33c, 32c; cry, spec, buyer 30 days, 35c, 32c; cry, spec, seller 30 days, 31½c, 31c; cry, spec, seller next week, 32½c, 31½c; held cry, spec, seller next week, 30½c, 29½c. Sales, 100 held cry, spec, 30½c, 138 June cry, spec, 30½c, 50 fresh cry, spec, 32½c. Receipts 3933.

Eggs—Fresh gthd ex 1sts 38c 36c. Ill ex 1sts 38½c 36½c, fresh gthd 1sts 34½c 33c, Tenn 1sts 34½c 33½c, Ky 4sts 35c 34c, 1000 Apr refr 2nds in storg 24½c 22½c, No Ind Apr refr 1sts 25c 24½c, refr 2nds 34c next week 24c; sales, 25 Tenn 1sts 34c free del, 100 Tenn 1sts 34½c, cartg allowed. Rets 6022.

New York Receipts.
Today, 3933 pkgs butter, 1544 bxs cheese, 6022 cs eggs; 1909, 2904 pkgs butter, 618 bxs cheese, 5567 cs eggs.
Thursday, 1010, 672 pkgs butter, 1731

WORK ON THE CAPE COD CANAL

The Cape Cod canal, which is designed to provide a water route from Buzzards to Barnstable bays, thus eliminating the 66-mile journey around the cape, is about one quarter completed. Of the total of \$11,900,000 capital, the construction company has already received authorization to issue \$2,838,000 in stock and bonds.

There will be no diminution in the excavation work this winter, and it is estimated that by October, 1912, the canal will have been entirely completed.

Although it is manifestly out of the question correctly to forecast the tonnage which will pass through the canal during its first year of operation, officials count on at least three fourths of the marine traffic now passing around the cape. In succeeding years it is expected that this proportion will be materially increased.

What this will mean to New England industries through cheaper transportation of coal and supplies can be grasped from the statement that 25,000,000 tons of various materials annually pass through Vineyard Haven sound, which will be all tributary to the canal.

FINANCIAL NOTES

A contract has been awarded by the Boston Elevated Railway Company for the structural steel which is to enter into the new Sullivan square station. It calls for the first deliveries by Feb. 1.

The Frick Coal & Coke Company has purchased 50,000 pounds of candy for Christmas distribution among the 30,000 children of its employees in the Connellsville and Klondyke regions.

Kansas City has awarded \$750,000 20-year bonds, including \$500,000 A per cent and \$250,000 4½ per cent, to Pioneer Trust Company of Kansas City at 100.44, an average basis of 4.132 per cent.

The English woolen importing firm Joseph Brooke & Co., in New York, which is being sued by the government for recovery of \$200,000 in back duties, is endeavoring to make a money settlement of all claims against it.

German kali works announce that, contrary to general impression, potash prices are as low or lower than ever before, and that the German export tax will not fall upon the American consumer.

President Hoyt of the New England Shoe & Leather Association declares that the successful bid of Roberts, Johnson & Brand of St. Louis of \$2.50 a pair on \$1,000,000 contract for army shoes, will not cover the cost of manufacture.

A London correspondent of New York Journal of Commerce says: A gold movement to New York is an early probability. It is not technically justified, but English money prospects are so favorable that better rental rates for actual funds are promised in New York than in London.

BERLIN MONEY RATES.
BERLIN—Discount rate 4½ per cent. Money 4½ per cent. Exchange on London 20m. 43 pfgs.

bxs cheese, 6022 cs eggs; 1909, 3853 pkgs butter; 1731 bxs cheese; 8019 cs eggs.
Other Markets.
ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Egg mkt, Dec. 15, very weak at 30½c.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Butter mkt, Dec. 15, firm; egg 29c, No. 1 pkg stg 29c, receipts 4024; egg mkt firm; prime 1sts 33c, 1sts 31c, ordinary 1sts 29c, receipts 1212.

Today's New York Market by Telegram.
Butter market steady; spec 32½c to 32½c; 31c; hld spec 30½c.
Cheese market unchanged top grades; spec 15½c.
Egg market easier; ex 1sts 36c to 37c; 1sts 34c to 35c; refrigerator spec 25½c to 26c; 1sts 24½c to 25c.

NEW YORK ARRIVALS.
NEW YORK, Dec. 16—Arrd, strs Mauretania, Liverpool and Queenstown; El Valle, Galveston; Rhein, Bremen; Colorado, Boston; Altamaha, Baltimore.

MARINE NOTES.
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.—The three-masted schooner Annie F. Conlon, three weeks out on a trip from Philadelphia for Calais, Me., put into Portsmouth harbor today in a disabled condition.

SCILLY—The steamer Galileo (Br),

SHIPPING NEWS

Three new arrivals are today berthed at T wharf: Helen B. Thomas with 13,000 pounds of groundfish, Viking 6000 and Hobo 2000.

Fish sold to T wharf dealers per hundredweight today as follows: Steak cod \$7.50, market cod \$4.75, haddock \$5.75, pollock \$4.50, large hake \$4.75 and medium hake \$3.75.

There were 94 arrivals at T wharf during the past week, bringing in 1,460,800 pounds of fish; for the corresponding week last year 102 vessels brought in 1,781,800 pounds.

News of the World Told by Cable and Correspondence

HOUSEKEEPING ON COOPERATIVE BASIS IS GIVEN FAIR TRIAL

Eight of the Houses Planned at British Garden City Are Now Occupied—Servants Pleased.

PLAN WORKS WELL

(Special to The Monitor.) LONDON—An account has already appeared in these columns of the Garden City, near London, where housekeeping on a cooperative basis is being put to a very thorough and systematic test. Eight of the 32 houses which are to be erected as soon as the necessary funds have been collected, are now completed and with the exception of four small bachelor flats are all inhabited.

These houses are worked on a plan by which every individual family is relieved of the necessity of catering for itself and of keeping a servant. A large administrative block in which are situated all the public rooms, such as the dining hall, tea room, kitchen, administrative office and reading room, is in telephonic communication with all the houses.

If a servant should be required by any of the tenants, the administrative office is called up on the telephone and a servant is supplied at the rate of so much an hour. But as all kitchen work is done in the administrative block and a charming common dining room is provided, housework is reduced to a minimum.

Popular as these houses are with householders, they seem to be equally so with the servants; the greater freedom and regular hours, coupled with attention to their comforts, have proved an attraction. The managers have not solved the least of their difficulties if they have succeeded in creating a spirit of cooperation between the employers and employees.

"Homesarth," as these bright and picturesque red and white houses are called, vary in size and rent. The smallest house is £28 with an additional sum of £12 to meet the charges for the upkeep of the staff and other minor expenses. The rent of the largest house amounts to £62.

PENSION PLAN IN BROOKLYN.
NEW YORK—Directors of the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Brooklyn are arranging a profit-sharing and pension plan for the employees.

PRESIDENT OF ROYAL SOCIETY AWARDS MEDALS

(Special to The Monitor.) LONDON—The anniversary meeting of the Royal Society was held at Burlington House. The president, Sir Archibald Geikie, occupied the chair, and, after the report had been submitted, delivered his address, during the course of which he announced the award of the society's medals. This year the number of medals was exceptionally large since they amounted to eight. The highest honor which the society had to confer, the Copley medal, was given to Sir Francis Galton.

The Davy medal for the most important discovery made in Europe or Anglo-America, was conferred on Prof. Theodore W. Richards, of Harvard University, to mark the Royal Society's appreciation of his work on the atomic weights of the elements.

The Rumford medal was awarded to Prof. Heinrich Rubens of Berlin University, in recognition of the value of his researches on radiation. The officers and members of council were then elected.

ADMIT WOMAN TO FREEDOM OF AN IRISH CITY

(Special to The Monitor.) DUBLIN—Probably for the first time in Ireland, a woman has been admitted to the freedom of an Irish city, and it is perhaps unique in the history of the world that a member of the Jewish religion should be the recipient of such an honor as that which was bestowed on the Dowager Countess of Desart.

MUSEUM RECEIVES OLD MEMENTOES

(Special to The Monitor.) LONDON—The museum on board the Victory at Portsmouth has lately been supplemented by several interesting articles which were presented to the commandant-in-chief, Admiral the Hon. Sir Ascheton Curzon-Howe, by a deputation from the British and Foreign Sailors' Society. The presentation took place on the middle deck of the famous ship, and the articles included a sea-chest which belonged to Nelson's secretary, several orders relating to the campaign at Trafalgar, and two volumes containing the names of every officer and man who fought on the ship during the great battle. During the morning, the foretop-sail of the Victory used at the battle of Trafalgar was hoisted. This sail is pierced with ninety shot holes.

EMPEROR FRANCIS JOSEPH INAUGURATES NEW SYSTEM

Vienna's Second Main Water Supply Is Opened After Ten Years' Labor—Three Miles of Tunnels Necessary and Cost Is \$20,000,000.

(Special to The Monitor.) VIENNA—In the presence of the court, the ministers, the diplomatic body and principal authorities of Vienna, the Emperor Francis Joseph recently opened the second main water supply of the city. This great engineering work is the outcome of 10 years' labor and the overcoming of great difficulties.

The sources of this new water supply are in the valley of the Styrian Salza between Gusswerke near Mariazell and Wildalpe, 700 feet above sea level. In one place the mountains had to be tunneled for more than three miles. The largest aqueduct is 800 feet in length and 75 feet in height.

The cost of this work amounts to £4,166,000. The amount of materials

used is considerable, among the principal items being 140,000 tons of cement, 33,500 tons of cast iron piping and 2600 tons of wrought iron piping. The water from the new supply is of good quality and will provide Vienna daily with 44,000,000 gallons of water.

At the opening ceremony the Emperor in reply to an address from the burgomaster said that it was a great gratification to him to think that this useful work had been begun and completed during two years of his life in which he had been the recipient of so many proofs of loyal affection. A cup containing a sample of the water was then handed to the Emperor by a maid of honor, while a festival hymn was sung by the choral society.

WINTER FAIR AT GUELPH, ONT., PROMISES TO BE RECORD ONE

New Horse Arena, Built at Cost of \$100,000, Taxed to Limit—Exhibits Believed to Have Great Educational Value to People Throughout Province.

(Special to The Monitor.) GUELPH, Ont.—This year's winter fair promises to be a record one. Every department is crowded with exhibits and particularly the great horse arena, which was constructed at a cost of approximately \$100,000, to which the city of Guelph contributed largely, is taxed beyond its limit by the demands made upon it. There are hundreds of horses and it is impossible to house them in the building, so they have been forced to seek accommodation at the various hotel stables in the city.

In competitive activity, quality of stock and in attendance, says John Bright of Myrtle, president of the association, the promise is of a record year. Much of the prize stock of Ontario pro-

vince is in the stalls and the expectation is to create a new reputation for the winter fair. Lieut.-Col. R. McEwen of Byron, the honorary president, declares that the prospects never were brighter, the entries being greater and the stock superior than usual. The beef entries are 50 per cent increased and the sheep exhibit is far superior to former years.

The most prominent feature of this fair is its educational value to the people throughout the province, and the improvement which it is helping to bring about in all branches of farming and stock raising. Free lectures are given by professors of the Ontario agricultural colleges, having to do with horses, cattle, sheep, swine, seeds, roots, dairying, feeding, dressing and marketing of stock and poultry, and the technical points of stock judging.

The horse arena has elevated seats capable of seating enormous crowds to witness the horses and stock that are paraded for judging. The audience is thus able to see the entire process and to hear a detailed account of the reasons for each award. There never is a poor horse in the show and the standard is continually being advanced, in face of which fact the number exhibited is constantly increasing, and every prize is keenly contested.

The same is true in the sheep, swine and poultry departments, each being filled to overflowing, the quality at the same time showing so much improvement and attaining such a standard of excellence that the judges find a great deal of difficulty in awarding the prizes equitably.

The entries of export steers have been more numerous this year than ever before, and cattle show an increase of more than 60 per cent over former years. This has been brought about largely by means of special prizes awarded by county councils throughout the province. In the poultry department more than 5000 entries represent 350 exhibitors.

The fine new dairy stables are already filled, although when erected last year it was thought that they were large enough to meet all contingencies for 10 years to come. The dairy tests are conducted by Professor Dean of the college and W. Ballantyne Stratford and R. Stevenson Lancaster. The milk from the various animals is tested and points given for quantity, butter fat and the percentage of solids other than butter fat. Allowance is made for the length of time each animal has been milking.

The keenness of the competition in this department is indicated by the fact that the owners of animals sleep in the stalls above them, maintaining a close watch at all times to see that none but the regulation foods are given any of them. Champions of the various breeds of dairy cattle await the result of this test with great interest. One Holstein cow has given as much as 88 pounds of milk in 24 hours and 27 pounds of butter in a week.

The grain exhibit, always large, is bigger this year than ever before. It is believed to be the largest collection of seeds ever assembled in the Dominion, and the quality is vastly superior to that displayed in recent years. This has been brought about largely by the fact that many grain growers develop a good market for special seed through the advertisement that their exhibit at the winter fair secures them.

GREAT BUILDING RECORD.

WINNIPEG, Man.—The total of \$15,000,000 in building permits in Winnipeg for the year 1910, was reached in the building inspector's office, when the first permit for the construction of the new Bank of Commerce structure, for \$800,000, was taken out.

UNIVERSITY REFORM FAILS TO PASS BY VOTE OF 349 TO 242

(Special to The Monitor.) LONDON—The vice-chancellor of Cambridge presided at a congregation held to consider and vote on the new proposals of the council of the senate. The first proposal recommended the establishment of a house of residents in place of the electoral roll, the new house to include all the present resident members of the electoral roll, but in future only those that are engaged in university or college work, or who should have been so engaged, would have a place in the house of residents.

The proposal provoked a great deal of controversy and exposed market diversity of opinion between the residents themselves. Those in favor of the change argued that it was only reasonable that the special powers and duties of such a house should rest with those members of the senate who had the immediate responsibilities of administering the affairs of the university and carrying on its work; while the opposition replied that these changes constituted not so much a house of residents as a house of officials, and would thus work injustice to non-official masters of arts resident in Cambridge. That house would conduct the legislation and control the finances of the university; and no appeal from it to the senate at large was to be allowed except on two cumulative conditions, either of which might lead to a final vote. The ultimate authority

NEW MACHINERY FOR ICE-MAKING PLANT IN CANAL ZONE CITY

(Special to The Monitor.) CRISTOBAL, C. Z.—New ice-making machinery, with a capacity of 300 tons in 24 hours, has been installed here at the ice plant of the Panama Railroad Company. The shipments of ice now aggregate about 92 tons daily outside of the amount required for the cold storage purposes of the government. This represents but a slightly increased demand, although the improvement in the plant enables the subsistence department, for the first time since the beginning of the canal work, to furnish patrons with ice in unlimited quantities, and the removal of previous restrictions as to ice orders has been announced in a circular.

The new equipment consists of a cross-compound condensing Corliss engine, with a 24-inch high-pressure cylinder, 42-inch stroke; two horizontal double-acting compressors, two high-pressure ammonia oil separators, steam receiver and a gage-board fitted with the necessary steam and ammonia gages. The flywheel of the engine is 16 feet in diameter and weighs 30,000 pounds.

The new equipment was placed in operation Sept. 2 and as soon as thoroughly tested will relieve the old plant, which will be held in reserve for use in case the other machinery breaks down. Formerly the boilers, in addition to furnishing steam for ice-making, generated current for electric lighting, but about a year ago, when the power plant at Gatun dam was completed, current was furnished from that.

CHINA BALKS AT U. S. ADVISER INFLUENCING THE \$50,000,000 LOAN

PEKING.—The government has not come to terms with the American financial syndicate over the proposed loan of \$50,000,000 to be used by China in furthering currency reforms and other interests of the empire. The final difficulty in the way appears to be on the question of the appointment of a financial adviser to China, who will be in a position to influence the expenditures.

When the tentative agreement for the loan was made, the Chinese evidently assumed that the advisor would be a figurehead, the acceptance or rejection of whose advice would be optional with them. Now, however, they are unwilling to proceed on this assumption. Willard Straight, the representative of the syndicate, has endeavored to dissipate any uneasiness that the government may feel on this point, and in doing so has been supported by the administration.

There is no doubt that some suspicion was aroused by the alliance of the Americans with European banking groups and Mr. Straight's proposal that in the future the English, German and French financiers be permitted to participate in the Chinese loan.

The Imperial Assembly is supporting the government in its attitude. The delegates are anxious lest the officials of the government may make unjustified use of borrowed funds; but their chief fear is of international influence upon the government as a consequence of financial agreements.

The newspapers significantly publish the new plan for currency reforms on a silver basis, bringing out the fact that the plan requires for its accomplishment only \$10,000,000.

MORE RECREATION PARKS IN LONDON

LONDON—More and more attention has, during recent years, been paid to provide facilities for the recreation of the children living in London as well as for their more grown-up relatives.

Some interesting proposals on this subject are now being considered by the parks committee of the London county council. A proposal, including the provision in Southwark park of a cycle and running track, a skating rink, an increased number of shelters for children, and an additional bowling green, a model yacht lake and an open-air bathing lake, is before the committee. The practice of supplying sand pits in which the children can play has been adopted in the majority of parks and has been proved to be most successful.

ELECTED INSTITUTE HEAD.
BLOOMINGTON, Ill.—Announcement is made of the election of Prof. O. D. Center of the department of astronomy, University of Illinois, to the position of superintendent of the Illinois Farmers' Institute.

SIX NEW STEAMERS TO CARRY MEAT FROM ARGENTINA TO LONDON

(Special to The Monitor.) LIVERPOOL—The Liverpool Journal of Commerce announces that the Royal Mail and Messrs. Furness Withy have entered upon a joint agreement whereby contracts have been given for the building of six large steamers to be used in the frozen meat trade between the Argentine, London and European ports. The orders have been placed as follows: Two with the Irvine's Shipbuilding Company, Ltd., West Hartlepool; two with the Palmer Shipbuilding & Iron Company, Jarrovi; two with Messrs. A. Stephen & Son, Lighthouse-on-the-Clyde. Some time ago it was announced that the Royal Mail had decided to build six new passenger liners for the service from Liverpool to the Argentine. These six passenger vessels and the six frozen meat carriers will be all part of the same great scheme, which, it is said, will cost over £1,500,000.

NEW ROUTE FOUND TO NORTH SIBERIA

ST. PETERSBURG—The Russian expedition under the geologist M. Rusanoff has discovered a warm ocean current around Nova Zemba, but not passing through the Kara sea, where Nansen and others sought for such a current. It is expected that the maritime route to the mouths of the Siberian river will henceforth be to the north instead of to the south of Nova Zemba.

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BI-WEEKLY

The Monitor

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A Stamp Department

for the Children

Every Other Saturday

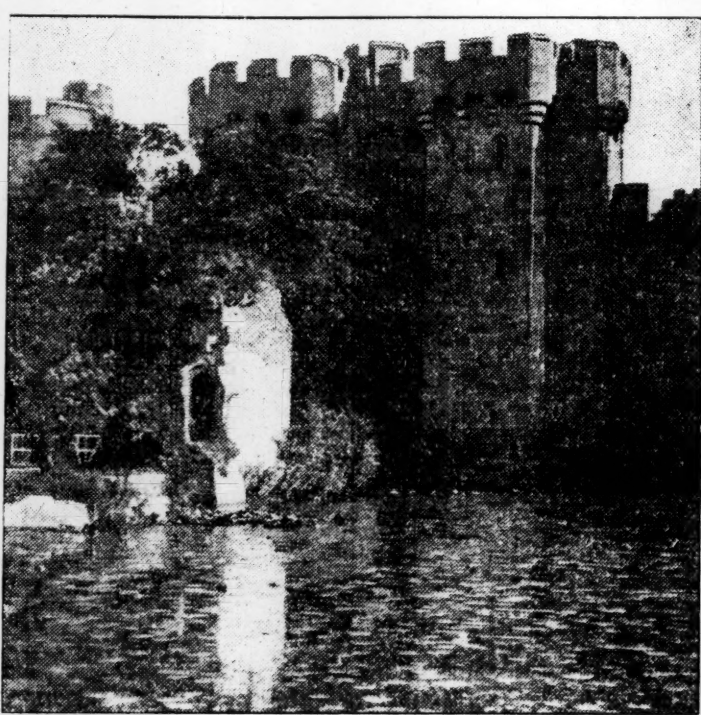
¶This new department tells all about postage stamp collecting and other matters of interest to the junior philatelist. Boys and girls will find it a source of entertainment and profit.
¶The young people will find something to please them in every issue of

Saturday's Monitor

Gift Boxes W. B. Clarke Co. of Stationery 36 & 38 Tremont St.

BODIAM CASTLE STILL KEPT IN REPAIR

Exterior of building dating from 1386 still carefully preserved.



(Photo specially taken for The Monitor.)

THE OLD CASTLE.

The moat, covered with water lilies, may be seen in the foreground.

NOTES FROM BERLIN

German officials endeavor to explain reason for increased cost of living to women of Berlin.

(Special correspondence of The Monitor.) BERLIN—In the mining district of Westphalia strikes are threatening everywhere. The men demand higher wages in consequence of the increased dearth of all food, and especially that of meat. A mass meeting of the trade unions and the industrial clubs took place yesterday at Bochum and other places, the resolution being everywhere the same. The only union refraining from a strike is the Christian Workmen's Association. In several important coalpits the work is almost at a standstill already, and should no compromise be arrived at, the price of coal will go up still more.

The Socialists and the Conservatives are continuing their battle concerning the meat question, the latter contending that there is no increase of prices, and the former openly proclaiming the improvement there will be in the country after the general elections, at which covert threat the opposing parties laugh.

The minister of agriculture, however, in obvious anxiety as to the forthcoming tussle, is sending lecturers round the country to explain the reason of the increase in the cost of living. The first lecture of the series has been given before an assembly of Berlin women, but though the official admitted prices had risen, and attempted to explain the causes, he did not try to offer hope of better times or of any relief, and this his audience resented so much that they indulged in hissing instead of applauding the speaker.

In the meantime, the Saxon government, unlike that of Prussia, is seriously contemplating opening the frontiers of Holland and Denmark to meat and cattle, after the necessary investigations have been made.

Details reach Berlin from the recently discovered gold district in the Elief (Rheinish Prussia) that are of interest to the government and to the commercial world generally. According to authentic reports, the gold stratum had been bored to a depth of nearly 50 feet before a rocky bottom was discovered, and as the whole earth to this depth is full of the precious ore, a very profitable result is confidently anticipated. From the village of Ivelingen large sacks of the ore have been taken upon wagons to the experts, so that the best method of gaining the gold may be ascertained. Shafts are being busily sunk in every direction. A number of the greatest capitalists are interested in the work, and the district south of Malmédy, notably Faimonville, Ivelingen, Montenu, and Emmels, will

soon become the center of a big mining industry if the expectations of the experts are realized.

The census is being taken throughout Germany. This is an event which occurs every five years, far too often for the patience of the Teuton householder. The questions which he has to answer several times over on paper are legion and the nature of them must appear to the casual observer superfluous, even to such a proverbially inquisitive "Be-hoerde" as governs in Germany. How many rent the householder pays, how many rooms he has, and how each of them is heated, whether the children speak foreign languages, and if so, which, and with what kind of nourishment each child of the family has been fed from its birth, are among the scores of questions which appear to interest the state.

GREAT DEMAND FOR LABOR IN NEW ZEALAND

(Special to The Monitor.) WELLINGTON, New Zealand.—In the country as well as in the towns the demand for labor continues. Work for bushmen, scrub cutters, plowmen, and farm laborers is plentiful, and the building trade is making a big demand for skilled workmen.

Women servants and domestic help of all kinds is very much wanted in New Zealand as is proved by the following figures from the labor bureau at Wellington. In September alone 276 applications were received, mostly from employers, but only 69 engagements were made. The figures at the Auckland bureau are almost identical, whereas at Christchurch only 57 out of 247 demands were satisfied.

TAKE UP OPTION.

SHERBROOKE, Que.—A Toronto syndicate has taken up the option of \$40,000 on the property of the Pharo Asbestos Company at Mansonville. This property has been under development during the last summer and good results have been obtained.

COMPLETE RAILWAY SOON.

OTTAWA, Ont.—The commissioners of the Transcontinental railway announce that the section of the road east and west of the Quebec bridge, comprising 350 miles, will be completed in three weeks.

KING APPROVES APPOINTMENT OF PROF. SAMPSON

(Special to The Monitor.) LONDON—As successor to F. W. Dyson, F. R. S., the King, on the recommendation of the secretary for Scotland, has been pleased to approve of the appointment of R. A. Sampson, F. R. S., professor of mathematics and astronomy in the University of Durham, to be astronomer royal for Scotland and professor of practical astronomy in the University of Edinburgh.

Professor Sampson, a native of Ireland, was educated at the Liverpool Institute and at St. John's College, Cambridge. He took his degree as third Wrangler in 1888. In 1890 he obtained the first Smith's prize and became a fellow of his college. In 1891 he was elected to the first of the Isaac Newton studentships in astronomy and physical optics. Lecturer at King's College, London, from 1889 to 1891, in 1893 he took up the professorship of mathematics at Armstrong College, Newcastle, and in 1896 that of Durham University, becoming professor of astronomy in 1908. In 1903 he was elected into the Royal Society.

WORKMEN WANT PROFIT-SHARING PLAN ABANDONED

(Special to The Monitor.) VANCOUVER, B. C.—The profit-sharing plan adopted by the British Columbia Electric Railway Company in 1902 will be abolished in consequence of the increased rate of pay granted the employees recently. It has been the custom to divide among the employees annually one third of the profits remaining after a 4 per cent dividend had been paid, the sum available this year being \$60,000, which is to be distributed among more than 1000 men. The abandonment of this plan was suggested by the employees themselves.

ARGENTINA AND BOLIVIA AGREE.
BUENOS AIRES—Friendly relations were reestablished on Tuesday between Argentina and Bolivia. The trouble between the two countries originated in Bolivia's resentment of the decision by President Alcantara, the arbitrator of the Bolivia-Peru boundary dispute, it being alleged that he had favored Peru.

FAVORS CHURCH UNION.

ST. JOHN, N. B.—After a warm discussion lasting all day and until midnight, the Presbytery of St. John tonight went on record in favor of church union by a vote of 25 to 10. A protest was registered by the minority.

THE HOME FORUM

MAGAZINES FOR THE MANY

NOT so long ago printed pages were of precious rarity, and longer ago a book was the careful handwork of years and correspondingly to be treasured. When we consider today just the mere single item of the magazines which lie about in almost every home, to say nothing of the files in libraries, we realize for the moment the modern advantages. There are those who will have it that it is not so greatly an advantage to be possessed of a quantity of things at expense of quality. But on the other hand the vast quantity of printed things makes it possible for every one to share in the treasure of the humbly, in which the far world is brought near in the printed page.

And the quality is not half bad, besides. Here is one of the 15-cent magazines. Besides all the writers who are telling every class of the people that they ought to know better, there are flocks of pretty stories which often serve the purposes of education. When we remember how little, for example, the people of any parts of

Life in the Country

Annelia, though a woman of great quality, delights in the privacy of a country life, and passes away a great part of her time in her own walks and gardens. Her husband, who is her bosom friend, and companion in her solitudes, has been in love with her ever since he knew her. They both abound with good sense, consummate virtue, and a mutual esteem; and are a perpetual entertainment to one another. Their family is under so regular an economy, in its hours of devotion and rest, employment and diversion, that it looks like a little commonwealth within itself. They often go into company, that they may return with the greater delight to one another; and sometimes live in town, not to enjoy it so properly as to grow weary of it, that they may renew in themselves the relish of a country life. By this means they are happy in each other, beloved by their children, adored by their servants, and are become the envy, or rather the delight, of all that know them.—Addison.

They are but beggars that can count their worth.—Shakespeare.

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the world long ago knew of their neighbors, we may certainly be grateful for the broader outlook on many things which the lowliest may have today.

Here is, for instance, a tale of a western logging camp. There is a pretty school teacher upon whom two of the loggers are dancing attendance. One of them tricks the other on an occasion by leaving their task among the piling logs in a swift river and starting down the mountain to ask the young lady if she

The Note Book

DOWN through the gray canyon of high stone walls pours a dancing stream of children. This is Saturday morning and they are playing through the morning sunshine as if there were no tasks in all the bright world. But because they are free from imposed harness they forthwith proceed to improvise some for themselves. Work which is done for play ceases to be work, we know, though it may call forth the same efforts and accomplish the same results. In this case three of the youngsters are harnessed in a long skipping rope to make an amazing high stepping three-in-hand, while behind them, holding bravely to the rope with which they appear to be controlling their proud equine trio, come two other children on roller skates. They are drawn along by the others, making no effort of their own, and the novel kind of a go-cart is the simplest form of vehicle one remembers to have seen in a long time. The mysteries of the flying machines seem folly and a bore, as one watches the lightly whirling little paucant coursing over the smooth sidewalk. So lightly they fly, with the winged heels of the two who glide no more swift than the tick-tack of the running three, one fancies a bit of extra pressure might lift the whole lot of them up like the flying men into the ambient blue, where they could slide along the wheeling sky as over some man-made escalator.

In the Heart of the Rock

"Please listen to what I have to reveal. I rolled off a rusty black sort of a one. Nine, ten, eleven blows; and then it fell in two, disclosing a black interior of beautiful mat texture. Diagonally across the face of it was a straight white stripe as wide as one's finger. And an inch and a half away was a contrasting stripe as straight and fine and parallel as if it had been made on a loom; it was like a bold design in French silk and looked for all the world like a dashing four-in-hand tie. It had broken in just the way to make a key for the arch of the fireplace."

"Imagine smiting a rock until the fragments sting you in the face, and then seeing it calmly unfold the two wings of a moth! I have broken into a rock which pleased me so well that I held it in mind in order to match it; but though I had the pick of 100 loads that summer, I never found another. There is 'individuality' for you."—Charles D. Stewart in "Essays on the Spot."

One Point of View

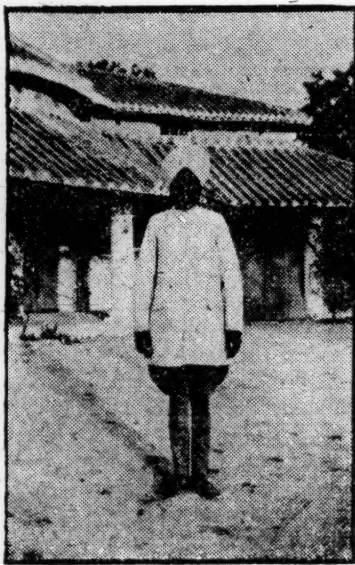
Still, the Governor of Tennessee can point with pride to the fact that he never knowingly or intentionally pardoned a poet.—Springfield Union.

will go to the dance with him that night. While the other works faithfully at his post, however, he is carried down stream by a huge log which breaks out of the crowded dam. The agile logger is of course able to keep his footing through a series of hairbreadth escapes. Reaching the quiet of the lower stream, he remembers that his rival is doubtless still a mile or two away, while he himself is now, in his dripping array, approaching the landing where the fair one's father ties up his boats. She arrives opportunely in her own boat and takes him ashore, though not before he has secured the promise of the coveted dance, and then as he sits down to supper with her family, arrayed in his evening finery, in tramps the rival, too late.

The tale amounts to very little in any way, but it is worth repeating for the color and breath of distant places which it must bring to the city-housed and the city-weary many. Another month the story may be of some daring 'hazard' among desert places of the old world, or some mysteries of a tropic clime. But by them all the end is attained of stimulating the imagination and bringing the people out of their limitations into a mental world of comparative freedom and joy.

The sordid modern city life would be an empty horror enough without the output of the printing presses.

AN INDIAN CAVALRY ORDERLY



(Photo specially taken for The Monitor.)
NARAIN SINGH.

Orderly taken in mufti suit.

RUP CHAND is an Indian cavalry orderly and rules the stables, keeping the key of the grain chest, supplies from which he sees measured carefully

out four times a day. He exercises all the horses, usually having one or two that he is breaking in as well. He also teaches his officer's small boys to ride and drills them with a firm, not to say grim, expression. His whole demeanor is grim, he seldom smiles, and I have never seen him laugh.

But he played at scouting and ambuscades in the garden, with a stick for a gun, saying "bang!" in a business-like manner whenever he caught a glimpse of the enemy's sun hat. And this was rather often, as the enemy would go on hiding every spare minute of the day that he could get away from his nurse, but Rup Chand was always alert and ready with a responsive "bang!" He never started a game, and I sometimes wondered whether he was very bored with these youthful attacks, as he expressed no feelings on the various antics of the "baby folk," but took them as part of his everyday duties.

When the "baby folk" started back to England to go to school, he expressed no regret, but finished them off in a businesslike manner, helped to see off the boxes, dispose of the ponies and finally attended the whole party to the station. Here he stood, stern and immovable, as usual, while the white officers round poured forth their good wishes for the voyage and talked of home. But when the whistle blew and the last moment had really come, Rup Chand pushed



(Photo specially taken for The Monitor.)
JEMADAR LAL SINGH, in uniform, and his dog Toby.

AN INDIAN ORDERLY.

In past general and colonels, thrust his head in at the carriage window and with a loving smile at his youngest charge said one magic word, "bang!"

A Better Way in Political Campaigns

THE two candidates contesting Saffron Walden, Essex, A. Cecil Beck (Liberal) and Col. Douglas Proby (Unionist), in England, have issued an appeal to their constituents in which the spirit of toleration and fair dealing is invoked. Hard words and hard blows as means of persuasion are things of the past, having been tried and found wanting. The appeal reads as follows:

"We wish to urge on our respective supporters the obligation of giving both sides a fair hearing. We deprecate any rowdiness or unseemly interruptions at the meetings of either party. We are content to let our respective policies stand on their own merits. Rowdiness only discredits those who resort to it, and is of no help to any cause. Opportunities will always be given for answering fair questions."

King Manuel's Wardrobe

King Manuel's clothes and personal effects have arrived in this country from Lisbon, and been forwarded to Wood Norton. The wardrobe was a modest one for a sovereign, and most of the articles were contained in 58 trunks and boxes. These were brought from Lisbon by a representative of the King. "The great difficulty," said this gentleman to an Express interviewer, "seemed to be that the new government could not distinguish between the things which belonged personally to King Manuel and those which belonged to the state. Eventually a committee of six was appointed to go with me to the Necessidades Palace and decide which articles I was entitled to bring to England. The new government had been most scrupulous, and nothing had been touched. In the King's bedroom, for instance, the bed was just as he left it, and there was a pathetic touch in the sword, which had been hurriedly placed on a chair after the official banquet. The committee were very diffident about their duties. Any little thing which by any possible chance could be the personal property of the King they insisted must go into my inventory. I was astonished at the modesty of King Manuel's wardrobe. There were, perhaps, a couple of dozen suits of clothes which would have shamed many a wealthy stockbroker."—London Standard.

An Idealist Portrait Painter

A recent purchase in the art world is commented upon thus by the Chicago Post: The friends of American art have decided on the purchase of John W. Alexander's large painting "Sunlight" for the collection of the Art Institute. It would have been surprising if so distinguished a work should have returned to the artist, though the size of the canvas, like that of the majority of pictures in the exhibition, dedicates it to the walls of a gallery.

The composition centers on the standing figure of a beautiful woman in a flowing gown, the long folds and the grace of the pose creating a design of curving lines supporting subdued harmonies of green tones and rich undertones in an atmosphere of golden sunlight. It may be a portrait, but to the stranger its beauty is sufficient excuse for being.

It is difficult to analyze art like this, and indeed why should we analyze it or reduce it to a formula? Mr. Alexander has chosen his own way of painting and so far as his talents and individual his conceptions that American art owes him a debt of gratitude for his contributions. The ethereal woman he paints represents an unusual type, and it may be felt that he sets the qualities that appeal to him to the music of his design. His portraits seem fantasies or variations on a theme, but, he that as it may, who would not envy the privilege of having one's claim to beauty transcribed to the harmonies of line and color? Would it be less true than a portrait by a realist who turned forward the angles of character on which we have spent a lifetime of correction? There are many sides to the point of view and Mr. Alexander has chosen a rare one.

Paper Boxes, Old and New

In a merry talk over "necessary luxuries" a group of ladies described in Suburban Life decrees that each shall discuss her pet and indispensable luxury. "I'm going to name paper boxes," Mrs. Ross said, with a little bow to the hostess.

Mrs. Green smiled. "State your case," she said. "No doubt it's a good one; still, I don't quite see—"

"Boxes were boxes in my childhood. I can even recall my mother's handboxes, made of wood, and papered with the most fearful paper. They were big, clumsy things, deep and roundish. That was before the days of wood-pulp and paper-mills. Everybody saved rags for the paper mills, and even wrapping-paper was none too plenty. Thinking of doing without the boxes that all but cumber us nowadays!—pretty well everything comes in a box that is good for something afterward. Such a gain in cleanliness, in comfort, in convenience! I never throw away a serviceable box without a faint pang."

"That reminds me—I have an heirloom box," Miss Janney said. "It's older than the revolution, yet has been the property of four small girls in succession, and is not much defaced. It's less than two inches high, three wide, and about five long. It's made, of course, of real pasteboard, and lined with white paper that has turned a fine ochraceous yellow. Outside there is a black stamped paper, still glossy and unworn even at the corners. And round the top of the lid runs a gold-paper galloon, stamped in oak leaves and acorns; and the gold has not tarnished. It was given to my grandmother by a gentleman who had owned it since she was a little girl."

"We should never allow the shadow of debt to hang over us. We should 'give no man anything but to love one another'—Elizabeth Katz."

VICTORY OF GOOD

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE stands prominently for the triumph of good over evil. It is not the sort of optimism which says that good may come out of evil; it does not call evil good in the making; but it does most emphatically proclaim that good is the substance and law of all, since God is all, and God is good. This excludes evil from the universe, and Christian Scientists are proving daily that thus to shut sin out of consciousness is efficacious.

They may actually keep sin and evil from their experience by proceeding on this principle. To affirm the allness of good is logically to say that evil is nothingness. Evil is an absence of good, believed in by mortal sense. Then the way to be free from evil is to be possessed of good. And those who are busy with the operations of good and working to bring good to pass everywhere do indeed find that they have no time for evil, and that evil does steadily lose its old effect of having authority and a right to be.

For of course if evil is ordained by God it has a right to be. But one easily sees the fallacy here. If evil is right, where is the standard of good? What Christian Science means by saying that evil is not real because it is not made by God is clear enough to those who begin to prove the unreality of evil by forsaking it for good. Only those who still choose evil see it as a thing to be desired—as a good, in other words. For if persons desire a thing, they think it is of some good to them. If they are desiring evil it appears to them as a good. Events prove that the thing was not good; then where is that imaginary benefit which they sought? Has it not proved its own nothingness? A man strives for revenge because he thinks there is some satisfaction in it. But

having executed his vengeance he finds no satisfaction. Is this not evidence that his "revenge-satisfaction" had never any real existence? There is no such thing as satisfaction or happiness following after wrong-doing. Then the whole of wrong-doing is a chimera, a will-o'-the-wisp which men pursue in vain.

The Bible says that all things work together for good to them that love God. This does not mean that evil works for good. It means rather that those who love God cannot fall under the control of any seeming work of evil. The sense of evil can no longer delude them. If the appearance, or as Christian Science names it, the claim of evil, appears to them, they know how to dissipate the mist by the sunshine. They choose good, or God, at every turn, and thus nothing can ever harm them. If evil seems to become mingled with their affairs its work is nullified by the preponderance of good that is in all their thoughts. The extent to which these things are proved today by Christian Scientists is evident to the most casual observer. Illness is a rare visitor in a Science household and if it comes its stay is usually brief. That Scientists are proverbially well-to-do is remarked sometimes almost as a reproach against them. Yet this harmony in their financial affairs is the result of trust in God, just as their protection from illness is. That is, they believe that good, health, abundance, happiness, are the things that God thinks about and that He makes and sends to His children. They believe in harmony everywhere, because God is harmonious divine Mind, and cannot imagine discord—else He were no longer the heart of harmony.

That these things are not chimerical fancy is being proved all over the world today. And all that is necessary is that a man shall begin to act as if these

"THE EVERLASTING YEA"

FROM CARLYLE'S "SARTOR RESARTUS."

THERE is in man a higher than love of happiness. He can do without happiness, and find instead, blessedness! Was it not to preach forth this same higher, that sages and martyrs, the poet and the priest, in all times have spoken and suffered; bearing testimony, through life, of the Godlike that is in man, and how in the Godlike only has he strength and freedom? . . . On the roaring billows of time, thou art not ingulfed, but borne aloft into the azure of eternity. Love not pleasure. Love God. This is the everlasting yea, wherein all contradiction is solved; wherein who so walks and works, it is well with him.

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

PICTURE PUZZLE



What girl's name?

ANSWER TO CHARADE.

Counter, pane—counterpane.

He who rises late must trot all day, and will scarcely overtake his business at night.—Herrick.

The Poetry Game

The "poetry" game has many variations. One is for each person to write down several words, which apparently have no connection whatever. The papers are then folded and exchanged, and each one must write a verse of several lines, using all the words on the paper. Sometimes the entire company is given the same set of words, and when the results are read aloud it is amusing to see how the different people have used them.

Here is a verse made with the random words cat, marble, back:

The cat came down the marble stair,
A great bow tied in her smooth back hair.

The day the cat came back, I know,
I lost a marble in the snow.

Another variation of the poetry game is to write the last words of the lines of a stanza, making them rhyme correctly. Exchange papers and fill out the lines with original poetry, making meter and grammar correct. The words may be taken from any poem, or may be arranged on the spur of the moment, but the finished verse must be original.

The final words, way, gay, long, green, preen, song, were given in one case, with this result:

A maple grew beside the way,
Along there came a lady gay
With train so long.
Her dress was shining gold and green
Like any peacock doth she preen,
And sang a song.
—Good Housekeeping.

Quite Willing

The curly-haired little sprite of the house came running to her father in the study and, throwing her arms about his neck, whispered confidentially in his ear: "Oh, papa, it's raining!"

Papa was writing on a subject that occupied his mind to the exclusion of matters aside, so he said, "Well, let it rain."

"Yes, papa; I was going to," was her quick response.—Harpers Magazine.

Humble we must be if to heaven we go,
High is the roof there, but the gate is low.
—Herrick.

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THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear,  then the full grain in the ear."

EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Friday, December 16, 1910.

The Municipal Elections

TWENTY-NINE cities in Massachusetts now have held their municipal elections, only two of them shifting on the license question, while all but three mayors who sought reelection in the latter respect were Lynn, which balloted for the first time under the new charter provision for a commission form of government, choosing for mayor and chief commissioner William P. Connery, whose no-license proclivities were his strongest claim to preferment. Exponents of the commission form of government doubtless will see in the result there, and the large vote cast, more support of their well-grounded claims; for statistics show that more interest in the commission plan has been developed throughout the East and especially in New England. Lynn's experience may yet be exploited quite as generally as that of Haverhill, where last week the voters defeated a seemingly unwise scheme for municipal purchase of an electric plant; or of Chelsea, where a commission government has done splendid work to rehabilitate the burned district.

Furthermore, the Lynn result must be regarded decidedly as a popular expression, for Mayor James E. Rich, who failed of reelection, stood out firmly against adoption of the commission plan. Reasonable hope exists, therefore, that Lynn may enjoy the same felicity that has enabled Haverhill to continue its commission form. More than seventy cities in the United States dealing with radically different elements have tried that plan with success, and so creditable a showing augurs well for extension of commission government throughout the country, more particularly as the Des Moines plan of centering responsibility in a few men never yet has proved a failure.

Aside from this feature and the license issue, around both of which interest centered, this week's elections had less political significance than those of last week, in which the Democratic party secured control of four cities. Results of the coming municipal elections in Boston, North Adams and Cambridge will be awaited, however, with more than ordinary speculation, as they may afford potent lessons as to how fast party lines are disappearing from municipal politics. Voters are tiring rapidly of the in-and-out policy that gives only partizan control without much regard to special ability. This is signalized in part by the growing infrequency of changes in municipal officials, where incumbents are fairly satisfactory. Events apparently are shaping toward a general demand that fitness, rather than affiliations, shall be the main requirement of officeholders, and the commission government idea, embodying the initiative, referendum and recall provisions, at present best meets that situation.

Partial realization of this fact leads boss-ridden cities, large and small, to study the working of the Des Moines plan in the West, while New England watches closely results in Haverhill, Chelsea and Lynn. Melrose may yet furnish another shining example of simplification in government, and other cities will be expected to take similar steps. Unrest has attended municipal government everywhere under the old plan. Short terms have lessened efficiency and the sense of responsibility, and have lowered the bars to the very encroachments which the Des Moines plan was designed to and does check. Close examination discloses that the Massachusetts city elections are no exceptions in this respect; they increasingly point a way to centralization of responsibility and elimination of purely partizan considerations from civic affairs.

It LOOKS now as if there might be some little controversy over the south pole, also. At the least, this may give balance to polar discussion.

Summing Up in Great Britain

THE relative strength of parties in the next Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland will be almost exactly what it was in the last. On the Liberal-coalition side this will seem to warrant the contention that the electorate, by refusing to put the ministry out, has endorsed its policies. On the Conservative-Unionist side it will apparently warrant the contention that since the government has made no gains

at the polls the mandate which it sought, to destroy the veto power of the Lords and to grant home rule to Ireland, has been withheld, and that this amounts practically to a vote of want of confidence.

This latter view, however, would be extreme. Moderate opinion in Great Britain will unquestionably hold that the Liberal-coalitionists, with a majority of between eighty and a hundred, are competent to go on with the administration of the nation's affairs. There will be one condition in reserve, however, and circumstances will dictate as to whether this shall be given expression so pronounced as to call for another appeal to the country.

The cable states plainly that, having come to a realization of the fact that their position in Parliament is not going to be bettered by later pollings, many Unionists favor a policy of negotiation. This means that Unionists, who recognize fully the power and the opportunity that have come to the Liberal party by reason of the repeated failure of the Unionist forces to overturn it, are in a mood to advance and to receive terms of settlement. Properly described, these persons are partisans who are capable on occasion of rising to the plane of patriotism. A tremendous constitutional issue is involved in the pending parliamentary struggle. There must be an appeal to reason. Partisan heat might lead to results regrettable to British subjects for all time. There are many Liberals who will be glad to meet the Unionists half way. Moderates of both parties, through conference, might come to an agreement that would make for progress, not for revolution.

The Liberals are as deeply concerned in the stability of British institutions as the Unionists. Both are equally concerned in reform of the House of Lords. Both are equally concerned in granting to Ireland a measure of self-government which will strengthen rather than weaken the nation and the empire. In brief, there is possibility of an understanding that will preclude another crisis in British affairs like the one now under discussion. Statesmanship of a very high order is a prerequisite, but Great Britain is not deficient in this respect.

WITH the prospective establishment in Boston of a headquarters for the Boy Scouts of America in New England, another decisive step is taken toward bringing more closely together the various bodies that have joined in this world-wide movement. The striking success of the idea worked out by Lieutenant-General Baden-Powell in Great Britain and Ernest Thompson-Seton in America never was better exemplified than in the alacrity with which the 300 odd scout masters and their plentiful troops in New England respond to efforts to perfect their organization. It is thought that this result can be best accomplished by having the headquarters in the Massachusetts capital, but what bearing that fact has upon the recommendation of a committee of Boston business men for a union of the Boy Scouts of America and the American Boy Scouts is yet to be determined.

There is every reason why the merger should take place, if similarity of names, motives, constitutions, mottoes, obligations and general makeup counts. These rival organizations have, apparently, a common purpose. They aim to improve the boy by teaching him high standards of conduct, including obedience and loyalty, chivalry and fealty to the country and the flag. The organization of the Boy Scouts of America, however, requires for admission the passing of prescribed manual and intellectual tests, promotion depending on ability to undergo more difficult examinations of a similar character.

These two organizations, working separately in America, can hardly accomplish the same amount of good that might result from their united efforts. The Boy Scout idea has come to stay. It already plays such a prominent part in the activities of boys' associations that oneness of thought and methods should tend to cement their mutual interests. And Boston is the natural rallying point for the movement in New England. Possibly closer relations between the scattered local bodies in this section may emphasize more strongly the desirability of complete unanimity in the country at large.

Powers of State and Nation

It is quite evident that Dr. Woodrow Wilson, the Governor-elect of New Jersey, does not believe that the powers of the state and those of the nation are antagonistic. This opinion, set forth in no uncertain manner by so able a champion of democracy and student of affairs, ought to help dissipate the cloud of misunderstanding created in the last few years by talk of keeping the nation from encroaching upon the rights of the state. Certain federal propositions stirred the yeast of speculation in the last few years as to how far attempts would go to centralize control in the national government, but in the calm, clear light of after-events it must be admitted that prospects of any such outcome are hardly better defined than of old.

As Dr. Wilson said at the recent dinner of the South Society of New York: "The present problem of our politics is not how to redivide the powers of government, but how to revitalize and redignify and redeem the powers of the states." And he explained further: "No sane or public-spirited man is jealous of the federal power. Every one who looks discerningly upon the present problems of the Union must see that interests which are truly national must be taken care of by federal action." This undoubtedly is the proper way in which to look upon the matter, while realizing that a certain dividing line between the state and the national government must not be passed. All human law and government, however, is right when it contributes to man's real betterment. That is the only excuse for the nation to take a hand in any state matter.

What America needs most of all is not a clearer definition of state and national rights, but more cooperation between the states and the national government. There has been too much jealousy on the part of some states of their own prerogatives; too little desire to work for the good of the whole governmental structure. This tendency, happily, is being overcome more and more. It requires only reason to see that the rights of the states and the nation are fundamentally the same.

MUCH of the literature printed at the United States government's expense and franked all over the country has been carefully noted, but little enough is heard of papers and pamphlets containing facts specially helpful to recipients and which come in the same inexpensive manner. That such things do happen along occasionally is vouched for, nevertheless, by United States senators and representatives, as well as business men, students of public affairs and newspaper editors. Not everybody can spare the time to read the Congressional Record thoroughly; but any one may desire occasionally to obtain certain information that the government prints and disseminates, and the peculiar value of such accurate, comprehensive information is coming to be appreciated.

This statement applies even more specifically to facts and figures gathered by government experts and which relate to commerce. For some years a pamphlet, entitled "Daily Consular and Trade Reports," has been sent out by the government bureau of manufactures, department of commerce and labor. It consists of advices from men in the consular service in all parts of the world, and deals principally with trade opportunities. Consul Griffith writes from Pernambuco, Brazil, that a request for catalogues about certain goods of American manufacture, published in Trade Reports, brought in the first mail from New York enough responses to demonstrate the active interest of American manufacturers in foreign markets and trade extension. Consul Maynard of Vladivostok, Siberia, states that the largest up-to-date factory in the far east, located near that port, has been equipped with American machinery, owing to a trade opportunity published in the same little paper.

Such gathering of helpful information may be looked upon as a beneficent paternalism that no one having experienced its advantages would feel inclined to discountenance. It is an enlightening fact that business men are learning to appreciate opportunities thus offered to them without expense. The best light on the situation, however, is the knowledge that men are beginning to act on the information furnished by the government while it is fresh and useful. By this means the value of the reports and the amount of good they accomplish is constantly increased.

Unifying the Boy Scouts

THE offer made by Mr. Brandeis to show the railroads of the country how they might save a million dollars a day by adopting more efficient methods in the conduct of their business is met by the assertion, backed by statistical proof, on the part of the Wall Street Journal, that the railroads in the last fifteen years have made almost exactly this saving in their daily operating expenses. This has been brought about, it is claimed, by improved processes in the handling of freight. The average revenue for carrying a ton of freight during the period fell from \$1.134 to \$1.078, although the amount of money paid to the investor in railroad securities and bonds increased from 46.3 cents to 49.3 cents per ton. Not only have the shipper and the capitalist benefited by the greater efficiency, but the laborer as well. His dividend has been increased by 3 cents on every ton of freight carried. The shipper's gain per ton has been about the same.

Put into larger figures, it appears from these interesting statistics that in 1907 the shipper paid the railroads nearly \$144,000,000 less than he would have done had the freight rates of 1903 still prevailed, and in 1908 nearly \$86,000,000 less.

Several things must be kept in mind, of course, when the question of reducing railroad operating expenses is up for discussion. The public comes first. The shipper, who represents a part of the public, and the passenger, who represents another part, demand good service. Any shortcoming on the part of a transportation company in dealing with either could not be satisfactorily explained by the statement that the company was engaged in economizing. Whatever else the public carriers may do, they must be efficient. Efficiency means machinery that is up to date, and this costs money. It means expert care and handling of this machinery, another source of expense. It means that in order to obtain a fair profit upon some kinds of traffic other kinds of traffic must be carried with small profit or at a loss. It means that labor must be rewarded to the point of contentment. It means that the bondholder must be paid his interest, the stockholder, when possible, his dividend. It means innumerable expenditures for improvements and betterments not related directly to operation.

This is the railroad side. The public's side is easily stated: it wants the very best accommodation at the minimum cost. To this it is entitled. But the public will not injure its chances, we believe, if it views the situation now and then from the railroad's standpoint.

It SHOULD be taken into consideration, of course, that first-class tenors cannot afford to work for the wages railroads are able to pay the men who announce the stops.

NEARLY all the Democratic states represented in the present Congress have endorsed the Hon. Champ Clark for the speakership of the Sixty-second Congress, or are preparing to do so, with the single exception of Mr. Clark's own state, Missouri. Missouri may fall into line; but, it is understood, it will do so only by permitting certain members of the delegation to reserve the right to object unless Mr. Clark promises to reverse the methods that have obtained in the speaker's chair under Mr. Cannon.

It should be remembered in this connection that Mr. Clark is himself on record as a bitter enemy of the thing called Cannonism. No voice on the opposition side of the House was raised oftener or more eloquently against the Cannonism than Mr. Clark's. Time and again has he alluded to the chief officer of the popular branch of the American Congress as a despot and a czar, and time and again has he intimated that if his party should ever be fortunate enough to obtain control of the House, every last vestige of despotism, czarism, Cannonism, would be overthrown.

However this may be, the Hon. Champ Clark, his intimate friends and loyal supporters have not been quite able to see, since the recent Democratic victories, how the speaker of a Democratic House can hold an aggressive Republican minority in check, or down to business, if he shall be forced to dispense with the aid of the reprehensible and almost unspeakable thing called Cannonism. It has gradually dawned upon Mr. Clark and those immediately around him that it would never do to abandon the methods that have grown up gradually under eighteen years of Republican rule, since these methods are the fruit of experience gathered at great cost and frequently under stress of circumstances. And so Mr. Clark and his friends are not quite as determined in their purpose to overthrow Cannonism as they once were.

This is not pleasing to some of those who in the past have been nearest to the Democratic leader and who have believed themselves to be in full possession of his sentiments and his confidence. They are Missourians, and they want to know. They want to know, among other things, whether Mr. Clark will consent to the surrender to a committee of a power which up to quite recently rested with the speaker; the power of appointing committees. With regard to Mr. Cannon, Mr. Clark was fully convinced that this was a despotic power; with regard to himself, he is said not to be quite so certain as to the impropriety of the speaker's retention of it.

Undoubtedly a fair measure of independence is essential to the presiding officer if he is to direct and advance the House business expeditiously. And the test of the propriety of so-called despotism in the speakership may lie in the question whether the motive behind the action consorts with the advantage of the whole people or the advantage of a particular class.

ANOTHER attempt is to be made next summer to popularize archery in this country. It is a pleasant and a graceful pastime for young people of both sexes, and it will be accepted by no small number of people as a relief from the all-pervading strenuousness of present-day sports.

IF SENATOR ROOT was denied the chief justiceship simply for the reason that New York state went Democratic in the last election, then it seems to follow that an excuse of some kind for not appointing him was very much desired. Senator Root did not cause New York to go Democratic.

IN ORDER to remove any misapprehension that may arise abroad with relation to the drought in these parts, it should be said that those Massachusetts towns that have gone "wet" have not gone wet in the right way.

Progress in Railroad Efficiency

Missouri and Champ Clark

Utilizing Government Hints